INSTRUCTIONS

MODEL AV-151E-C-R5-ARD

 $26\ V_{\text{RMS}},\ 6.0\ \text{kHz}$ FUNCTION GENERATOR

SERIAL NUMBER: ____

WARRANTY

Avtech Electrosystems Ltd. warrants products of its manufacture to be free from defects in material and workmanship under conditions of normal use. If, within one year after delivery to the original owner, and after prepaid return by the original owner, this Avtech product is found to be defective, Avtech shall at its option repair or replace said defective item. This warranty does not apply to units which have been dissembled, modified or subjected to conditions exceeding the applicable specifications or ratings. This warranty is the extent of the obligation assumed by Avtech with respect to this product and no other warranty or guarantee is either expressed or implied.

TECHNICAL SUPPORT

Phone: 613-226-5772 or 1-800-265-6681 Fax: 613-226-2802 or 1-800-561-1970

E-mail: info@avtechpulse.com World Wide Web: http://www.avtechpulse.com

TABLE OF CONTENTS

WARRANTY	2
TECHNICAL SUPPORT	2
TABLE OF CONTENTS	3
INTRODUCTION	4
ORIGINAL QUOTATION & SPECIFICATIONS	5
INSTALLATION	
VISUAL CHECK	7
PLUGGING IN THE INSTRUMENT	7
FRONT PANEL CONTROLS	8
REAR PANEL CONTROLS	9
GENERAL INFORMATION	10
BASIC PULSE CONTROL	10
TOP COVER REMOVAL	10
RACK MOUNTING	10
OPERATIONAL CHECK	11
MAINTENANCE	12
CALIBRATION	12
OTHER REGULAR MAINTENANCE	12
POWER FAILURE AND FUSE REPLACEMENT	12
PERFORMANCE CHECK SHEET	14

Manual Reference: /fileserver1/officefiles/instructword/av-151-153/obsolete/AV-151E-C-R5-ARD.doc, created August 29, 2000

INTRODUCTION

The Model AV-151E-C-R5-ARD function generator can produce square, sine, and triangle wave outputs at a frequency of 6 kHz, with an amplitude of 26 V_{RMS} . The instrument can drive load impedances of 65 Ohms or larger. The load may be connected to either the front-panel or rear-panel connectors, which are wired to the same points internally.

The amplitude and frequency may be adjusted over a narrow range for calibration purposes.

ORIGINAL QUOTATION & SPECIFICATIONS

April 13, 2000

To: Don Longworth

Atlantic Research Corp.

ph. 703-754-5130 longworth@arceng.com

Don,

Following our telephone conversation on Wednesday, I am pleased to re-quote as follows for a special-purpose function generator:

Quote Number: 9831

Model Number: AV-151E-C-R5-ARD

Amplitude: 74 Volts peak-to-peak (i.e., 26 Volts

RMS for a sine wave), adjustable ±10% with back-panel ten-turn locking dial.

Load Impedance: > 65 Ohms

Frequency: 6000 Hz, adjustable ±10% with back-panel

ten-turn locking dial.

Output Waveform: Sine, Square, Triangle. Selectable via a

front-panel switch.

DC offset: none

External Trigger mode: none

Output Connectors: Two sets of OUT and GROUND connectors.

One set is on the front panel; the second is on the rear panel. The two sets are wired to the same connections

internally.

OUT: female banana post. GROUND: female banana post.

The OUT and GROUND posts are separated

by 0.75".

Overload: An automatic overload protection feature

protects the output against short

circuits. The circuit resets

automatically.

Dimensions: 3.9" x 17" x 14.8"

Rack mounting: "-R5" rack-mount kit included

Power requirements: 107-124 Volts AC, 50-60 Hz.

Other: See AV-151 series data sheet at

http://www.avtechpulse.com/function

Price: \$5,140.00 US, FOB destination

Delivery: 60 days

Please contact me if you require any further information.

Regards,

Dr. Michael J. Chudobiak VP, New Product Development

--- Avtech Electrosystems Ltd. ------ since 1975 ---

PO Box 265 ph: 1-800-265-6681 or 613-226-5772 Box 5120 Stn. F Ogdensburg, NY fax: 1-800-561-1970 or 613-226-2802 Ottawa, Ontario USA 13669-0265 email: info@avtechpulse.com Canada K2C 3H4

http://www.avtechpulse.com/

Nanosecond Waveform Generators for general purpose, R&D and OEM applications

Pulse Generators - Laser Diode Drivers - Pulse Amplifiers
Impulse Generators - Delay Generators - Comb Generators - Splitters
Function Generators - Monocycle Generators - Frequency Dividers + more!

