

AVTECH ELECTROSYSTEMS LTD.

NANOSECOND WAVEFORM ELECTRONICS SINCE 1975

P.O. BOX 265 OGDENSBURG, NY U.S.A. 13669-0265 TEL: 888-670-8729 (USA & Canada) or +1-613-686-6675 (Intl) FAX: 800-561-1970 (USA & Canada) or +1-613-686-6679 (Intl)

BOX 5120, LCD MERIVALE OTTAWA, ONTARIO CANADA K2C 3H5

info@avtechpulse.com - http://www.avtechpulse.com/

INSTRUCTIONS

MODEL AVMP-4-B

10 VOLT, 200 ps RISE TIME

HIGH PERFORMANCE PULSE GENERATOR

WITH IEEE 488.2 AND RS-232 CONTROL

SERIAL NUMBER:

WARRANTY

Avtech Electrosystems Ltd. warrants products of its manufacture to be free from defects in material and workmanship under conditions of normal use. If, within one year after delivery to the original owner, and after prepaid return by the original owner, this Avtech product is found to be defective, Avtech shall at its option repair or replace said defective item. This warranty does not apply to units which have been dissembled, modified or subjected to conditions exceeding the applicable specifications or ratings. This warranty is the extent of the obligation assumed by Avtech with respect to this product and no other warranty or guarantee is either expressed or implied.

TECHNICAL SUPPORT

Phone: 888-670-8729 (USA & Canada) or +1-613-686-6675 (International) Fax: 800-561-1970 (USA & Canada) or +1-613-686-6679 (International)

E-mail: info@avtechpulse.com World Wide Web: http://www.avtechpulse.com

TABLE OF CONTENTS

WARRANTY	2
TECHNICAL SUPPORT	2
TABLE OF CONTENTS	3
INTRODUCTION	5
AVAILABLE OPTIONS	5
SPECIFICATIONS	6
REGULATORY NOTES	7
FCC PART 18	7
EC DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY	7
DIRECTIVE 2002/95/EC (RoHS)	8
DIRECTIVE 2002/96/EC (WEEE)	8
AC POWER SUPPLY REGULATORY NOTES	9
FIRMWARE LICENSING	9
INSTALLATION	10
VISUAL CHECK	10
POWER RATINGS	10
CONNECTION TO THE POWER SUPPLY	10
PROTECTION FROM ELECTRIC SHOCK	11
ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS	12
LABVIEW DRIVERS	12
FUSES	13
AC FUSE REPLACEMENT	13
DC FUSE REPLACEMENT	14
FUSE RATINGS	14
FRONT PANEL CONTROLS	15
REAR PANEL CONTROLS	17
GENERAL INFORMATION	19
BASIC PULSE CONTROL	19
TRIGGER MODES	20
GATING MODES	21
OPERATION AT LOW AMPLITUDES	21
OPTIONAL FEATURES	22
RACK MOUNTING, "-R5" OPTION	22

MONITOR OUTPUT, "-M" OPTION	22
ELECTRONIC AMPLITUDE CONTROL, "-EA" OPTION	22
PROTECTING YOUR INSTRUMENT	23
TURN OFF INSTRUMENT WHEN NOT IN USE	23
DO NOT EXCEED 1 MHz	23
USE A 50 OHM LOAD	23
OPERATIONAL CHECK	24
PROGRAMMING YOUR PULSE GENERATOR	28
KEY PROGRAMMING COMMANDS	28
ALL PROGRAMMING COMMANDS	29
MECHANICAL INFORMATION	31
TOP COVER REMOVAL	31
RACK MOUNTING	31
ELECTROMAGNETIC INTERFERENCE	31
MAINTENANCE	32
REGULAR MAINTENANCE	32
CLEANING	32
WIRING DIAGRAMS	<i>3</i> 3
WIRING OF AC POWER	33
WIRING OF DC POWER	34
PCB 158Q - LOW VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY, 1/3	35
PCB 158Q - LOW VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY, 2/3	36
PCB 158Q - LOW VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY, 3/3	37
PCB 104E - KEYPAD / DISPLAY BOARD, 1/3	38
PCB 104E - KEYPAD / DISPLAY BOARD, 2/3	39
PCB 104E - KEYPAD / DISPLAY BOARD, 3/3	40
PCB 151C - RANGE / POLARITY RELAY BOARD	4 1
MAIN WIRING – POSITIVE (-P) UNITS	42
MAIN WIRING - DUAL-POLARITY (-PN) UNITS	43
DEDECOMANCE CHECKSHEET	11

Manual Reference: /fileserver1/officefiles/instructword/avmp/AVMP-4-B,edition5.odt. Last modified February 29, 2024. Copyright © 2024 Avtech Electrosystems Ltd, All Rights Reserved.

INTRODUCTION

The AVMP-4-B is a high performance, GPIB and RS232-equipped instrument capable of generating up to 10V into 50Ω loads at repetition rates up to 1 MHz. The output pulse width is variable from 10 ns to 10 us, and the sync delay is variable up to \pm 1 s. The rise and fall times are less than 200 ps.

A 50 Ohm load is required for proper operation.

Instruments with the "-P" model suffix can generate up to +10V, whereas instruments with the "-N" model suffix can generate up to -10V. Instruments with the "-PN" suffix can generate both polarities.

The AVMP-4-B is a highly flexible instrument. Aside from the internal trigger source, it can also be triggered or gated by external TTL-level signals. A front-panel pushbutton or a computer command can also be used to trigger the instrument.

The AVMP-4-B features front panel keyboard and adjust knob control of the output pulse parameters along with a four line by 40-character backlit LCD display of the output amplitude, pulse width, pulse repetition frequency, and delay. The instrument includes memory to store up to four complete instrument setups. The operator may use the front panel or the computer interface to store a complete "snapshot" of all key instrument settings, and recall this setup at a later time.

This instrument is intended for use in research and development laboratories.

AVAILABLE OPTIONS

The AVMP-4-B is available with several options:

- -EA Option: the amplitude can be controlled by an externally generated 0 to +10V analog control voltage.
- -M Option: a monitor output is provided.
- -R5 Option: A rack mounting kit is available. The -R5 rack mount kit may be installed after first removing the one Phillips screw on the side panel adjacent to the front handle.
- -TNT Option: Adds a rear-panel Ethernet connector, providing Telnet-based remote control from a network.

