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## INSTRUCTIONS

MODEL AVR-G1-C-OS-UMA

0 TO  $\pm 250$  VOLTS, WITH ALTERNATING POLARITY

PRF to 1 kHz, 100 ns to 1 ms PULSE WIDTH

PULSE GENERATOR

SERIAL NUMBER: \_\_\_\_\_

### WARRANTY

Avtech Electrosystems Ltd. warrants products of its manufacture to be free from defects in material and workmanship under conditions of normal use. If, within one year after delivery to the original owner, and after prepaid return by the original owner, this Avtech product is found to be defective, Avtech shall at its option repair or replace said defective item. This warranty does not apply to units which have been disassembled, modified or subjected to conditions exceeding the applicable specifications or ratings. This warranty is the extent of the obligation assumed by Avtech with respect to this product and no other warranty or guarantee is either expressed or implied.

### TECHNICAL SUPPORT

Phone: 613-226-5772 or 1-800-265-6681

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E-mail: [info@avtechpulse.com](mailto:info@avtechpulse.com)

World Wide Web: <http://www.avtechpulse.com>

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Manual Reference: /files/server1/officefiles/instructword/avr-g/AVR-G1-C-OS-UMA,edition1.sxw.  
Last modified February 29, 2024.  
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## INTRODUCTION

The AVR-G1-C-OS-UMA is a high performance instrument capable of generating pulses of up to 250V (into  $R_L \geq 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ ) at repetition rates up to 1 kHz. The output pulse width is variable from 100 ns to 1 ms. The rise time is less than 10 ns, and the fall time is less than 20 ns. The output polarity alternates with each pulse. That is, every second pulse is negative. The remainder are positive.

A DC voltage may be applied to a rear-panel connector, to add a DC offset to the output.

This instrument is intended for use in research and development laboratories.

## SPECIFICATIONS

Model:	AVR-G1-C-OS-UMA <sup>1</sup>
Amplitude:	0 to 250 Volts
Pulse width (FWHM) <sup>2</sup> :	100 ns to 1 ms
Load impedance:	$\geq 10 \text{ k}\Omega$
Rise time (20%-80%):	$\leq 10 \text{ ns}$
Fall time (80%-20%):	$\leq 20 \text{ ns}$
PRF:	0 to 1 kHz
Duty cycle:	0 - 20 %
Polarity:	The output polarity alternates with each pulse. That is, every second pulse is negative. The remainder are positive.
Propagation delay:	$\leq 100 \text{ ns}$ (Ext trig in to pulse out)
Jitter (Ext trig in to pulse out):	$\pm 100 \text{ ps} \pm 0.03\%$ of sync delay
DC offset:	Add externally generated DC voltage to rear panel connector. 10 kilohm input impedance.
Trigger required: (ext trig mode)	Mode A: + 5 Volt, 50 ns - 500 ns (TTL) Mode B: + 5 Volt, $PW_{IN} = PW_{OUT}$ (TTL)
Sync delay:	Variable 0 to $\pm 1 \text{ ms}$
Sync output:	+ 3 Volts, 200 ns, will drive 50 Ohm loads
Connectors:	Out, Trig: BNC
Power requirements:	100 - 240 Volts, 50 - 60 Hz
Dimensions (H x W x D):	100 mm x 430 mm x 375 mm (3.9" x 17" x 14.8")
Chassis material:	cast aluminum frame and handles, blue vinyl on aluminum cover plates
Temperature range:	+5°C to +40°C

1) -C suffix indicates stand-alone lab instrument with internal clock and line powering. (See <http://www.avtechpulse.com/formats> for details of the four basic instrument formats).

2) When triggered externally, the pulse width can be set by the pulse instrument controls, or it may be set to track the input trigger pulse width.

## EUROPEAN REGULATORY NOTES

### EC DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

We

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Ottawa, Ontario  
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declare that this pulse generator meets the intent of Directive 89/336/EEC for Electromagnetic Compatibility. Compliance pertains to the following specifications as listed in the official Journal of the European Communities:

EN 50081-1 Emission

EN 50082-1 Immunity

and that this pulse generator meets the intent of the Low Voltage Directive 72/23/EEC as amended by 93/68/EEC. Compliance pertains to the following specifications as listed in the official Journal of the European Communities:

EN 61010-1:2001 Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use



### DIRECTIVE 2002/95/EC (RoHS)

This instrument is exempt from Directive 2002/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 January 2003 on the Restriction of the use of certain Hazardous Substances (RoHS) in electrical and electronic equipment. Specifically, Avtech instruments are considered "Monitoring and control instruments" (Category 9) as defined in Annex 1A of Directive 2002/96/EC. The Directive 2002/95/EC only applies to Directive 2002/96/EC categories 1-7 and 10, as stated in the "Article 2 - Scope" section of Directive 2002/95/EC.

