INSTRUCTIONS

MODEL AV-155C LASER DIODE DRIVER

S.N.:

WARRANTY

Avtech Electrosystems Ltd. warrants products of its manufacture to be free from defects in material and workmanship under conditions of normal use. If, within one year after delivery to the original owner, and after prepaid return by the original owner, this Avtech product is found to be defective, Avtech shall at its option repair or replace said defective item. This warranty does not apply to units which have been dissembled, modified or subjected to conditions exceeding the applicable specifications or ratings. This warranty is the extent of the obligation assumed by Avtech with respect to this product and no other warranty or guarantee is either expressed or implied.

TECHNICAL SUPPORT

Phone: 613-226-5772 or 1-800-265-6681 Fax: 613-226-2802 or 1-800-561-1970

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FIG. 1: MODEL AV-155C LASER DIODE DRIVER TEST ARRANGEMENT (1N5819 AND 1 OHM RESISTOR SIMULATING A LASER DIODE LOAD)

GENERAL OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

- The bandwidth capability of components and instruments used to display the pulse generator output signal (probes, cables, connectors, etc.) should exceed 100 MHz. It is recommended that 2N5819 diode and a 1 Ohm non inductive resistor be used as the load as shown in the drawing.
- 2) The TTL trigger signal controls the output PRF, PW and duty cycle when the unit is operated in MODE B. The input trigger signal also controls the output amplitude, pulse shape and offset when operating in MODE A.
- 3) <u>WARNING</u>: Model AV-155 may fail if triggered at a PRF greater than 1.0 MHz or if a non-TTL trigger signal is applied.
- 4) The output pulse width is equal to the input trigger pulse width and may be varied from 200 ns to DC.
- 5) When the AB switch is in the A position the unit operates as a voltage to current convertor:

$$I_{OUT} = -0.5 V_{IN}$$
 ($V_{IN} \le 4.0 Volts$)

- To voltage control the output pulse amplitude, set the rear panel switch in the B position, and apply 0 to +10 V between the AMP terminal and ground ($R_{IN} \ge 10$ K). In this mode, the unit requires a TTL level trigger signal.
- 7) The output offset may be voltage controlled (from 0 to -500 mA) applying 0 to +10 V between the DC terminal and ground ($R_{IN} \ge 10$ K).
- 8) MONITOR OUT. The SMA "M" output connector adjacent to the output terminal provides a voltage waveform replica of the output current waveform as follows (pulse and offset):

$$R_1 \geq 1K$$

$$I_{OUT} = 4 V_{MON}$$
 (Volts, mA)

 $R_L = 50 \text{ Ohms}$

 $I_{OUT} = 8 V_{MON}$

- 9) A low-inductance resistor should be used as the test load. Note that an inductance of 50 nh will yield an inductance spike of about one Volt. With a low-inductance one Ohm load, the overshoot may be as high as 10%. The overshoot will significantly decrease as the load resistance is increased to 2 or 3 Ohms.
- 10) The module must be bolted to a heatsink capable of dissipating about 20 Watts. It is also recommended that a heat sink be attached to the copper tab protruding from the top surface of the module.
- 11) Two ten turn trim pots are provided (on the input end of the chassis). The pot nearest the chassis end is used to zero the output DC offset when the amplitude control voltage is set to zero. The other pot may be used to control base line shift as the output pulse amplitude is increased. Both pots were adjusted at the time of shipping and so should not require further adjustments.
- When connecting a laser diode load, it is recommended that a 1N5819 diode be placed across the laser diode to protect against reverse potentials; i.e. the anode of the 1N5819 should contact the cathode of the laser diode (while the cathode should contact the anode).
 - 13) For additional assistance:

Tel: (613) 226-5772 Fax: (613) 226-2802

PERFORMANCE CHECK SHEET