SPECIFICATIONS

Model: AVMP-4-B³ Amplitude³-4; (5ΩΩ load) 1 - 10 Volts Pulse width (FWHM): 10 ns - 10 us Maximum PRF: 1 MHz Maximum duty cycle: 10% Rise time³ (20%-80%): ≤ 200 ps Fall time³ (80%-20%): ≤ 200 ps Required load impedance: 50 Ohms¹¹ Polarity-6³: Positive or negative or both (specify) GPIB and RS-232 control³: Standard on -B units. LabView Drivers: Check http://www.avtechpulse.com/labview for availability and downloads Ethernet port, for remote control using VXL1-13, ssh, telnet, & web: See http://www.avtechpulse.com/labview for availability and downloads Settings resolution: The resolution of the timing parameters varies, but is always better than 0.15% of the set value. The amplitude resolution is typically 0.02% of the maximum amplitude. Settings accuracy: Typically ± 3% (±2 ns or ± 2% of max. amplitude) after 10 minute warmup. For high-accuracy applications requiring traceable calibration, verify the output with a calibrated oscilloscope. Propagation delay: ≤ 120 ns (Ext trig in to pulse out) Jitter: ± 35ps ± 0.015% of sync delay DC offset²-²- Not available Trigger mo			
Pulse width (FWHM): Maximum PRF: 1 MHz Maximum duty cycle: 10% Rise time ⁵ (20%-80%): Equired load impedance: Polarity ^{6,7} : Positive or negative or both (specify) GPIB and RS-232 control ² : LabView Drivers: Check http://www.avtechpulse.com/labview for availability and downloads Ethernet port, for remote control using VXI-11.3, ssh, telnet, & web: Settings resolution: Settings accuracy: The resolution of the timing parameters varies, but is always bether than 0.15% of the set value. The amplitude resolution is typically 0.02% of the maximum amplitude. Settings accuracy: Typically ± 3% (±2 ns or ± 2% of max. amplitude) after 10 minute warmup. For high-accuracy applications requiring traceable calibration, verify the output with a calibrated oscilloscope. Propagation delay: 1 the resolution of the timing parameters varies, but is always bether than 0.15% of the set value. The amplitude resolution is typically 0.02% of the maximum amplitude. Settings accuracy: Typically ± 3% (±2 ns or ± 2% of max. amplitude) after 10 minute warmup. For high-accuracy applications requiring traceable calibration, verify the output with a calibrated oscilloscope. Propagation delay: 1 typically ± 3% (±2 ns or ± 2% of max. amplitude) after 10 minute warmup. For high-accuracy applications requiring traceable calibration, verify the output with a calibrated oscilloscope. Propagation delay: 1 typically ± 3% (±2 ns or ± 2% of max. amplitude) after 10 minute warmup. For high-accuracy applications requiring traceable calibration, verify the output with a calibrated oscilloscope. Propagation delay: 1 typically ± 3% (±2 ns or ± 10 ns the timing parameters varies, but is always bether than 0.15% of the maximum amplitude. 1 the resolution of the timing parameters varies, but is always bether than 0.15% of the maximum amplitude. 1 the resolution of the timing parameters varies, but is always the than 0.15% of the maximum amplitude. 1 the resolution of the timing parameters varies, but is always bether than 0.15% o	Model:	AVMP-4-B ²	
Maximum PRF: 1 MHz Maximum duty cycle: 10% Rise time ⁵ (20%-80%): ≤ 200 ps Fall time ⁶ (80%-20%): ≤ 200 ps Required load impedance: 50 Ohms¹¹ Polarity ⁶⁻⁷ : Positive or negative or both (specify) GPIB and RS-232 control²: Standard on -B units. LabView Drivers: Check http://www.avtechpulse.com/labview for availability and downloads Ethernet port, for remote control using VXI-11.3, ssh, telnet, & web: Optional¹¹0. Recommended as a modern alternative to GPIB / RS-232. Settings resolution: The resolution of the timing parameters varies, but is always better than 0,15% of the set value. The amplitude resolution is typically 0.02% of the maximum amplitude. Settings accuracy: Typically ± 3% (±2 ns or ± 2% of max. amplitude) after 10 minute warmup. For high-accuracy applications requiring traceable calibration, verify the output with a calibrated oscilloscope. Propagation delay: ≤ 120 ns (Ext trig in to pulse out) Jitter: ± 35ps ± 0.015% of sync delay DC offset³.ac Not available Trigger modes: Internal trigger, external trigger (TTL level pulse, > 10 ns, 1 kΩ input impedance), front-panel "Single Pulse" pushbutton, or single pulse trigger via computer command. Variable delay (Sync to main out): 0 to 1	Amplitude ^{3,4} : (50Ω load)	1 - 10 Volts	
Maximum duty cycle: 10% Rise time ⁵ (20%-80%): ≤ 200 ps Fall time ⁶ (80%-20%): ≤ 200 ps Required load impedance: 50 Ohms¹¹ Polarity ^{6,7} : Positive or negative or both (specify) GPIB and RS-232 control²: Standard on -B units. LabView Drivers: Check http://www.avtechpulse.com/labview for availability and downloads Ethernet port, for remote control using VXI-11.3, ssh, telnet, & web: Optional¹°0. Recommended as a modern alternative to GPIB / RS-232. Settings resolution: The resolution of the timing parameters varies, but is always better than 0.15% of the set value. The amplitude resolution is typically 0.02% of the maximum amplitude. Settings accuracy: Typically ± 3% (±2 ns or ± 2% of max. amplitude) after 10 minute warmup. For high-accuracy applications requiring traceable calibration, verify the output with a calibrated oscilloscope. Propagation delay: ≤ 120 ns (Ext trig in to pulse out) Jitter: ± 35ps ± 0.015% of sync delay DC offset³-8: Not available Trigger modes: Internal trigger, external trigger (TTL level pulse, > 10 ns, 1 kΩ input impedance), front-panel "Single Pulse" pushbutton, or single pulse trigger via computer command. Variable delay (Sync to main out): 0 to 1.0 seconds, for all trigger modes (including external trigger).	Pulse width (FWHM):	10 ns - 10 us	
Rise time ⁵ (20%-80%): ≤ 200 ps Fall time ⁵ (80%-20%): ≤ 200 ps Required load impedance: 50 Ohms¹¹ Polarity ^{6,7} : Positive or negative or both (specify) GPIB and RS-232 control²: Standard on -B units. LabView Drivers: Check http://www.avtechpulse.com/labview for availability and downloads Ethernet port, for remote control using VXI-11.3, ssh, telnet, & web: Optional¹°. Recommended as a modern alternative to GPIB / RS-232. Settings resolution: The resolution of the timing parameters varies, but is always better than 0.15% of the set value. The amplitude resolution is typically 0.02% of the maximum amplitude. Settings accuracy: Typically ± 3% (±2 ns or ± 2% of max. amplitude) after 10 minute warmup. For high-accuracy applications requiring traceable calibration, verify the output with a calibrated oscilloscope. Propagation delay: ≤ 120 ns (Ext trig in to pulse out) Jitter: ± 35ps ± 0.015% of sync delay DC offset³.8: Not available Trigger modes: Internal trigger, external trigger (TTL level pulse, > 10 ns, 1 kΩ input impedance), front-panel "Single Pulse" pushbutton, or single pulse trigger via computer command. Variable delay (Sync to main out): 0 to 1.0 seconds, for all trigger modes (including external trigger). Sync output: +3 Volts, 100 ns	Maximum PRF:	1 MHz	
Fall times (80%-20%): Required load impedance: Polarity. Positive or negative or both (specify) GPIB and RS-232 control High price or standard on -B units. LabView Drivers: Check http://www.avtechpulse.com/labview for availability and downloads Ethernet port, for remote control using VXI-11.3, ssh, telnet, & web: Settings resolution: The resolution of the timing parameters varies, but is always better than 0.15% of the set value. The amplitude resolution is typically 0.02% of the maximum amplitude. Settings accuracy: Typically ± 3% (±2 ns or ± 2% of max. amplitude) after 10 minute warmup. For high-accuracy applications requiring traceable calibration, verify the output with a calibrated oscilloscope. Propagation delay: Selectings accuracy: Typically ± 3% (±2 ns or ± 2% of max. amplitude) and the output with a calibrated oscilloscope. Propagation delay: Selectings accuracy: Typically ± 3% (±2 ns or ± 2% of max. amplitude) and the output with a calibrated oscilloscope. Propagation delay: Selectings accuracy: Typically ± 3% (±2 ns or ± 2% of max. amplitude) and the output with a calibrated oscilloscope. Propagation delay: Selectings accuracy: Selectings accuracy: Typically ± 3% (±2 ns or ± 2% of max. amplitude) and the output with a calibrated oscilloscope. Propagation delay: Selectings accuracy:	Maximum duty cycle:	10%	
Required load impedance: 50 Ohms¹¹ Polarity ^{6,7} : Positive or negative or both (specify) GPIB and RS-232 control²: Standard on -B units. LabView Drivers: Check http://www.avtechpulse.com/labview for availability and downloads Ethernet port, for remote control using VXI-11.3, ssh, telnet, & web: Optional¹⁰. Recommended as a modern alternative to GPIB / RS-232. Settings resolution: The resolution of the timing parameters varies, but is always better than 0.15% of the set value. The amplitude resolution is typically 0.02% of the maximum amplitude. Settings accuracy: Typically ± 3% (±2 ns or ± 2% of max. amplitude) after 10 minute warmup. For high-accuracy applications requiring traceable calibration, verify the output with a calibrated oscilloscope. Propagation delay: ≤ 120 ns (Ext trig in to pulse out) Jitter: ± 35ps ± 0.015% of sync delay DC offset³³·8: Not available Trigger modes: Internal trigger, external trigger (TTL level pulse, > 10 ns, 1 kΩ input impedance), front-panel "Single Pulse" pushbutton, or single pulse trigger via computer command. Variable delay (Sync to main out): 0 to 1.0 seconds, for all trigger modes (including external trigger). Sync output: +3 Volts, 100 ns, will drive 50 Ohm loads Monitor output option³: Provides a 20 dB attenuated coincident replica of main output <td>Rise time⁵ (20%-80%):</td> <td colspan="2">≤ 200 ps</td>	Rise time ⁵ (20%-80%):	≤ 200 ps	
Polarity ^{8.7} : Positive or negative or both (specify) GPIB and RS-232 control ² : Standard on -B units. LabView Drivers: Check http://www.avtechpulse.com/labview for availability and downloads Ethernet port, for remote control using VXI-11.3, ssh, telnet, & web: Optionali ¹⁰ . Recommended as a modern alternative to GPIB / RS-232. Settings resolution: The resolution of the timing parameters varies, but is always better than 0.15% of the set value. The amplitude resolution is typically 0.02% of the maximum amplitude. Settings accuracy: Typically ± 3% (±2 ns or ± 2% of max. amplitude) after 10 minute warmup. For high-accuracy applications requiring traceable calibration, verify the output with a calibrated oscilloscope. Propagation delay: ≤ 120 ns (Ext trig in to pulse out) Jitter: ± 35ps ± 0.015% of sync delay DC offset ^{1,8} : Not available Trigger modes: Internal trigger, external trigger (TTL level pulse, > 10 ns, 1 kΩ input impedance), front-panel "Single Pulse" pushbutton, or single pulse trigger via computer command. Variable delay (Sync to main out): 0 to 1.0 seconds, for all trigger modes (including external trigger). Sync output: +3 Volts, 100 ns, will drive 50 Ohm loads Monitor output option ⁹ : Provides a 20 dB attenuated coincident replica of main output	Fall time ⁵ (80%-20%):	≤ 200 ps	
GPIB and RS-232 control²: LabView Drivers: Check http://www.avtechpulse.com/labview for availability and downloads Ethernet port, for remote control using VXI-11.3, ssh, telnet, & web: Optional¹º. Recommended as a modern alternative to GPIB / RS-232. See http://www.avtechpulse.com/options/vxi for details. Settings resolution: The resolution of the timing parameters varies, but is always better than 0.15% of the set value. The amplitude resolution is typically 0.02% of the maximum amplitude. Settings accuracy: Typically ± 3% (±2 ns or ± 2% of max. amplitude) after 10 minute warmup. For high-accuracy applications requiring traceable calibration, verify the output with a calibrated oscilloscope. Propagation delay: 1 ± 320 ns (Ext trig in to pulse out) DC offset³.8: Not available Trigger modes: Internal trigger, external trigger (TTL level pulse, > 10 ns, 1 kΩ input impedance), front-panel "Single Pulse" pushbutton, or single pulse trigger via computer command. Variable delay (Sync to main out): Sync output: 1 3 Volts, 100 ns, will drive 50 Ohm loads Monitor output option³: Provides a 20 dB attenuated coincident replica of main output Connectors: Out, Monitor: SMA, Trig, Sync, Gate: BNC Power requirements: 100 - 240 Volts, 50 - 60 Hz Dimensions: (H x W x D) 100 mm × 430 mm × 375 mm (3.9" × 17" × 14.8") Chassis material: Cast aluminum frame & handles, blue vinyl on aluminum covers	Required load impedance:	50 Ohms ¹¹	
LabView Drivers: Check http://www.avtechpulse.com/labview for availability and downloads Ethernet port, for remote control using VXI-11.3, ssh, telnet, & web: Optional¹º. Recommended as a modern alternative to GPIB / RS-232. Settings resolution: The resolution of the timing parameters varies, but is always better than 0.15% of the set value. The amplitude resolution is typically 0.02% of the maximum amplitude. Settings accuracy: Typically ± 3% (±2 ns or ± 2% of max, amplitude) after 10 minute warmup. For high-accuracy applications requiring traceable calibration, verify the output with a calibrated oscilloscope. Propagation delay: ≤ 120 ns (Ext trig in to pulse out) Jitter: ± 35ps ± 0.015% of sync delay DC offset³.8: Not available Trigger modes: Internal trigger, external trigger (TTL level pulse, > 10 ns, 1 kΩ input impedance), front-panel "Single Pulse" pushbutton, or single pulse trigger via computer command. Variable delay (Sync to main out): 0 to 1.0 seconds, for all trigger modes (including external trigger). Sync output: +3 Volts, 100 ns, will drive 50 Ohm loads Monitor output option9: Provides a 20 dB attenuated coincident replica of main output Connectors: Out, Monitor: SMA, Trig, Sync, Gate: BNC Power requirements: 100 - 240 Volts, 50 - 60 Hz Dimensions:	Polarity ^{6,7} :	Positive or negative or both (specify)	
Ethernet port, for remote control using VXI-11.3, ssh, telnet, & web: Optional¹º. Recommended as a modern alternative to GPIB / RS-232. Settings resolution: The resolution of the timing parameters varies, but is always better than 0.15% of the set value. The amplitude resolution is typically 0.02% of the maximum amplitude. Settings accuracy: Typically ± 3% (±2 ns or ± 2% of max. amplitude) after 10 minute warmup. For high-accuracy applications requiring traceable calibration, verify the output with a calibrated oscilloscope. Propagation delay: ≤ 120 ns (Ext trig in to pulse out) Jitter: ± 35ps ± 0.015% of sync delay DC offset³³.8: Not available Trigger modes: Internal trigger, external trigger (TTL level pulse, > 10 ns, 1 kΩ input impedance), front-panel "Single Pulse" pushbutton, or single pulse trigger via computer command. Variable delay (Sync to main out): 0 to 1.0 seconds, for all trigger modes (including external trigger). Sync output: +3 Volts, 100 ns, will drive 50 Ohm loads Monitor output option⁰: Provides a 20 dB attenuated coincident replica of main output Connectors: Out, Monitor: SMA, Trig, Sync, Gate: BNC Power requirements: 100 - 240 Volts, 50 - 60 Hz Dimensions: (H x W x D) 100 mm × 430 mm × 375 mm (3.9" × 17" × 14.8") Chassis material: Cast aluminum frame & handles, blue vinyl on aluminum covers </td <td>GPIB and RS-232 control²:</td> <td>Standard on -B units.</td>	GPIB and RS-232 control ² :	Standard on -B units.	
using VXI-11.3, ssh, telnet, & web: See http://www.avtechpulse.com/options/vxi for details. Settings resolution: The resolution of the timing parameters varies, but is always better than 0.15% of the set value. The amplitude resolution is typically 0.02% of the maximum amplitude. Typically ± 3% (±2 ns or ± 2% of max. amplitude) after 10 minute warmup. For high-accuracy applications requiring traceable calibration, verify the output with a calibrated oscilloscope. Propagation delay: ≤ 120 ns (Ext trig in to pulse out) Jitter: ± 35ps ± 0.015% of sync delay DC offset³.8: Not available Trigger modes: Internal trigger, external trigger (TTL level pulse, > 10 ns, 1 kΩ input impedance), front-panel "Single Pulse" pushbutton, or single pulse trigger via computer command. Variable delay (Sync to main out): 0 to 1.0 seconds, for all trigger modes (including external trigger). Sync output: +3 Volts, 100 ns, will drive 50 Ohm loads Monitor output option9: Provides a 20 dB attenuated coincident replica of main output Connectors: Out, Monitor: SMA, Trig, Sync, Gate: BNC Power requirements: 100 - 240 Volts, 50 - 60 Hz Dimensions: (H x W x D) 100 mm × 430 mm × 375 mm (3.9" × 17" × 14.8") Chassis material: Cast aluminum frame & handles, blue vinyl on aluminum covers	LabView Drivers:	Check http://www.avtechpulse.com/labview for availability and downloads	
set value. The amplitude resolution is typically 0.02% of the maximum amplitude. Settings accuracy: Typically ± 3% (±2 ns or ± 2% of max. amplitude) after 10 minute warmup. For high-accuracy applications requiring traceable calibration, verify the output with a calibrated oscilloscope. Propagation delay: Setting in to pulse out) Jitter: ± 35ps ± 0.015% of sync delay DC offset³.8: Not available Trigger modes: Internal trigger, external trigger (TTL level pulse, > 10 ns, 1 kΩ input impedance), front-panel "Single Pulse" pushbutton, or single pulse trigger via computer command. Variable delay (Sync to main out): Sync output: +3 Volts, 100 ns, will drive 50 Ohm loads Monitor output option9: Provides a 20 dB attenuated coincident replica of main output Connectors: Out, Monitor: SMA, Trig, Sync, Gate: BNC Power requirements: 100 - 240 Volts, 50 - 60 Hz Dimensions: (H x W x D) 100 mm × 430 mm × 375 mm (3.9" × 17" × 14.8") Chassis material: Cast aluminum frame & handles, blue vinyl on aluminum covers	using VXI-11.3, ssh, telnet, &		
accuracy applications requiring traceable calibration, verify the output with a calibrated oscilloscope. Propagation delay: Sitter: ± 35ps ± 0.015% of sync delay DC offset ^{3,8} : Not available Trigger modes: Internal trigger, external trigger (TTL level pulse, > 10 ns, 1 kΩ input impedance), front-panel "Single Pulse" pushbutton, or single pulse trigger via computer command. Variable delay (Sync to main out): Sync output: +3 Volts, 100 ns, will drive 50 Ohm loads Monitor output option ⁹ : Provides a 20 dB attenuated coincident replica of main output Connectors: Out, Monitor: SMA, Trig, Sync, Gate: BNC Power requirements: 100 - 240 Volts, 50 - 60 Hz Dimensions: (H x W x D) 100 mm × 430 mm × 375 mm (3.9" × 17" × 14.8") Chassis material: Cast aluminum frame & handles, blue vinyl on aluminum covers	Settings resolution:	The resolution of the timing parameters varies, but is always better than 0.15% of the set value. The amplitude resolution is typically 0.02% of the maximum amplitude.	
Jitter: \pm 35ps \pm 0.015% of sync delayDC offset³.8:Not availableTrigger modes:Internal trigger, external trigger (TTL level pulse, > 10 ns, 1 kΩ input impedance), front-panel "Single Pulse" pushbutton, or single pulse trigger via computer command.Variable delay (Sync to main out):0 to 1.0 seconds, for all trigger modes (including external trigger).Sync output:+3 Volts, 100 ns, will drive 50 Ohm loadsMonitor output option9:Provides a 20 dB attenuated coincident replica of main outputConnectors:Out, Monitor: SMA, Trig, Sync, Gate: BNCPower requirements:100 - 240 Volts, 50 - 60 HzDimensions: (H x W x D)100 mm × 430 mm × 375 mm (3.9" × 17" × 14.8")Chassis material:Cast aluminum frame & handles, blue vinyl on aluminum covers	Settings accuracy:	accuracy applications requiring traceable calibration, verify the output with a calibrated	
DC offset3.8:Not availableTrigger modes:Internal trigger, external trigger (TTL level pulse, > 10 ns, 1 kΩ input impedance), front-panel "Single Pulse" pushbutton, or single pulse trigger via computer command.Variable delay (Sync to main out):0 to 1.0 seconds, for all trigger modes (including external trigger).Sync output:+3 Volts, 100 ns, will drive 50 Ohm loadsMonitor output option9:Provides a 20 dB attenuated coincident replica of main outputConnectors:Out, Monitor: SMA, Trig, Sync, Gate: BNCPower requirements: $100 - 240$ Volts, $50 - 60$ HzDimensions: (H x W x D) $100 \text{ mm} \times 430 \text{ mm} \times 375 \text{ mm} (3.9" \times 17" \times 14.8")$ Chassis material:Cast aluminum frame & handles, blue vinyl on aluminum covers	Propagation delay:	≤ 120 ns (Ext trig in to pulse out)	
Trigger modes: Internal trigger, external trigger (TTL level pulse, > 10 ns, 1 k Ω input impedance), front-panel "Single Pulse" pushbutton, or single pulse trigger via computer command. Variable delay (Sync to main out): 0 to 1.0 seconds, for all trigger modes (including external trigger). Sync output: +3 Volts, 100 ns, will drive 50 Ohm loads Monitor output option9: Provides a 20 dB attenuated coincident replica of main output Connectors: Out, Monitor: SMA, Trig, Sync, Gate: BNC Power requirements: 100 - 240 Volts, 50 - 60 Hz Dimensions: (H x W x D) 100 mm × 430 mm × 375 mm (3.9" × 17" × 14.8") Chassis material: Cast aluminum frame & handles, blue vinyl on aluminum covers	Jitter:	± 35ps ± 0.015% of sync delay	
front-panel "Single Pulse" pushbutton, or single pulse trigger via computer command. Variable delay (Sync to main out): Sync output: +3 Volts, 100 ns, will drive 50 Ohm loads Monitor output option ⁹ : Provides a 20 dB attenuated coincident replica of main output Connectors: Out, Monitor: SMA, Trig, Sync, Gate: BNC Power requirements: 100 - 240 Volts, 50 - 60 Hz Dimensions: (H x W x D) 100 mm × 430 mm × 375 mm (3.9" × 17" × 14.8") Chassis material: Cast aluminum frame & handles, blue vinyl on aluminum covers	DC offset ^{3,8} :	Not available	
out): Sync output: +3 Volts, 100 ns, will drive 50 Ohm loads Monitor output option ⁹ : Provides a 20 dB attenuated coincident replica of main output Connectors: Out, Monitor: SMA, Trig, Sync, Gate: BNC Power requirements: 100 - 240 Volts, 50 - 60 Hz Dimensions: (H x W x D) 100 mm × 430 mm × 375 mm (3.9" × 17" × 14.8") Chassis material: Cast aluminum frame & handles, blue vinyl on aluminum covers	Trigger modes:		
Monitor output option ⁹ : Provides a 20 dB attenuated coincident replica of main output Connectors: Out, Monitor: SMA, Trig, Sync, Gate: BNC Power requirements: 100 - 240 Volts, 50 - 60 Hz Dimensions: (H x W x D) 100 mm × 430 mm × 375 mm (3.9" × 17" × 14.8") Chassis material: Cast aluminum frame & handles, blue vinyl on aluminum covers		0 to 1.0 seconds, for all trigger modes (including external trigger).	
Connectors: Out, Monitor: SMA, Trig, Sync, Gate: BNC Power requirements: 100 - 240 Volts, 50 - 60 Hz Dimensions: (H x W x D) 100 mm × 430 mm × 375 mm (3.9" × 17" × 14.8") Chassis material: Cast aluminum frame & handles, blue vinyl on aluminum covers	Sync output:	+3 Volts, 100 ns, will drive 50 Ohm loads	
Power requirements: 100 - 240 Volts, 50 - 60 Hz Dimensions: (H x W x D) 100 mm × 430 mm × 375 mm (3.9" × 17" × 14.8") Chassis material: Cast aluminum frame & handles, blue vinyl on aluminum covers	Monitor output option9:	Provides a 20 dB attenuated coincident replica of main output	
Dimensions: $(H \times W \times D)$ 100 mm × 430 mm × 375 mm $(3.9" \times 17" \times 14.8")$ Chassis material: Cast aluminum frame & handles, blue vinyl on aluminum covers	Connectors:	Out, Monitor: SMA, Trig, Sync, Gate: BNC	
Chassis material: Cast aluminum frame & handles, blue vinyl on aluminum covers	Power requirements:	100 - 240 Volts, 50 - 60 Hz	
·	Dimensions: (H x W x D)	100 mm × 430 mm × 375 mm (3.9" × 17" × 14.8")	
Temperature range: +5°C to +40°C	Chassis material:	Cast aluminum frame & handles, blue vinyl on aluminum covers	
	Temperature range:	+5°C to +40°C	