## INSTALLATION

### VISUAL CHECK

After unpacking the instrument mainframe and the transformer module, examine to ensure that they have not been damaged in shipment. Visually inspect all connectors, knobs, and handles. Confirm that a power cord and an instrumentation manual (this manual), are with the instrument. If the instrument has been damaged, file a claim immediately with the company that transported the instrument.

### POWER RATINGS


This instrument is intended to operate from 100 - 240 V, 50 - 60 Hz.

The maximum power consumption is 57 Watts. Please see the “FUSES” section for information about the appropriate AC and DC fuses.

This instrument is an “Installation Category II” instrument, intended for operation from a normal single-phase supply.

### CONNECTION TO THE POWER SUPPLY

An IEC-320 three-pronged recessed male socket is provided on the back panel for AC power connection to the instrument. One end of the detachable power cord that is supplied with the instrument plugs into this socket. The other end of the detachable power cord plugs into the local mains supply. Use only the cable supplied with the instrument. The mains supply must be earthed, and the cord used to connect the instrument to the mains supply must provide an earth connection. (The supplied cord does this.)


 Warning: Failure to use a grounded outlet may result in injury or death due to electric shock. This product uses a power cord with a ground connection. It must be connected to a properly grounded outlet. The instrument chassis is connected to the ground wire in the power cord.

The table below describes the power cord that is normally supplied with this instrument, depending on the destination region:



Destination Region	Description	Manufacturer	Part Number
Continental Europe	European CEE 7/7 "Schuko" 230V, 50Hz	Volex ( <a href="http://www.volex.com">http://www.volex.com</a> )	17850-C3-326
United Kingdom	BS 1363, 230V, 50Hz	Volex ( <a href="http://www.volex.com">http://www.volex.com</a> )	17962-C3-10
Switzerland	SEV 1011, 230V, 50Hz	Volex ( <a href="http://www.volex.com">http://www.volex.com</a> )	2102H-C3-10
Israel	SI 32, 220V, 50Hz	Volex ( <a href="http://www.volex.com">http://www.volex.com</a> )	2115H-C3-10
North America, and all other areas	NEMA 5-15, 120V, 60 Hz	Volex ( <a href="http://www.volex.com">http://www.volex.com</a> )	17250-B1-10
		Qualtek ( <a href="http://www.qualtekusa.com">http://www.qualtekusa.com</a> )	312007-01

## PROTECTION FROM ELECTRIC SHOCK

 Operators of this instrument must be protected from electric shock at all times. The owner must ensure that operators are prevented access and/or are insulated from every connection point. In some cases, connections must be exposed to potential human contact. Operators must be trained to protect themselves from the risk of electric shock. This instrument is intended for use by qualified personnel who recognize shock hazards and are familiar with safety precautions required to avoid possibly injury. In particular, operators should:

1. Keep exposed high-voltage wiring to an absolute minimum.
2. Wherever possible, use shielded connectors and cabling.
3. Connect and disconnect loads and cables only when the instrument is turned off.
4. Keep in mind that all cables, connectors, oscilloscope probes, and loads must have an appropriate voltage rating.
5. Do not attempt any repairs on the instrument, beyond the fuse replacement procedures described in this manual. Contact Avtech technical support (see page 2 for contact information) if the instrument requires servicing. Service is to be performed solely by qualified service personnel.

## ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

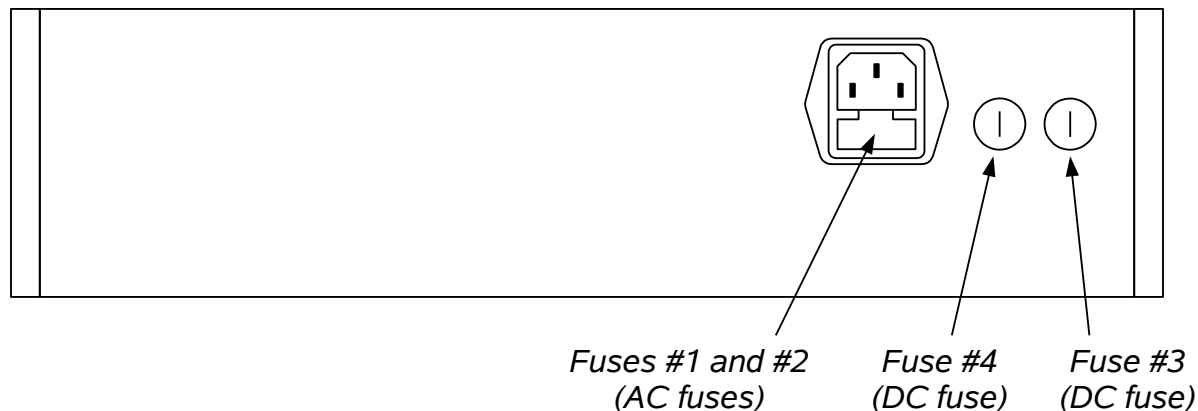
This instrument is intended for use under the following conditions:

- 1) indoor use;
- 2) altitude up to 2 000 m;
- 3) temperature 5 °C to 40 °C;
- 4) maximum relative humidity 80 % for temperatures up to 31 °C decreasing linearly to 50 % relative humidity at 40 °C;

- 5) Mains supply voltage fluctuations up to  $\pm 10\%$  of the nominal voltage;
- 6) no pollution or only dry, non-conductive pollution.