INSTALLATION

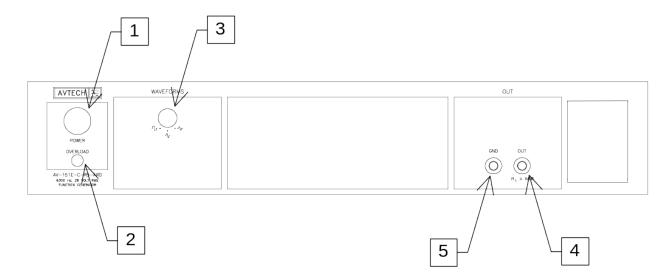
VISUAL CHECK

After unpacking the instrument, examine to ensure that it has not been damaged in shipment. Visually inspect all connectors, knobs, and handles. Confirm that a power cord and a rack-mount kit are with the instrument. If the instrument has been damaged, file a claim immediately with the company that transported the instrument.

PLUGGING IN THE INSTRUMENT

Examine the rear of the instrument. There will be a male power receptacle, a fuse holder and the edge of the power selector card visible. Confirm that the power selector is in the correct orientation - it should be marked either 120 or 240, indicating whether it expects 120V AC or 240V AC. If it is not set for the proper voltage, remove the fuse and then grasp the card with a pair of pliers and remove it. Rotate horizontally through 180 degrees. Reinstall the card and the correct fuse. In the 120V setting, a 1A slow blow fuse is required. In the 240V setting, a 0.5A slow blow fuse is required.

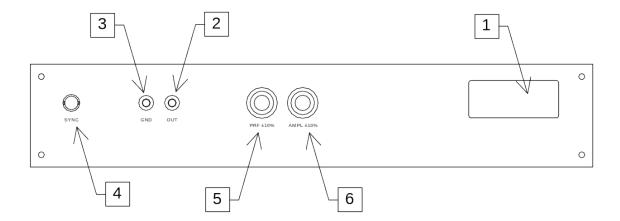
FRONT PANEL CONTROLS



- 1. <u>POWER Switch</u>. The POWER push button switch applies AC prime power to the primaries of the transformer, turning the instrument on. The push button lamp (#382 type) is connected to the +15V DC supply.
- 2. OVERLOAD. An automatic overload circuit protects the output and controls the front panel overload light. If the internal power supply is overloaded due to improper operation, the protective circuit will turn the output of the instrument OFF and turn the indicator light ON. The light will stay ON (i.e. output OFF) for about 5 seconds after which the instrument will attempt to turn ON (i.e. light OFF) for about 1 second. If the overload condition persists, the instrument will turn OFF again (i.e. light ON) for another 5 seconds. If the overload condition has been removed, the instrument will turn on and resume normal operation.

The overload indicator may come on briefly at startup. This is not a cause for concern.

- 3. <u>WAVEFORM Switch</u>. This 3-position switch selects between square, sine or triangular output at the main output.
- 4. <u>OUT Connector</u>. This red banana post connector provides the main output signal. The rear-panel OUT connector provides the same signal. The two connectors are wired to the same point internally.
- 5. GND Connector. This black banana post connector is connected to ground.

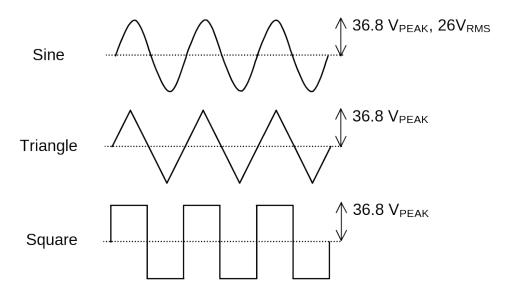


- 1. <u>AC POWER INPUT</u>. A three-pronged recessed male connector is provided on the back panel for AC power connection to the instrument. Also contained in this assembly is a 1A slow blow fuse and a removable card that can be removed and repositioned to switch between 120V AC in and 240V AC in.
- 2. <u>OUT Connector</u>. This red banana post connector provides the main output signal. The front-panel OUT connector provides the same signal. The two connectors are wired to the same point internally.
- 3. <u>GND Connector</u>. This black banana post connector is connected to ground.
- 4. <u>SYNC Connector</u>. This connector provides a bipolar square wave signal, for triggering oscilloscopes or other test equipment. The output is (approximately) ± 10 V, with a 470Ω output impedance. When driving a 50Ω load, an amplitude of approximately ± 1 V can be expected. This output is short-circuit protected.
- 5. <u>PRF Adjust</u>. The output frequency is nominally 6.0 kHz. This ten-turn locking dial can be used to adjust the output frequency within a $\pm 10\%$ range, approximately, for calibration purposes.
- 6. <u>Amplitude Adjust</u>. The output amplitude is nominally 26 V_{RMS} . This ten-turn locking dial can be used to adjust the output amplitude within a $\pm 10\%$ range, approximately, for calibration purposes.