- 1) -C suffix indicates stand-alone lab instrument with internal clock and line powering. No suffix indicates miniature module requiring DC power and external trigger. (See http://www.avtechpulse.com/formats for the basic instrument formats).

 -B suffix indicates IEEE-488.2 GPIB and RS-232 control of amplitude, pulse width, PRF and delay (See http://www.avtechpulse.com/qpib).
- 3) For analog electronic control (0 to +10V) of amplitude, pulse width, or offset, suffix the model number with -EA, -EW or -EO. These units also include standard front-panel controls. Not available on modules.
- 4) For operation at amplitudes of less than 20% of full-scale, best results will be obtained by setting the amplitude near full-scale and using external attenuators on the output.
- 5) Add 20% to the rise and fall times if an inverting transformer used.
- 6) For single polarity units, indicate desired polarity by suffixing model number with -P or -N (i.e. positive or negative). For the dual-polarity AVMP-2-C and AVMP-3-C units, suffix the model number with -P-PN or -N-PN where the suffix preceding -PN indicates the polarity at the mainframe output port. For dual-polarity -B units, simply add suffix -PN.
- 7) Polarity inversion in dual-polarity AVMP-2-C and AVMP-3-C units is achieved by manually adding a supplied inverting transformer accessory to the main output. The transformer will increase the rise and fall times slightly. Polarity inversion in dual-polarity "-B" units, and the AVMP-4-C, is controlled by front-panel settings (or computer command for -B units), and no external transformer is required, and no speed degradation occurs when changing
- 8) Add -OT to model number for internally generated 0 to ±5V offset option. -OT and -EO options not available on modules or AVMP-4 models.
- 9) Add -M to model number for monitor option.
- 10) Add the suffix -VXI to the model number to specify the Ethernet port.
- 11) A 50 Ohm load is required. Other loads may damage the instrument. Consult Avtech (info@avtechpulse.com) if you need to drive other load impedances
- 12) An input impedance of ≥1 k Ω can also be provided (-Z1K option).