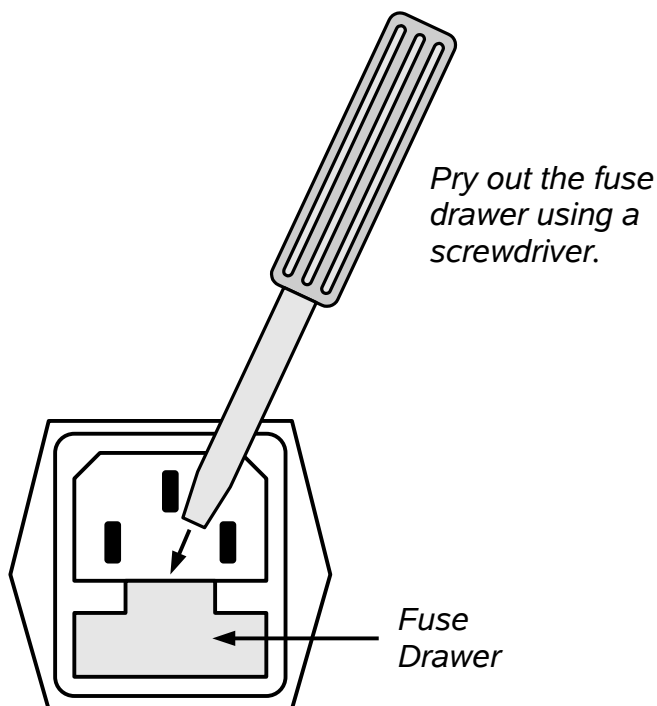
## FUSES

This instrument contains four fuses. All are accessible from the rear-panel. Two protect the AC prime power input, and two protect the internal DC power supplies. The locations of the fuses on the rear panel are shown in the figure below:



### AC FUSE REPLACEMENT

To physically access the AC fuses, the power cord must be detached from the rear panel of the instrument. The fuse drawer may then be extracted using a small flat-head screwdriver, as shown below:



## DC FUSE REPLACEMENT

The DC fuses may be replaced by inserting the tip of a flat-head screwdriver into the fuse holder slot, and rotating the slot counter-clockwise. The fuse and its carrier will then pop out.

## FUSE RATINGS

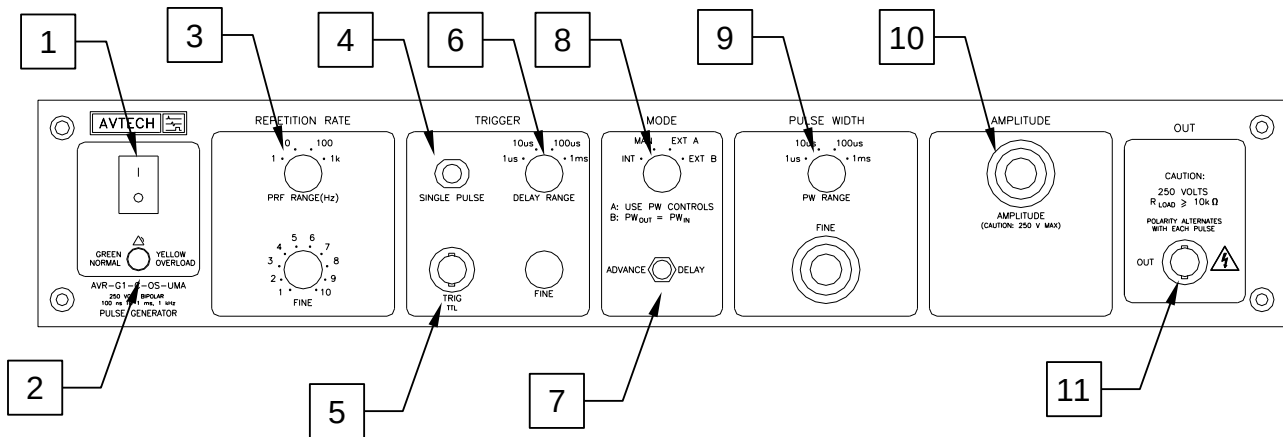
The following table lists the required fuses:

Fuses	Nominal Mains Voltage	Rating	Case Size	Manufacturer's Part Number (Wickmann)	Distributor's Part Number (Digi-Key)
#1, #2 (AC)	100-240V	0.5A, 250V, Time-Delay	5×20 mm	1950500000	WK5041-ND
#3 (DC)	N/A	0.8A, 250V, Time-Delay	5×20 mm	1950800000	WK5046-ND
#4 (DC)	N/A	0.5A, 250V, Time-Delay	5×20 mm	1950500000	WK5041-ND

The fuse manufacturer is Wickmann (<http://www.wickmann.com/>).