GENERAL INFORMATION

BASIC PULSE CONTROL

Instrument operation is straightforward. The output may be set to be a triangle, sine, or square wave, as illustrated below:



TOP COVER REMOVAL

The top cover of the instrument may be removed by removing the four Phillips screws on the top panel. With these four screws removed, the top panel may be slid off by pulling it towards the rear.

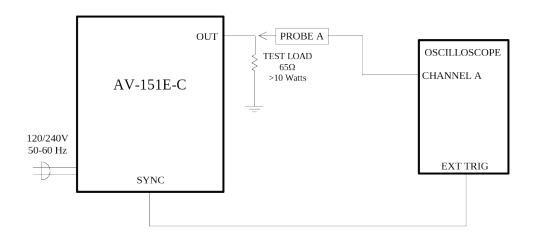
The instrument should not be accessed internally unless it has been turned off for ten minutes, to allow all internal capacitors to discharge. The internal capacitor bank stores a considerable amount of energy.

RACK MOUNTING

A rack mounting kit is available. The -R5 rack mount kit may be installed after first removing the one Phillips screw on the side panel adjacent to the front handle.

OPERATIONAL CHECK

This section describes a sequence to confirm the basic operation of the instrument. It should be performed after receiving the instrument. It is a useful learning exercise as well.



Basic Test Arrangement

- 1) Connect a 10W or greater, 65Ω test load between the OUT connector and ground.
- 2) Connect a cable from the SYNC OUT connector to the TRIG input of an oscilloscope. Set the oscilloscope to trigger externally.
- 3) Connect one oscilloscope probe (channel A) to the OUT load. On the oscilloscope, set the channel A vertical scale to 20 V/div, and the horizontal scale to 50 μ s/div.
- 4) Turn on the AV-151E-C-R5-ARD.
- 5) Set the waveform switch to the sine wave position.
- 6) Observe the oscilloscope. You should see a sine wave with a 166.7 us period, and 73.6V peak-to-peak amplitude.
- 7) Observe the waveform as you switch between the sine, triangle, and square wave modes using the waveform switch.
- 8) This completes the operational check.

If additional assistance is required:

Tel: (613) 226-5772, Fax: (613) 226-2802

Email: info@avtechpulse.com

MAINTENANCE

CALIBRATION

The output amplitude and frequency may both be adjusted within a $\pm 10\%$ range using the two locking dials described in the "REAR PANEL CONTROLS" section.

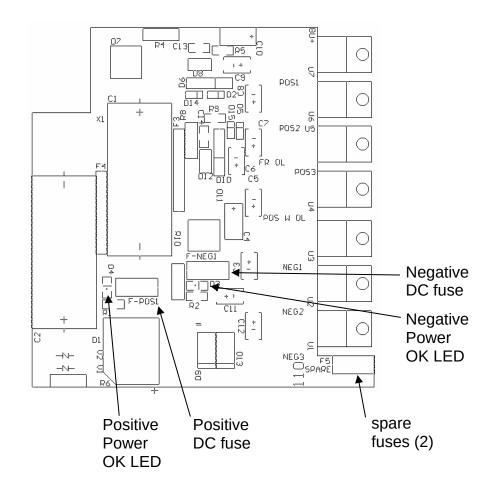
OTHER REGULAR MAINTENANCE

The fan grille, located on the bottom of the instrument, should be cleaned once a year so that it does not become blocked. To clean the grille, use a high-power vacuum cleaner.

POWER FAILURE AND FUSE REPLACEMENT

This instrument has three fuses (plus two spares). One, which protects the AC input, is located in the rear-panel power entry module, as described in the "Rear Panel Controls" section of this manual. If the power appears to have failed, check the AC fuse first.

The other two fuses (plus one spare) are located on the internal DC power supply, as shown below:



The spare fuses may be used to replace blown fuses, if required.

The positive power fuse is a 2A slow-blow fuse, Littlefuse part number R452002. (This fuse can be ordered from Digikey, www.digikey.com. The Digikey part number is F1345CT-ND).

The negative power fuse is a 0.5A slow-blow fuse, Littlefuse part number R452.500. (This fuse can be ordered from Digikey, www.digikey.com. The Digikey part number is F1341CT-ND).

If you suspect that the DC fuses are blown, follow this procedure:

- 1. Remove the top cover.
- 2. Locate the two "Power OK" LEDs on the power supply circuit board, as illustrated above.
- Turn on the instrument.
- 4. Observe the "Power OK" LEDs. If the fuses are not blown, the two LEDs will be lit (bright red). If one of the LEDs is not lit, the fuse next to it has blown.
- 5. Turn off the instrument.
- 6. If a fuse is blown, use needle-nose pliers to remove the blown fuse from its surface-mount holder.
- 7. Replace the fuse.

PERFORMANCE CHECK SHEET