REGULATORY NOTES

FCC PART 18

This device complies with part 18 of the FCC rules for non-consumer industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) equipment.

This instrument is enclosed in a rugged metal chassis and uses a filtered power entry module (where applicable). The main output signal is provided on a shielded connector that is intended to be used with shielded coaxial cabling and a shielded load. Under these conditions, the interference potential of this instrument is low.

If interference is observed, check that appropriate well-shielded cabling is used on the output connectors. Contact Avtech (info@avtechpulse.com) for advice if you are unsure of the most appropriate cabling. Also, check that your load is adequately shielded. It may be necessary to enclose the load in a metal enclosure.

If any of the connectors on the instrument are unused, they should be covered with shielded metal "dust caps" to reduce the interference potential.

This instrument does not normally require regular maintenance to minimize interference potential. However, if loose hardware or connectors are noted, they should be tightened. Contact Avtech (info@avtechpulse.com) if you require assistance.

EC DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY



We

Avtech Electrosystems Ltd. P.O. Box 5120, LCD Merivale Ottawa, Ontario Canada K2C 3H5

declare that this pulse generator meets the intent of Directive 2004/108/EG for Electromagnetic Compatibility. Compliance pertains to the following specifications as listed in the official Journal of the European Communities:

EN 50081-1 Emission

EN 50082-1 Immunity

and that this pulse generator meets the intent of the Low Voltage Directive 72/23/EEC as amended by 93/68/EEC. Compliance pertains to the following specifications as listed in the official Journal of the European Communities:

EN 61010-1:2001 Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use

DIRECTIVE 2002/95/EC (RoHS)

This instrument is exempt from Directive 2002/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 January 2003 on the Restriction of the use of certain Hazardous Substances (RoHS) in electrical and electronic equipment. Specifically, Avtech instruments are considered "Monitoring and control instruments" (Category 9) as defined in Annex 1A of Directive 2002/96/EC. The Directive 2002/95/EC only applies to Directive 2002/96/EC categories 1-7 and 10, as stated in the "Article 2 - Scope" section of Directive 2002/95/EC.

DIRECTIVE 2002/96/EC (WEEE)

European customers who have purchased this equipment directly from Avtech will have completed a "WEEE Responsibility Agreement" form, accepting responsibility for WEEE compliance (as mandated in Directive 2002/96/EC of the European Union and local laws) on behalf of the customer, as provided for under Article 9 of Directive 2002/96/EC.

Customers who have purchased Avtech equipment through local representatives should consult with the representative to determine who has responsibility for WEEE compliance. Normally, such responsibilities with lie with the representative, unless other arrangements (under Article 9) have been made.

Requirements for WEEE compliance may include registration of products with local governments, reporting of recycling activities to local governments, and financing of recycling activities.



AC POWER SUPPLY REGULATORY NOTES

This instrument converts the AC input power to the +24V DC voltage that powers the internal circuitry of this instrument using a Tamura AAD130SD-60-A switching power supply. According to the manufacturer, the Tamura AAD130SD-60-A has the following certifications:

UL60950-1 IEC60950 -1 CSA C22.2 No. 60950- 1 EN60950 -1

and is compliant with:

EN61000-3-2 EN61000-4-2 Level 2 EN61000-4-2 Level 3 (Air Only) EN61000-4-4 Level 3 EN61000-4-5 Level 3 EN61000-4-11 CISPR 11 and 22 FCC Part 15 Class B (conducted)

FIRMWARE LICENSING

Instruments with firmware versions 5.00 or higher use open-source software internally. Some of this software requires that the source code be made available to the user as a condition of its licensing. This source code is available upon request (contact info@avtechpulse.com).

Earlier firmware versions do not contain any open source software.

INSTALLATION

VISUAL CHECK

After unpacking the instrument, examine to ensure that it has not been damaged in shipment. Visually inspect all connectors, knobs, liquid crystal displays (LCDs), and the handles. Confirm that a power cord, a GPIB cable, and two instrumentation manuals (this manual and the "Programming Manual for -B Instruments") are with the instrument. If the instrument has been damaged, file a claim immediately with the company that transported the instrument.

POWER RATINGS

This instrument is intended to operate from 100 - 240 V, 50 - 60 Hz.

The maximum power consumption is 57 Watts. Please see the "FUSES" section for information about the appropriate AC and DC fuses.

This instrument is an "Installation Category II" instrument, intended for operation from a normal single-phase supply.

CONNECTION TO THE POWER SUPPLY

An IEC-320 three-pronged recessed male socket is provided on the back panel for AC power connection to the instrument. One end of the detachable power cord that is supplied with the instrument plugs into this socket. The other end of the detachable power cord plugs into the local mains supply. Use only the cable supplied with the instrument. The mains supply must be earthed, and the cord used to connect the instrument to the mains supply must provide an earth connection. (The supplied cord does this.)

Warning: Failure to use a grounded outlet may result in injury or death due to electric shock. This product uses a power cord with a ground connection. It must be connected to a properly grounded outlet. The instrument chassis is connected to the ground wire in the power cord.

The table below describes the power cord that is normally supplied with this instrument, depending on the destination region:

Destination Region	Description	Option	Manufacturer	Part Number
United Kingdom, Hong Kong, Singapore, Malaysia	BS 1363, 230V, 50 Hz	-AC00	Qualtek	370001-E01
Australia, New Zealand	AS 3112:2000, 230-240V, 50 Hz	-AC01	Qualtek	374003-A01
Continental Europe, Korea, Indonesia, Russia	European CEE 7/7 "Schuko" 230V, 50 Hz	-AC02	Qualtek	364002-D01
North America, Taiwan	NEMA 5-15, 120V, 60 Hz	-AC03	Qualtek	312007-01
Switzerland	SEV 1011, 230V, 50 Hz	-AC06	Qualtek	378001-E01
South Africa, India	SABS 164-1, 220-250V, 50 Hz	-AC17	Volex	2131H 10 C3
Japan	JIS 8303, 100V, 50-60 Hz	-AC18	Qualtek	397002-01
Israel	SI 32, 220V, 50 Hz	-AC19	Qualtek	398001-01
China	GB 1002-1, 220V, 50 Hz	-AC22	Volex	2137H 10 C3

PROTECTION FROM ELECTRIC SHOCK

Operators of this instrument must be protected from electric shock at all times. The owner must ensure that operators are prevented access and/or are insulated from every connection point. In some cases, connections must be exposed to potential human contact. Operators must be trained to protect themselves from the risk of electric shock. This instrument is intended for use by qualified personnel who recognize shock hazards and are familiar with safety precautions required to avoid possibly injury. In particular, operators should:

- 1. Keep exposed high-voltage wiring to an absolute minimum.
- 2. Wherever possible, use shielded connectors and cabling.
- 3. Connect and disconnect loads and cables only when the instrument is turned off.
- 4. Keep in mind that all cables, connectors, oscilloscope probes, and loads must have an appropriate voltage rating.
- 5. Do not attempt any repairs on the instrument, beyond the fuse replacement procedures described in this manual. Contact Avtech technical support (see page 2 for contact information) if the instrument requires servicing. Service is to be performed solely by qualified service personnel.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

This instrument is intended for use under the following conditions:

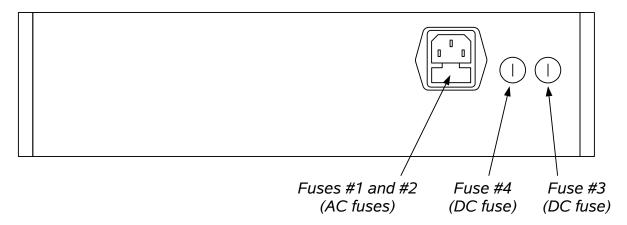
- 1. indoor use;
- 2. altitude up to 2 000 m;
- 3. temperature 5 °C to 40 °C;
- 4. maximum relative humidity 80 % for temperatures up to 31 °C decreasing linearly to 50 % relative humidity at 40 °C;
- 5. Mains supply voltage fluctuations up to ±10 % of the nominal voltage;
- 6. no pollution or only dry, non-conductive pollution.

LABVIEW DRIVERS

A LabVIEW driver for this instrument is available for download on the Avtech web site, at http://www.avtechpulse.com/labview. A copy is also available in National Instruments' Instrument Driver Library at http://www.natinst.com/.

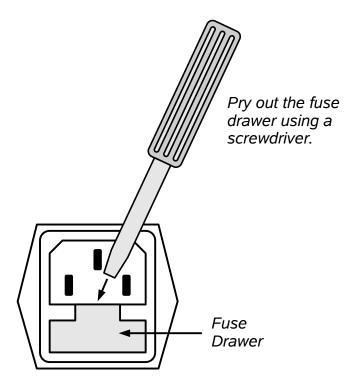
FUSES

This instrument contains four fuses. All are accessible from the rear-panel. Two protect the AC prime power input, and two protect the internal DC power supplies. The locations of the fuses on the rear panel are shown in the figure below:



AC FUSE REPLACEMENT

To physically access the AC fuses, the power cord must be detached from the rear panel of the instrument. The fuse drawer may then be extracted using a small flat-head screwdriver, as shown below:



DC FUSE REPLACEMENT

The DC fuses may be replaced by inserting the tip of a flat-head screwdriver into the fuse holder slot, and rotating the slot counter-clockwise. The fuse and its carrier will then pop out.

FUSE RATINGS

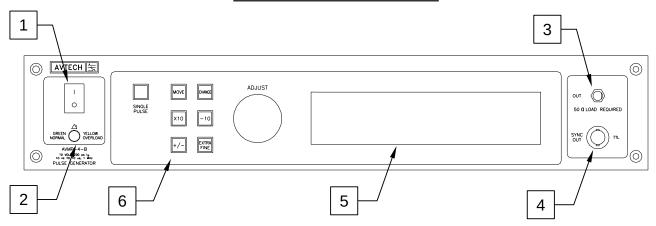
The following table lists the required fuses:

	Nominal			Recommended F	Replacement Part
Fuses	Mains	Rating	Case Size	Littelfuse Part	Digi-Key Stock
	Voltage			Number	Number
#1, #2 (AC)	100-240V	0.5A, 250V, Time-Delay	5×20 mm	0218.500HXP	F2416-ND
#3 (DC)	N/A	2.0A, 250V, Time-Delay	5×20 mm	0218002.HXP	F2420-ND
#4 (DC)	N/A	0.5A, 250V, Time-Delay	5×20 mm	0218.500HXP	F2416-ND

The recommended fuse manufacturer is Littelfuse (http://www.littelfuse.com).

Replacement fuses may be easily obtained from Digi-Key (http://www.digikey.com) and other distributors.

FRONT PANEL CONTROLS



1. <u>POWER Switch</u>. This is the main power switch. When turning the instrument on, there is normally a delay of 5-10 seconds before anything is shown on the main display.