Replacement fuses may be easily obtained from Digi-Key (<http://www.digikey.com/>) and other distributors.

## FRONT PANEL CONTROLS



1. **POWER Switch.** This is the main power switch. When turning the instrument on, there may be a delay of several seconds before the instrument appears to respond.
2. **OVERLOAD Indicator.** When the instrument is powered, this indicator is normally green, indicating normal operation. If this indicator is yellow, an internal automatic overload protection circuit has been tripped. If the unit is overloaded (by operating at an exceedingly high duty cycle or by operating into a very low impedance), the protective circuit will disable the output of the instrument and turn the indicator light yellow. The light will stay yellow (i.e. output disabled) for about 5 seconds after which the instrument will attempt to re-enable the output (i.e. light green) for about 1 second. If the overload condition persists, the output will be disabled again (i.e. light yellow) for another 5 seconds. If the overload condition has been removed, the instrument will resume normal operation.  
  
This overload indicator may flash yellow briefly at start-up. This is not a cause for concern.
3. **PRF Range Switch and Vernier.** This switch sets the pulse repetition frequency (PRF) range of the internal oscillator. The marked value of each position is the upper limit of the range, approximately. The vernier dial directly below the switch varies the PRF within the set range.
4. **SINGLE PULSE Push Button.** The "SINGLE PULSE" push button will trigger the instrument manually for one cycle of output, when the "MODE" switch is in the "MAN" position. Otherwise, the push button has no effect.
5. **TRIG Connector.** When the "MODE" switch is in the "EXT" position, this connector is an input. The external trigger (50 ns or wider, TTL levels) is applied to this connector.

When operating in the "INT" mode, this connector is an output. A SYNC output is generated on this connector, to synchronize oscilloscopes or other measurement

systems.


6. Delay Range Switch and Vernier. This switch and one-turn dial sets the delay between the main output and the TRIG output. The marked value of each switch position is the upper limit of the range, approximately. The vernier dial directly below the switch varies the delay within the set range.
7. ADVANCE/DELAY Switch. With this switch in the DELAY position, the leading edge of the output pulse precedes the leading edge of the TRIG output. When in the ADVANCE position, the leading edge of the TRIG output precedes the leading edge of the main output.
8. MODE Switch. In the "INT" position the instrument is internally triggered and the TRIG connector provides a SYNC output which allows one to trigger other instruments, such as oscilloscopes.

In the "MAN" position a single pulse can be generated by pressing the "SINGLE PULSE" push button. The TRIG connector is not used in this mode.

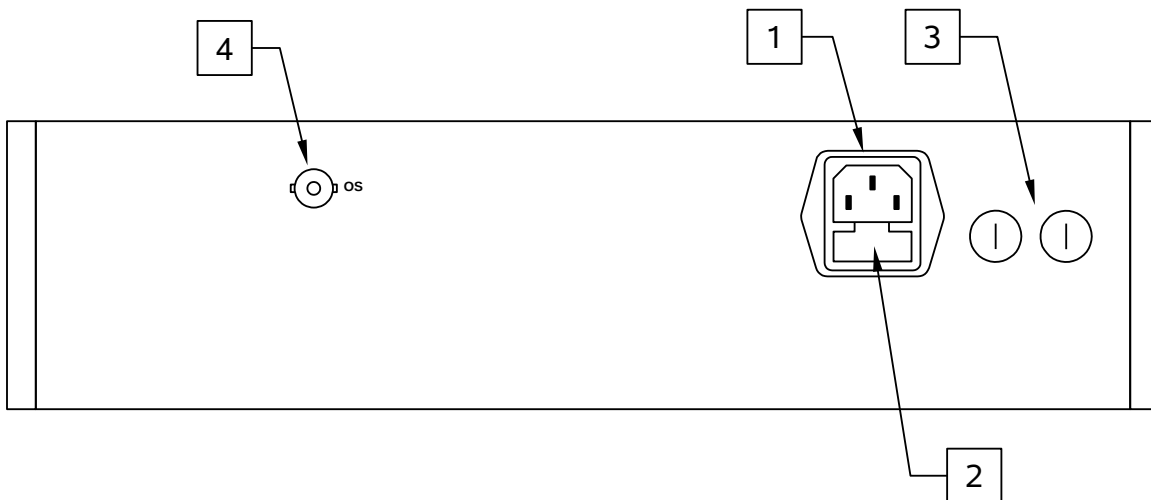
In the "EXT A" position the instrument is triggered by a TTL-level pulse on the TRIG connector. The output parameters (pulse width, delay, and amplitude) are determined by the front panel settings.

In the "EXT B" position the instrument is triggered by a TTL-level pulse on the TRIG connector. The output pulse occurs with nominally zero delay, and the output pulse width is approximately equal to the input pulse width. The amplitude is controlled by the front panel settings.

9. PULSE WIDTH Controls. This switch and ten-turn dial set the pulse width of the the main output. The marked value of each switch position is the upper limit of the range, approximately. The vernier dial directly below the switch varies the delay within the set range.
10. AMPLITUDE Controls. This ten-turn dial provides continuously variable control of the peak amplitude of the main output from 0 to the full-scale range value.
11. OUT CONNECTOR. This BNC connector provides the main output signal, into load impedances of  $R_L \geq 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ .

 Caution: Voltages as high as  $\pm 250\text{V}$  may be present on the center conductor of this output connector. Avoid touching this conductor. Connect to this connector using standard coaxial cable, to ensure that the center conductor is not exposed.

## REAR PANEL CONTROLS

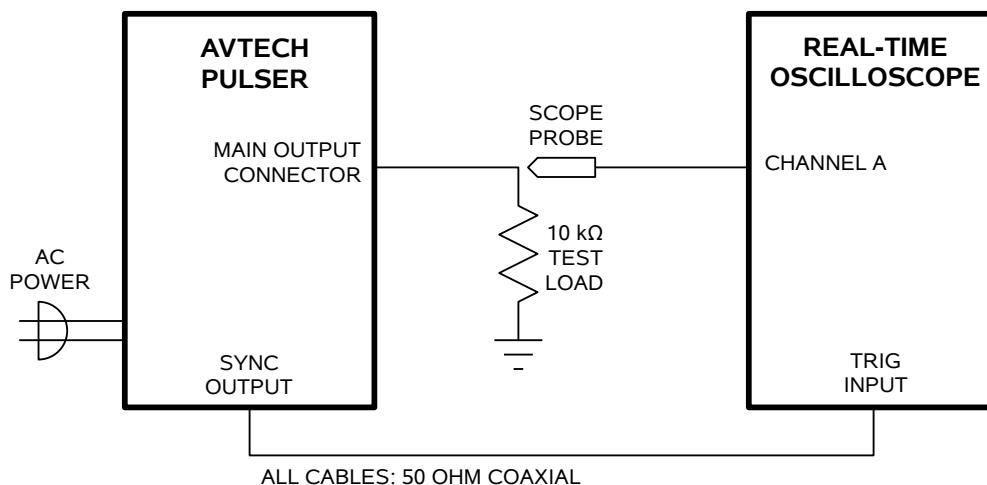


1. AC POWER INPUT. An IEC-320 C14 three-pronged recessed male socket is provided on the back panel for AC power connection to the instrument. One end of the detachable power cord that is supplied with the instrument plugs into this socket.
2. AC FUSE DRAWER. The two fuses that protect the AC input are located in this drawer. Please see the “FUSES” section of this manual for more information.
3. DC FUSES. These two fuses protect the internal DC power supplies. Please see the “FUSES” sections of this manual for more information.
4. OS INPUT. A DC voltage may be applied to this input connector. This input is connected to the output through a 10 kilohm resistance. This will act to add a DC offset to the output. The maximum DC offset is  $\pm 50\text{V}$ . (If the load impedance is the minimum allowed value of 10 kilohms,  $\pm 100\text{V}$  will have to be applied to the DC input in order to generate  $\pm 50\text{V}$  at the output, due to the resistor-divider effect.)

## GENERAL INFORMATION

### BASIC TEST ARRANGEMENT

The AVR-G1-C-OS-UMA should be tested with a sampling oscilloscope with a bandwidth of at least 100 MHz to properly observe the high-speed waveform. A typical test arrangement is shown below:



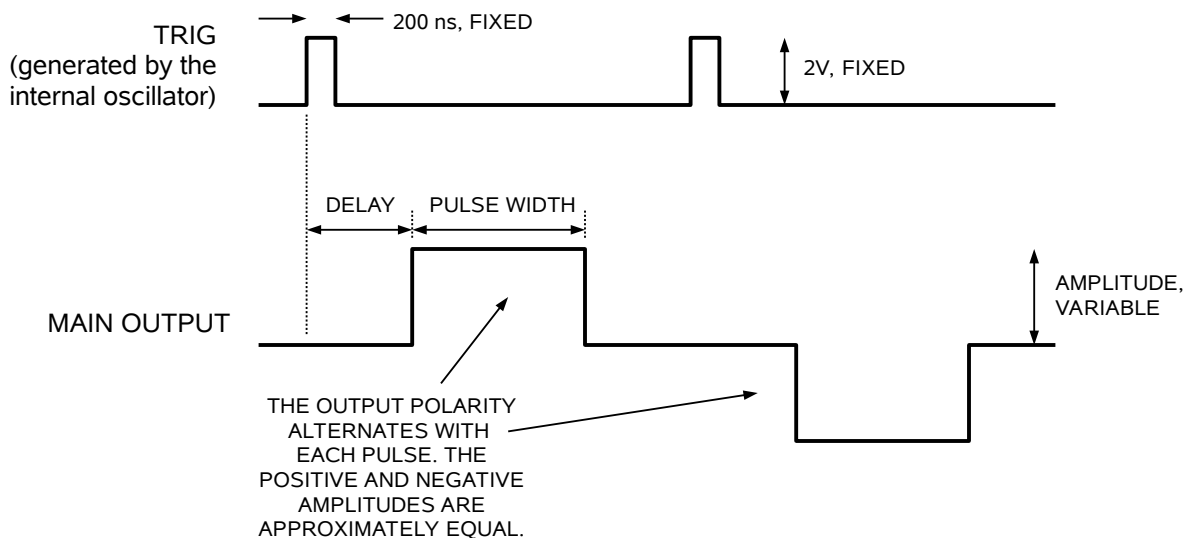
### BASIC PULSE CONTROL

This instrument can be triggered by its own internal clock or by an external TTL trigger signal. When triggered internally, two mainframe output channels respond to the trigger: OUT and SYNC.

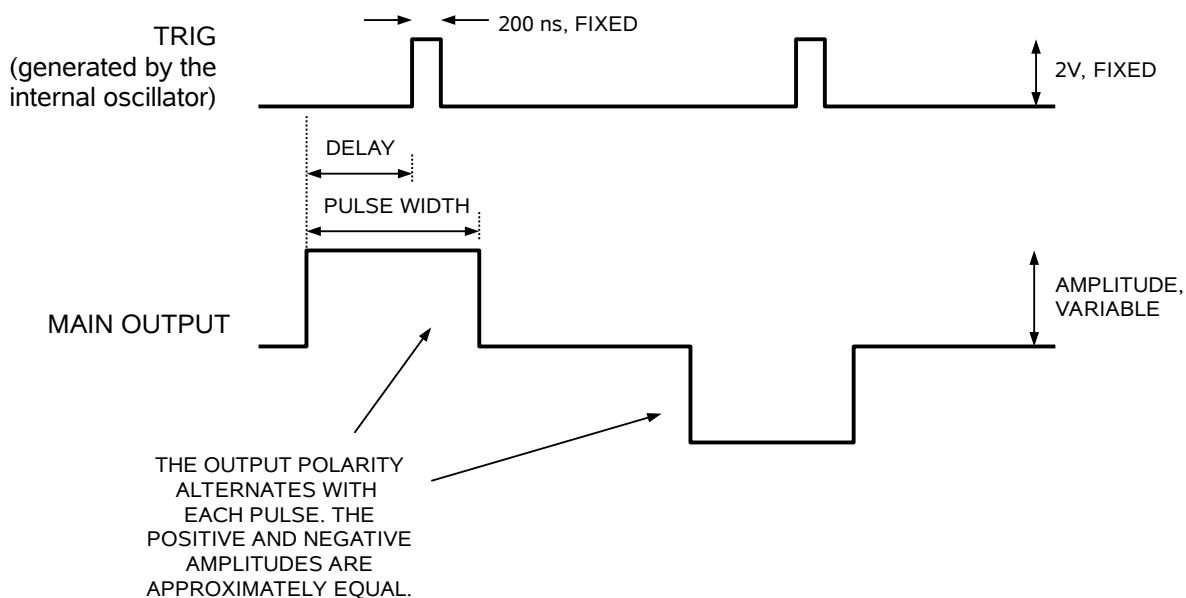
- OUT. This is the main output. The maximum output voltage is 250V.
- TRIG. The TRIG pulse is a fixed-width TTL-level reference pulse used to trigger oscilloscopes or other measurement systems.

When the ADVANCE/DELAY switch is set to "ADVANCE", the TRIG output precedes the main output. These pulses are illustrated below:






When the ADVANCE/DELAY switch is set to "DELAY", the TRIG output occurs after the main output. This illustrated below:



When triggered externally, the TRIG connector acts as an input. In the EXT A mode, the output parameters (pulse width, delay, and amplitude) are determined by the front panel settings. In the "EXT B" mode the instrument is triggered by a TTL-level pulse on the TRIG connector. The output pulse occurs with nominally zero delay, and the output pulse width is approximately equal to the input pulse width. The amplitude is controlled by the front panel settings.

### LOAD IMPEDANCE

 This unit was specifically designed to drive high impedance loads ( $R_L \geq 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ ). The unit may fail if operated into low impedance loads (e.g.  $50 \Omega$ ).