If the main menu does not appear after 30 seconds, turn off the instrument and leave it off for at least 60 seconds before applying power again.

Allow 60 seconds before re-powering an instrument that has been switched off. If the power is switched more frequently than that, the turn-on delay may be longer (up to 20 seconds) as the internal software performs filesystem checks, or the instrument may remain unresponsive indefinitely.

2. OVERLOAD Indicator. When the instrument is powered, this indicator is normally green, indicating normal operation. If this indicator is yellow, an internal automatic overload protection circuit has been tripped. If the unit is overloaded (by operating at an exceedingly high duty cycle or by operating into a very low impedance), the protective circuit will disable the output of the instrument and turn the indicator light yellow. The light will stay yellow (i.e. output disabled) for about 5 seconds after which the instrument will attempt to re-enable the output (i.e. light green) for about 1 second. If the overload condition persists, the output will be disabled again (i.e. light yellow) for another 5 seconds. If the overload condition has been removed, the instrument will resume normal operation.

This overload indicator may flash yellow briefly at start-up. This is not a cause for concern.

Note that the output stage will safely withstand a short-circuited load condition.

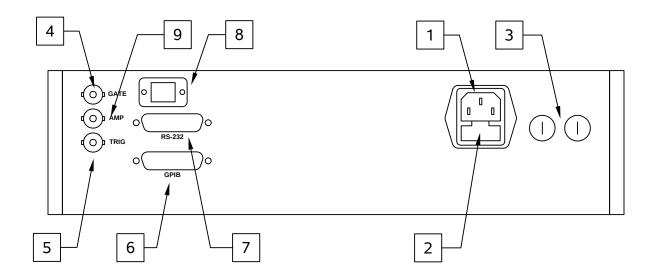
- 3. <u>OUT CONNECTOR</u>. This SMA connector provides the main output signal, into load impedances of 50 Ohms.
- 4. <u>SYNC OUT</u>. This connector supplies a SYNC output that can be used to trigger other equipment, particularly oscilloscopes. This signal leads (or lags) the main

- output by a duration set by the "DELAY" controls and has an approximate amplitude of +3 Volts to $R_L > 50\Omega$ with a pulse width of approximately 100 ns.
- 5. <u>LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY (LCD)</u>. This LCD is used in conjunction with the keypad to change the instrument settings. Normally, the main menu is displayed, which lists the key adjustable parameters and their current values. The "Programming Manual for -B Instruments" describes the menus and submenus in detail.

6. KEYPAD.

Control Name	Function
MOVE	This moves the arrow pointer on the display.
CHANGE	This is used to enter the submenu, or to select the operating
	mode, pointed to by the arrow pointer.
×10	If one of the adjustable numeric parameters is displayed, this
	increases the setting by a factor of ten.
÷10	If one of the adjustable numeric parameters is displayed, this
	decreases the setting by a factor of ten.
+/-	If one of the adjustable numeric parameters is displayed, and
	this parameter can be both positive or negative, this changes the
	sign of the parameter.
EXTRA FINE	This changes the step size of the ADJUST knob. In the extra-
	fine mode, the step size is twenty times finer than in the normal
	mode. This button switches between the two step sizes.
ADJUST	This large knob adjusts the value of any displayed numeric
	adjustable values, such as frequency, pulse width, etc. The
	adjust step size is set by the "EXTRA FINE" button.
	When the main menu is displayed, this knob can be used to
	move the arrow pointer.

REAR PANEL CONTROLS



Note: some connectors may be in different positions than shown above, depending on the exact combination of options ordered.

- 1. <u>AC POWER INPUT</u>. An IEC-320 C14 three-pronged recessed male socket is provided on the back panel for AC power connection to the instrument. One end of the detachable power cord that is supplied with the instrument plugs into this socket.
- 2. <u>AC FUSE DRAWER</u>. The two fuses that protect the AC input are located in this drawer. Please see the "FUSES" section of this manual for more information.
- 3. <u>DC FUSES</u>. These two fuses protect the internal DC power supplies. Please see the "FUSES" sections of this manual for more information.
- 4. <u>GATE</u>. This TTL-level (0 and +5V) logic input can be used to gate the triggering of the instrument. This input can be either active high or active low, depending on the front panel settings or programming commands. (The instrument triggers normally when this input is unconnected). When set to active high mode, this input is pulled-down to ground by a 1 k Ω resistor. When set to active low mode, this input is pulled-up to +5V by a 1 k Ω resistor.
- 5. TRIG. This TTL-level (0 and +5V) logic input can be used to trigger the instrument, if the instrument is set to triggering externally. The instrument triggers on the rising edge of this input. The input impedance of this input is 1 k Ω . (Depending on the length of cable attached to this input, and the source driving it, it may be desirable to add a coaxial 50 Ohm terminator to this input to provide a proper transmission line termination. The Pasternack (www.pasternack.com) PE6008-50 BNC feed-thru 50 Ohm terminator is suggested for this purpose.)

- 6. <u>GPIB Connector</u>. A standard GPIB cable can be attached to this connector to allow the instrument to be computer-controlled. See the "Programming Manual for -B Instruments" for more details on GPIB control.
- 7. RS-232 Connector. A standard serial cable with a 25-pin male connector can be attached to this connector to allow the instrument to be computer-controlled. A user name ("admin") and a password ("default", as shipped from the factory) are required when logging into a serial terminal session. The internal controller attempts to autosense the parity setting. It may be necessary to send a few return characters before attempting a login in order to provide enough data to allow this auto-sensing to work. (A standard Linux "agetty" process is used to implement serial control internally.) See the "Programming Manual for -B Instruments" for more details on RS-232 control.
- 8. Network Connector. (Optional feature. Present on -VXI units only.) This Ethernet connector allows the instrument to be remotely controlled using the VXI-11.3, ssh (secure shell), telnet, and http (web) protocols. See the "Programming Manual for -B Instruments" for more details.
- 9. <u>AMP Connector</u>. (Optional feature. Present on -EA units only.) The output amplitude can be set to track the voltage on this input. Zero Volts in corresponds to zero amplitude output, and +10V in corresponds to maximum amplitude out. This mode is activated by selecting "Ext Control" on the front-panel amplitude menu, or with the "source:voltage external" command.

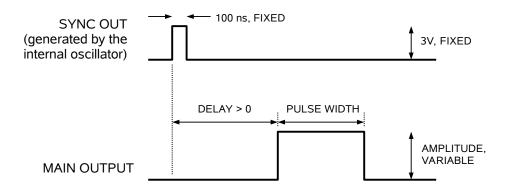
GENERAL INFORMATION

BASIC PULSE CONTROL

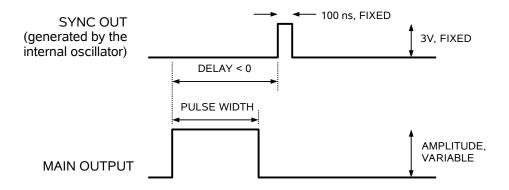
This instrument can be triggered by its own internal clock or by an external TTL trigger signal. In either case, two output channels respond to the trigger: OUT and SYNC.

- OUT. This is the main output.
- SYNC. The SYNC pulse is a fixed-width TTL-level reference pulse used to trigger oscilloscopes or other measurement systems. When the delay is set to a positive value the SYNC pulse precedes the OUT pulse. When the delay is set to a negative value the SYNC pulse follows the OUT pulse.

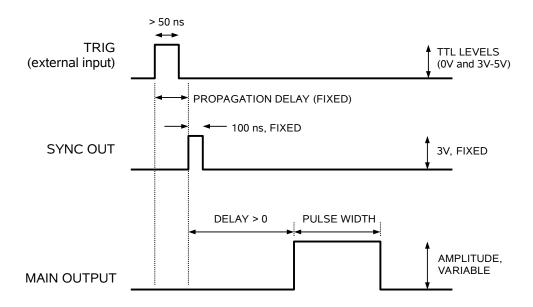
These pulses are illustrated below, assuming internal triggering and a positive delay:



If the delay is negative, the order of the SYNC and OUT pulses is reversed:



The next figure illustrates the relationship between the signal when an external TTL-level trigger is used:



As before, if the delay is negative, the order of the SYNC and OUT pulses is reversed.

In general, the delay, pulse width, and frequency (when in the internal mode), of the OUT pulse can be varied with front panel controls or via the GPIB or RS-232 computer interfaces.

TRIGGER MODES

This instrument has four trigger modes:

- Internal Trigger: the instrument controls the trigger frequency, and generates the clock internally.
- External Trigger: the instrument is triggered by an external TTL-level clock on the back-panel TRIG connector.
- Manual Trigger: the instrument is triggered by the front-panel "SINGLE PULSE" pushbutton.
- Hold Trigger: the instrument is set to not trigger at all.

These modes can be selected using the front panel trigger menu, or by using the appropriate programming commands. (See the "Programming Manual for -B Instruments" for more details.)

GATING MODES

Triggering can be suppressed by a TTL-level signal on the rear-panel GATE connector. The instrument can be set to stop triggering when this input high or low, using the front-panel gate menu or the appropriate programming commands. When gated, the output will complete the full pulse width if the output is high, and then stop triggering. Pulses are not truncated.

OPERATION AT LOW AMPLITUDES

This instrument will generate the best waveforms when operated near maximum amplitude. If amplitudes less than $\sim 10\%$ of the full-scale value are desired, better results will be obtained if the pulse generator is operated at a higher amplitude, and an attenuator is connected to the output.

Avtech recommends the BW-SxxW2+ series of 18 GHz coaxial attenuators from Mini-Circuits, http://www.minicircuits.com/. (The "xx" in the part number is replaced with the numeric attenuation value in dB).

OPTIONAL FEATURES

RACK MOUNTING, "-R5" OPTION

A rack mounting kit is available. The "-R5" rack mount kit may be installed after first removing the one Phillips screw on the side panel adjacent to the front handle.

MONITOR OUTPUT, "-M" OPTION

The monitor output provides an attenuated replica (20 dB down) of the voltage on the main output. The monitor output is designed to operate into a 50 Ohm load.

ELECTRONIC AMPLITUDE CONTROL, "-EA" OPTION

The output amplitude can be set to track the voltage on this input. Zero Volts in corresponds to zero amplitude output, and +10V in corresponds to maximum amplitude out. This mode is activated by selecting "Ext Control" on the front-panel amplitude menu, or with the "source:voltage external" command.

PROTECTING YOUR INSTRUMENT

TURN OFF INSTRUMENT WHEN NOT IN USE

The lifetime of the switching elements in the pulse generator module is proportional to the running time of the instrument. For this reason the prime power to the instrument should be turned off when the instrument is not in use. In the case of failure, the switching elements are easily replaced following the procedure described in a following section.

DO NOT EXCEED 1 MHz

The output stage may be damaged if triggered by an external signal at a pulse repetition frequency greater than 1 MHz.