### DC OFFSET

A DC voltage may be applied to the rear-panel “OS” connector. This input is connected to the output through a 10 kilohm resistance. This will act to add a DC offset to the output. The maximum DC offset is  $\pm 50\text{V}$ . (If the load impedance is the minimum allowed value of 10 kilohms,  $\pm 100\text{V}$  will have to be applied to the DC input in order to generate  $\pm 50\text{V}$  at the output, due to the resistor-divider effect.)


## MECHANICAL INFORMATION

### TOP COVER REMOVAL

If necessary, the interior of the instrument may be accessed by removing the four Phillips screws on the top panel. With the four screws removed, the top cover may be slid back (and off).

 Always disconnect the power cord and allow the instrument to sit unpowered for 10 minutes before opening the instrument. This will allow any internal stored charge to discharge.

There are no user-adjustable internal circuits. For repairs other than fuse replacement, please contact Avtech (info@avtechpulse.com) to arrange for the instrument to be returned to the factory for repair. Service is to be performed solely by qualified service personnel.

 Caution: High voltages are present inside the instrument during normal operation. Do not operate the instrument with the cover removed.

### RACK MOUNTING

A rack mounting kit is available. The -R5 rack mount kit may be installed after first removing the one Phillips screw on the side panel adjacent to the front handle.

### ELECTROMAGNETIC INTERFERENCE

To prevent electromagnetic interference with other equipment, all used outputs should be connected to shielded loads using shielded coaxial cables. Unused outputs should be terminated with shielded coaxial terminators or with shielded coaxial dust caps, to prevent unintentional electromagnetic radiation. All cords and cables should be less than 3m in length.

## MAINTENANCE

### REGULAR MAINTENANCE

This instrument does not require any regular maintenance.

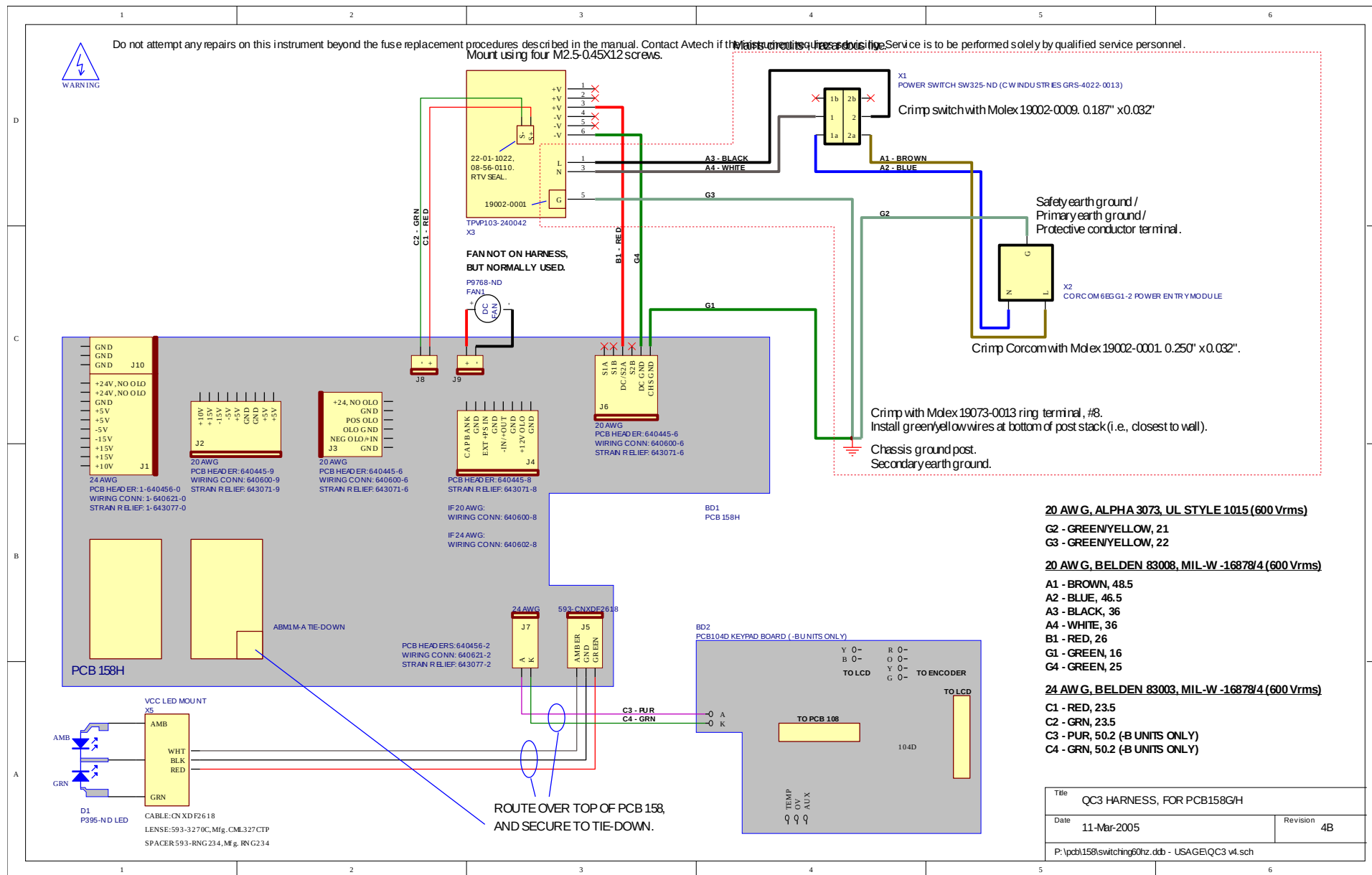
On occasion, one or more of the four rear-panel fuses may require replacement. All fuses can be accessed from the rear panel. See the “FUSES” section for details.