USE A 50 OHM LOAD

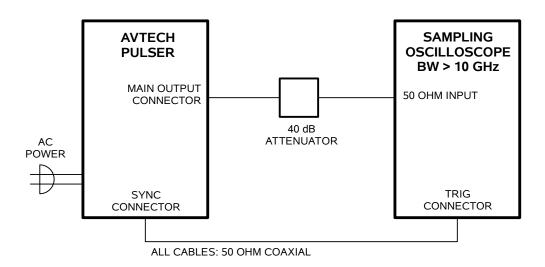
The output stage may be damaged if the output is not terminated into a 50Ω load.

OPERATIONAL CHECK

This section describes a sequence to confirm the basic operation of the instrument. It should be performed after receiving the instrument. It is a useful learning exercise as well.

Before proceeding with this procedure, finish reading this instruction manual thoroughly. Then read the "Local Control" section of the "Programming Manual for -B Instruments" thoroughly. The "Local Control" section describes the front panel controls used in this operational check - in particular, the MOVE, CHANGE, and ADJUST controls.

Note that a 50 Ohm load is required for proper operation.



BASIC TEST ARRANGEMENT

- 1. Connect the pulse generator to a sampling oscilloscope as shown above. Note that:
 - a) The use of 40 dB attenuator at the sampling scope vertical input channel will ensure a peak input signal to the sampling scope of less than 1 Volt.
 - b) The TRIG output channel provides TTL level signals (approximately 0 and +3V). To avoid overdriving the TRIG input channel of some scopes, a 20 dB attenuator may be required at the input to the scope trigger channel.
 - c) The bandwidth capability of components and instruments used to display the pulse generator output signal (attenuators, cables, connectors, etc.) should

- exceed 10 GHz.
- d) Set the oscilloscope to trigger externally with the vertical setting at 50 mV/div and the horizontal setting at 10 ns/div.
- 2. Turn on the AVMP-4-B. The main menu will appear on the LCD.
- 3. To set the AVMP-4-B to trigger from the internal clock at a PRF of 10 kHz:
 - a) The arrow pointer should be pointing at the frequency menu item. If it is not, press the MOVE button until it is.
 - b) Press the CHANGE button. The frequency submenu will appear. Rotate the ADJUST knob until the frequency is set at 10 kHz.
 - c) The arrow pointer should be pointing at the "Internal" choice. If it is not, press MOVE until it is.
 - d) Press CHANGE to return to the main menu.
- 4. To set the delay to 100 ns:
 - a) Press the MOVE button until the arrow pointer is pointing at the delay menu item.
 - b) Press the CHANGE button. The delay submenu will appear. Rotate the ADJUST knob until the delay is set at 100 ns.
 - c) The arrow pointer should be pointing at the "Normal" choice. If it is not, press MOVE until it is.
 - d) Press CHANGE to return to the main menu.
- 5. To set the pulse width to 60 ns:
 - a) Press the MOVE button until the arrow pointer is pointing at the pulse width menu item.
 - b) Press the CHANGE button. The pulse width submenu will appear. Rotate the ADJUST knob until the pulse width is set at 60 ns.
 - c) The arrow pointer should be pointing at the "Normal" choice. If it is not, press MOVE until it is.
 - d) Press CHANGE to return to the main menu.
- 6. At this point, nothing should appear on the oscilloscope.

7. To enable the output:

- a) Press the MOVE button until the arrow pointer is pointing at the output menu item.
- b) Press the CHANGE button. The output submenu will appear.
- c) Press MOVE until the arrow pointer is pointing at the "ON" choice.
- d) Press CHANGE to return to the main menu.

8. To change the output amplitude:

- a) Press the MOVE button until the arrow pointer is pointing at the amplitude menu item.
- b) Press the CHANGE button. The amplitude submenu will appear. Rotate the ADJUST knob until the amplitude is set at +10V (or -10V for "-N" models).
- c) Observe the oscilloscope. You should see 60 ns wide, 10V pulses. If you do not, you may need to adjust the delay setting to a value more compatible with your sampling oscilloscope. Repeat step 4 if required. You may also need to adjust the sampling scope controls.
- d) Rotate the ADJUST knob. The amplitude as seen on the oscilloscope should vary. Return it to 10V.
- e) ("-PN" units only) Press the +/- button on the front panel. The amplitude as seen on the oscilloscope should flip polarity, to -10V.
- f) Press CHANGE to return to the main menu.

9. To set the pulse width to 2 us:

- a) Press the MOVE button until the arrow pointer is pointing at the pulse width menu item.
- b) Press the CHANGE button. The pulse width submenu will appear. Rotate the ADJUST knob until the pulse width is set at 2 us.
- c) Observe the oscilloscope. You should see 2 us wide, 10V pulses. If you do not, you may need to adjust the delay setting to a value more compatible with your sampling oscilloscope. Repeat step 4 if required. You may also need to adjust the sampling scope controls.
- d) Press CHANGE to return to the main menu.

This completes the operational check.

PROGRAMMING YOUR PULSE GENERATOR

KEY PROGRAMMING COMMANDS

The "Programming Manual for -B Instruments" describes in detail how to connect the pulse generator to your computer, and the programming commands themselves. A large number of commands are available; however, normally you will only need a few of these. Here is a basic sample sequence of commands that might be sent to the instrument after power-up:

*rst (resets the instrument)
trigger:source internal
frequency 1000 Hz (sets the frequency to 1000 Hz)
pulse:width 50 ns (sets the pulse width to 50 ns)
pulse:delay 20 ns (sets the delay to 20 ns)
volt:ampl 5 (sets the amplitude to +5 V)

("-N" units should use "volt:ampl -5)

output on (turns on the output)

For triggering a single event, this sequence would be more appropriate:

*rst (resets the instrument) trigger:source hold (turns off all triggering)

pulse:width 50 ns (sets the pulse width to 50 ns)

output on (turns on the output)

volt:ampl 5 (sets the amplitude to +5 V)

("-N" units should use "volt:ampl -5)

trigger:source immediate (generates a single non-repetitive trigger event)

trigger:source hold (turns off all triggering) output off (turns off the output)

To set the instrument to trigger from an external TTL signal applied to the rear-panel TRIg connector, use:

*rst (resets the instrument)
trigger:source external (selects internal triggering)
pulse:width 50 ns (sets the pulse width to 50 ns)

pulse:delay 1 us (sets the delay to 1 us) volt:ampl 5 (sets the amplitude to +5 V)

("-N" units should use "volt:ampl -5)

output on (turns on the output)

These commands will satisfy 90% of your programming needs.

ALL PROGRAMMING COMMANDS

For more advanced programmers, a complete list of the available commands is given below. These commands are described in detail in the "Programming Manual for -B Instruments". (Note: this manual also includes some commands that are not implemented in this instrument. They can be ignored.)

Keyword	<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Notes</u>
LOCAL		
OUTPut:		
:[STATe]	<boolean value=""></boolean>	
:PROTection :TRIPped?		[query only]
REMOTE		[query orny]
[SOURce]:		
:FREQuency		
[:CW FIXed]	<numeric value=""></numeric>	
[SOURce]: :PULSe		
:PERiod	<numeric value=""></numeric>	
:WIDTh	<numeric value=""></numeric>	
:DCYCle	<numeric value=""></numeric>	
:HOLD :DELay	WIDTh DCYCle <numeric value=""></numeric>	
:GATE	\numeric value>	
:TYPE	ASYNC SYNC	
:LEVel	Hlgh LOw	
[SOURce]:		
:VOLTage [:LEVel]		
[:IMMediate]		
[:AMPLitude]	<numeric value=""> EXT</numeric>	ernal
:PROTection		forces and A
:TRIPped? STATUS:		[query only]
:OPERation		
:[EVENt]?		[query only, always returns "0"]
:CONDition?		[query only, always returns "0"]
:ENABle :QUEStionable	<numeric value=""></numeric>	[implemented but not useful]
:[EVENt]?		[query only, always returns "0"]
:CONDition?		[query only, always returns "0"]
:ENABle	<numeric value=""></numeric>	[implemented but not useful]
SYSTem: :COMMunicate		
:GPIB		
:ADDRess	<numeric value=""></numeric>	
:SERial		
:CONTrol	ONLIDEUILLDED	
:RTS :[RECeive]	ON IBFull RFR	
:[KEGGIVG]	1200 2400 4800 96	500
:BITS	7 8	
:ECHO	<boolean value=""></boolean>	
:PARity		

:[TYPE] EVEN | ODD | NONE :SBITS 1 | 2 :ERRor :[NEXT]? [query only] :COUNT? [query only] :VERSion? [query only] TRIGger: INTernal | EXTernal | MANual | HOLD | IMMediate :SOURce *CLS [no query form] *ESE <numeric value> *ESR? [query only] *IDN? [query only] *OPC *SAV 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 [no query form] *RCL 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 [no query form] *RST [no query form] *SRE <numeric value> *STB? [query only] *TST? [query only] *WAI [no query form]

MECHANICAL INFORMATION

TOP COVER REMOVAL

If necessary, the interior of the instrument may be accessed by removing the four Phillips screws on the top panel. With the four screws removed, the top cover may be slid back (and off).

Always disconnect the power cord and allow the instrument to sit unpowered for 10 minutes before opening the instrument. This will allow any internal stored charge to discharge.

There are no user-adjustable internal circuits. For repairs other than fuse replacement, please contact Avtech (info@avtechpulse.com) to arrange for the instrument to be returned to the factory for repair. Service is to be performed solely by qualified service personnel.

Caution: High voltages are present inside the instrument during normal operation. Do not operate the instrument with the cover removed.

RACK MOUNTING

A rack mounting kit is available. The -R5 rack mount kit may be installed after first removing the one Phillips screw on the side panel adjacent to the front handle.

ELECTROMAGNETIC INTERFERENCE

To prevent electromagnetic interference with other equipment, all used outputs should be connected to shielded loads using shielded coaxial cables. Unused outputs should be terminated with shielded coaxial terminators or with shielded coaxial dust caps, to prevent unintentional electromagnetic radiation. All cords and cables should be less than 3m in length.

MAINTENANCE

REGULAR MAINTENANCE

This instrument does not require any regular maintenance.

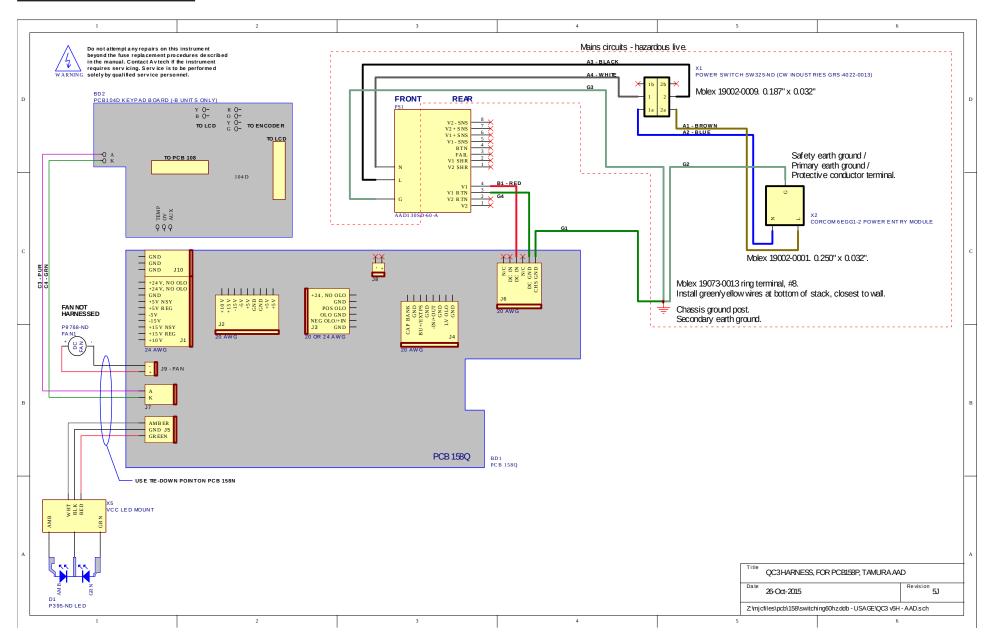
On occasion, one or more of the four rear-panel fuses may require replacement. All fuses can be accessed from the rear panel. See the "FUSES" section for details.

CLEANING

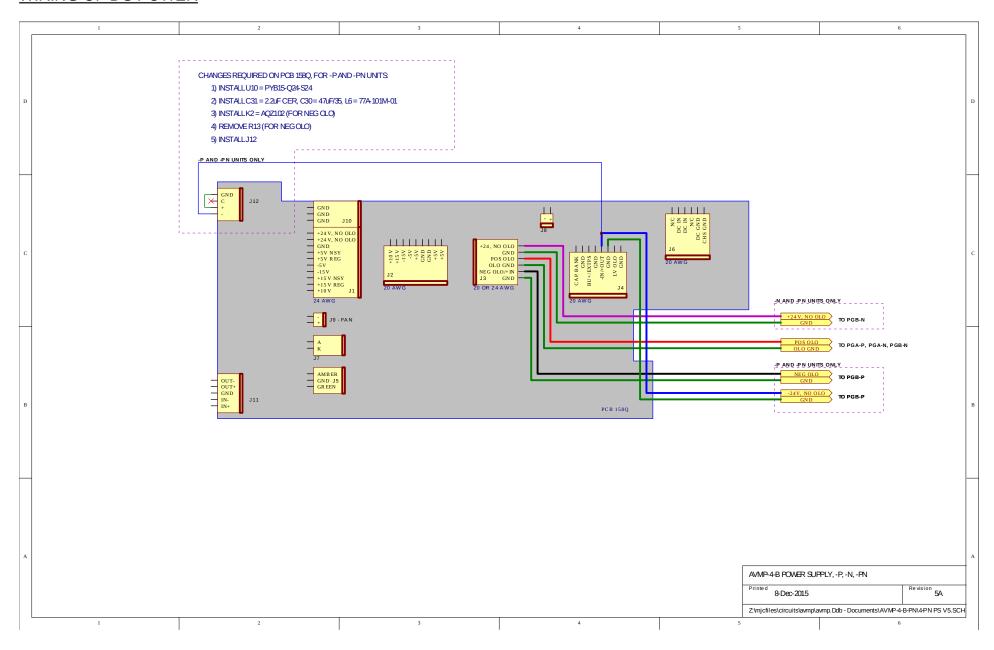
If desired, the interior of the instrument may be cleaned using compressed air to dislodge any accumulated dust. (See the "TOP COVER REMOVAL" section for instructions on accessing the interior.) No other cleaning is recommended.

WIRING DIAGRAMS

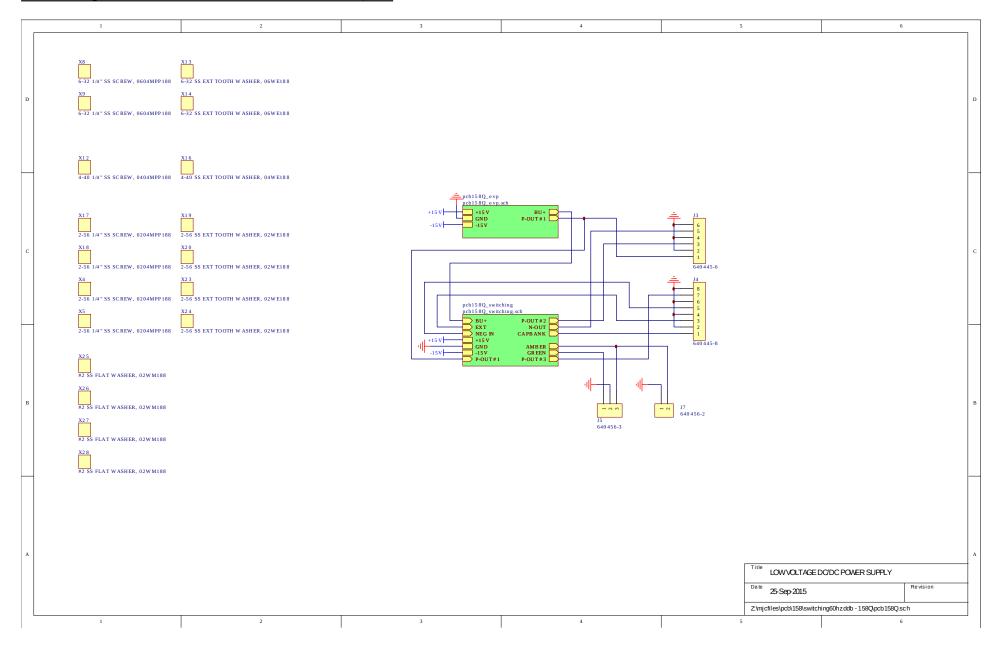
WIRING OF AC POWER



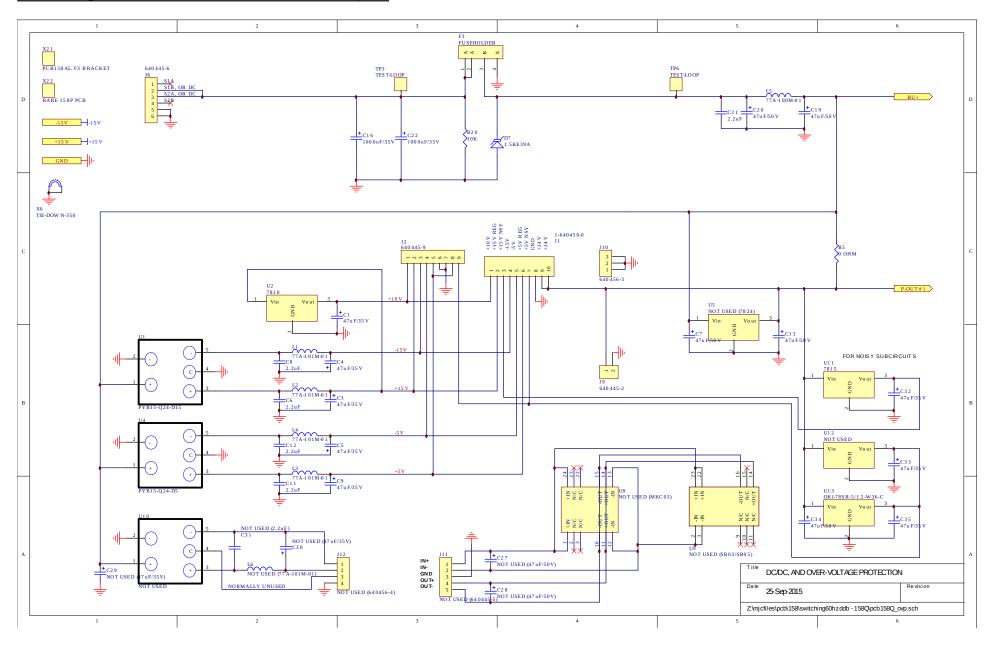
WIRING OF DC POWER



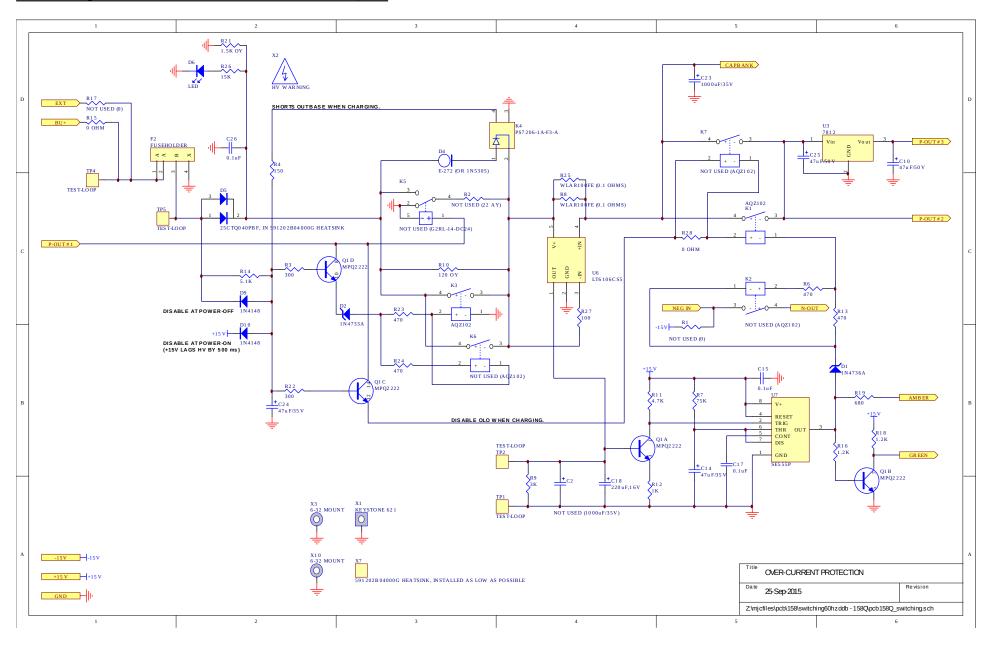
PCB 158Q - LOW VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY, 1/3



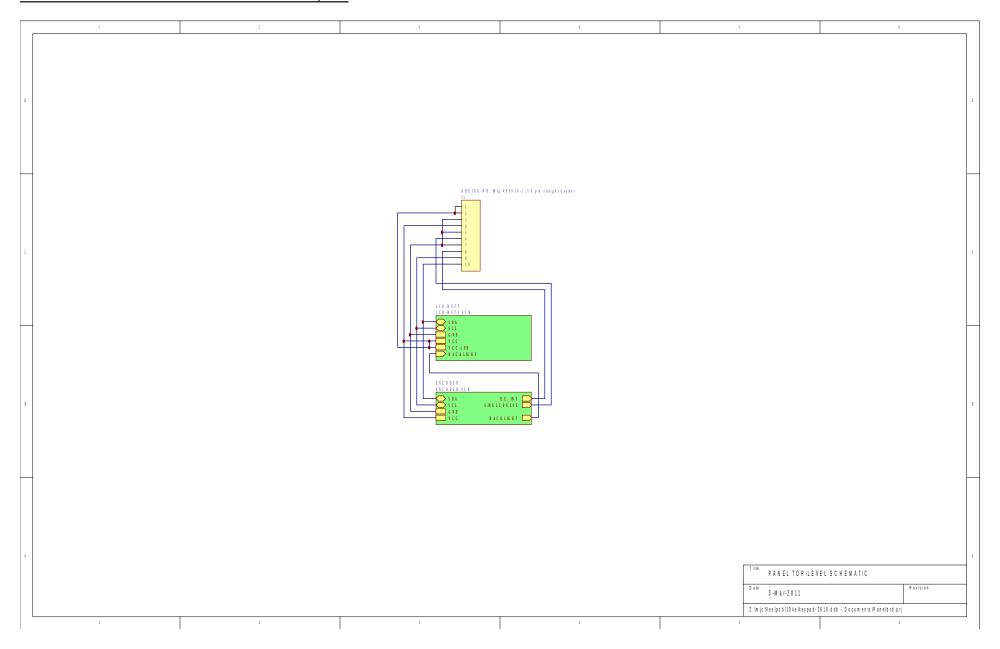
PCB 158Q - LOW VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY, 2/3



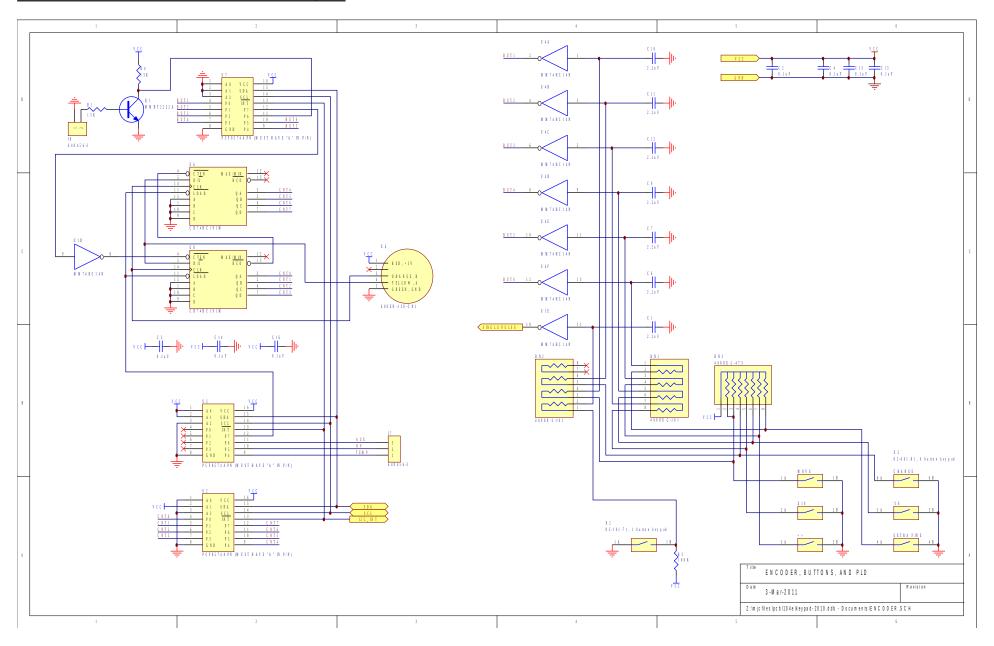
PCB 158Q - LOW VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY, 3/3



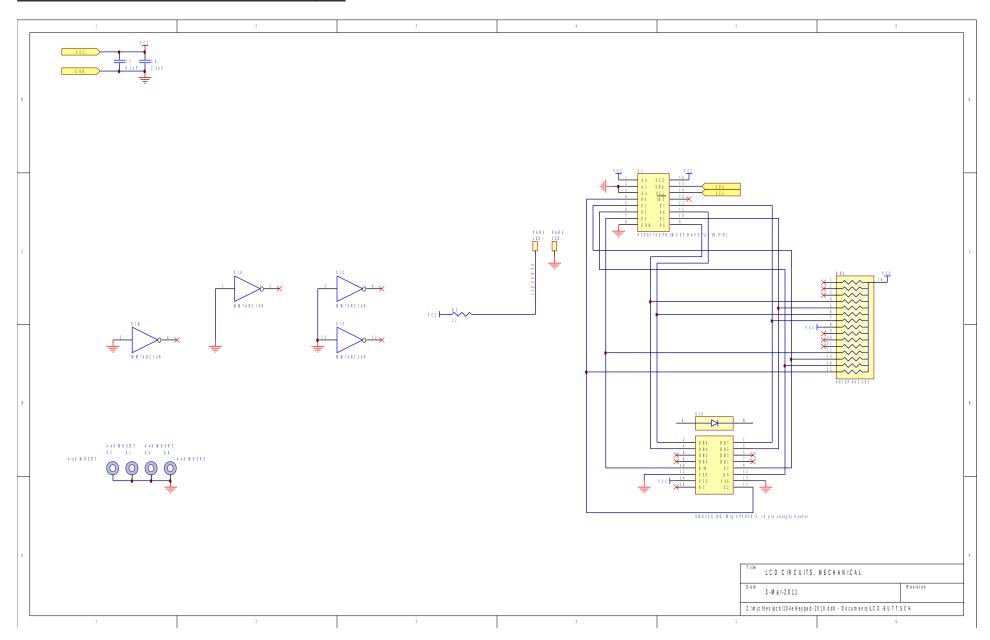
PCB 104E - KEYPAD / DISPLAY BOARD, 1/3



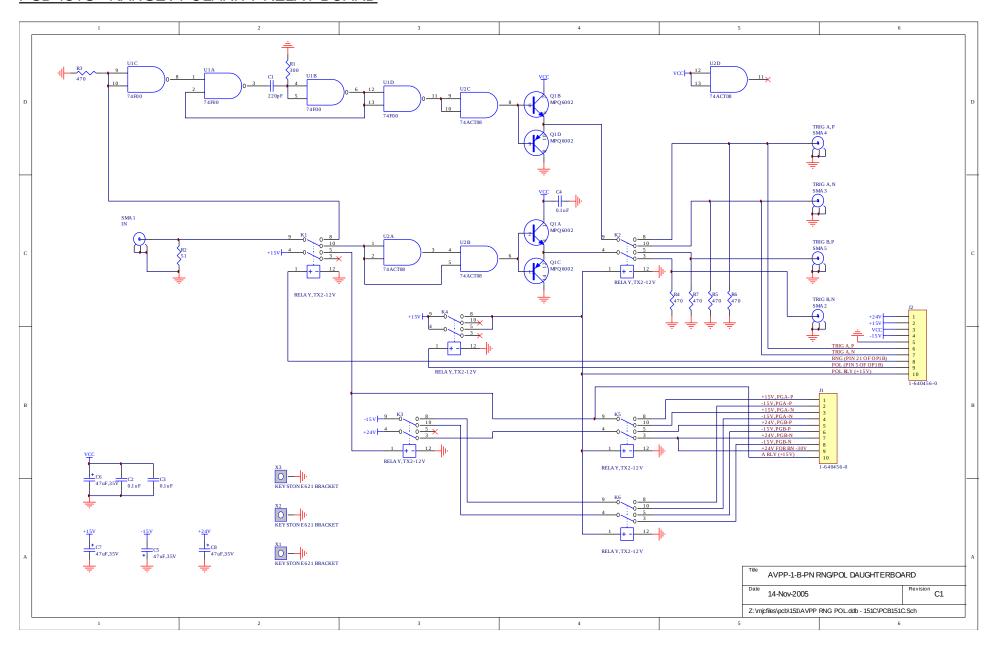
PCB 104E - KEYPAD / DISPLAY BOARD, 2/3



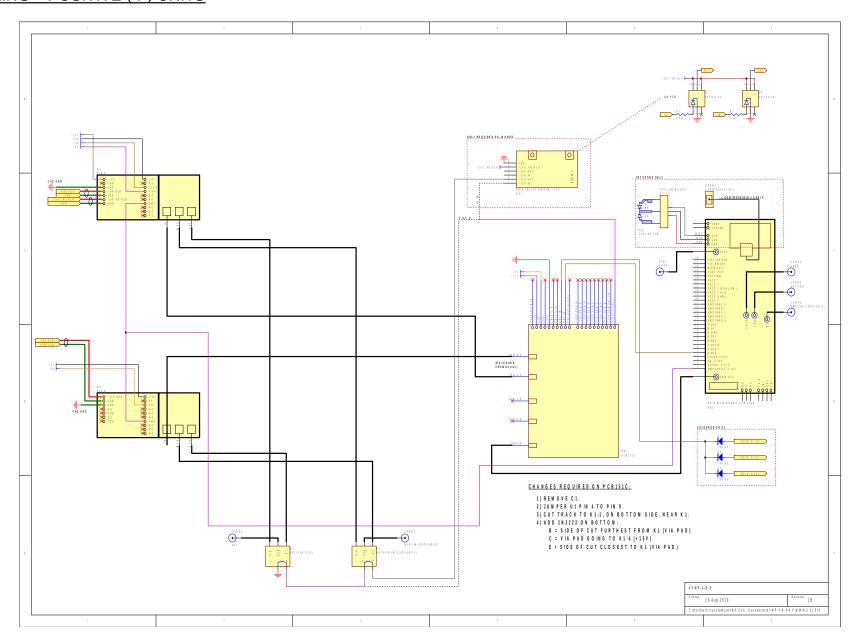
PCB 104E - KEYPAD / DISPLAY BOARD, 3/3



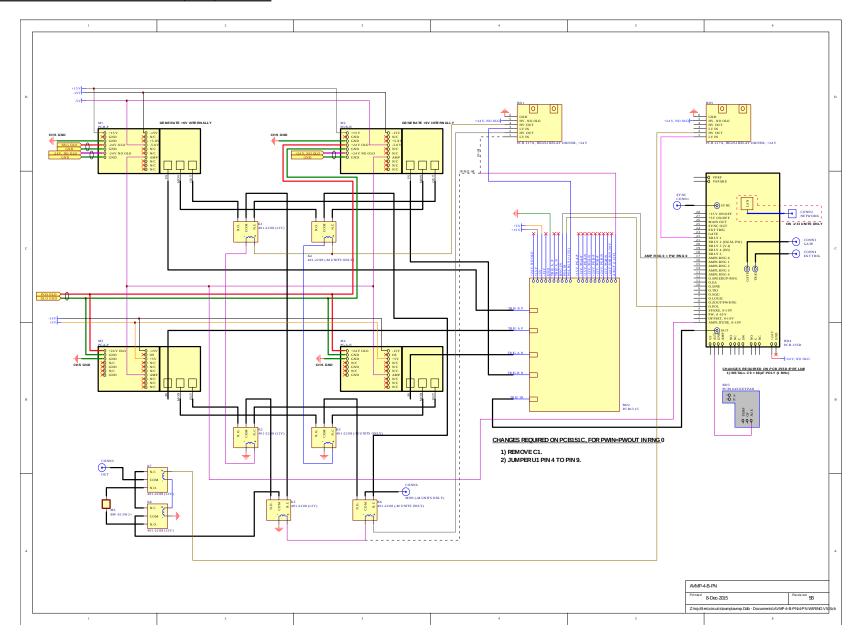
PCB 151C - RANGE / POLARITY RELAY BOARD



MAIN WIRING - POSITIVE (-P) UNITS



MAIN WIRING - DUAL-POLARITY (-PN) UNITS



PERFORMANCE CHECKSHEET