### CLEANING

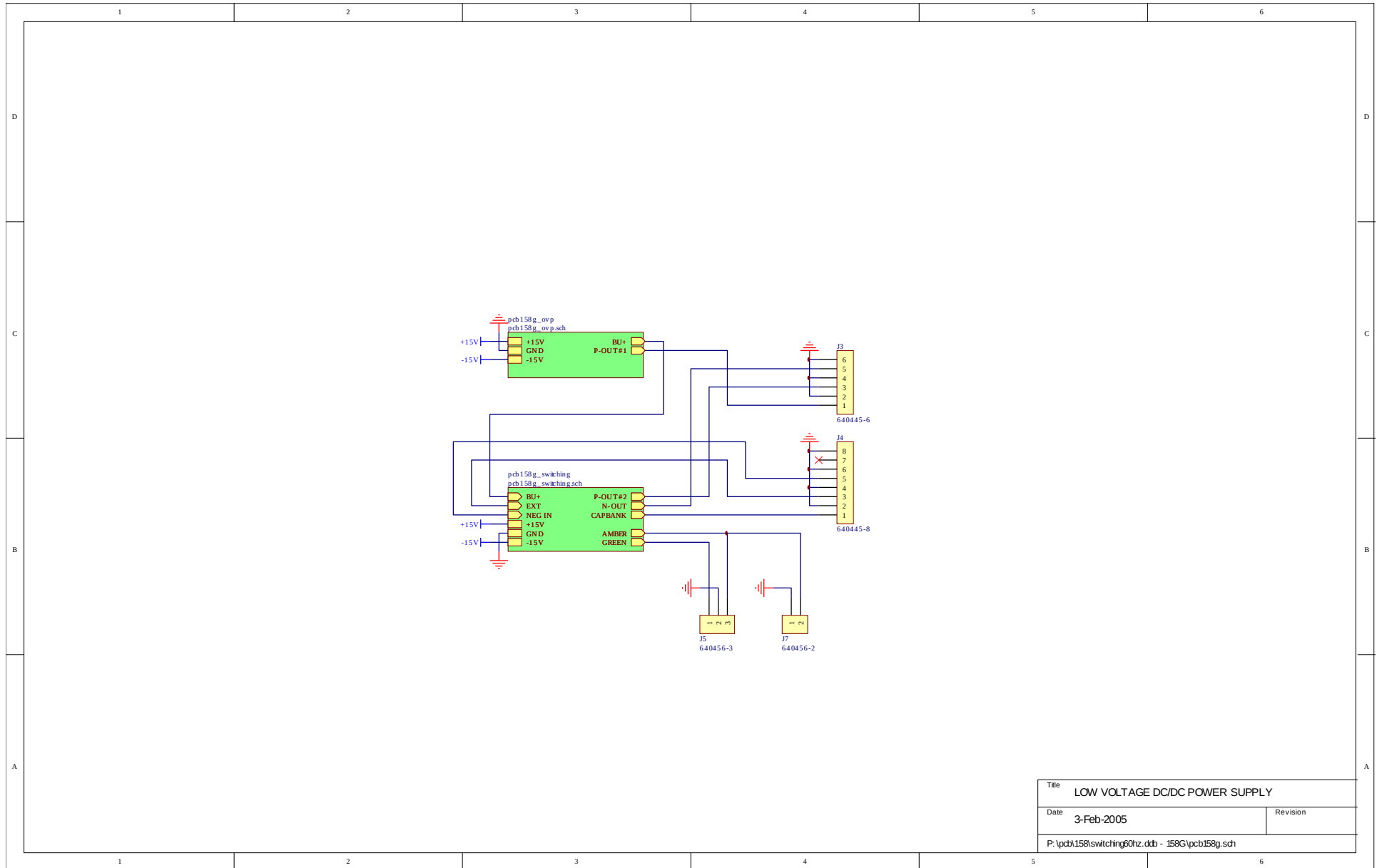
If desired, the interior of the instrument may be cleaned using compressed air to dislodge any accumulated dust. (See the “TOP COVER REMOVAL” section for instructions on accessing the interior.) No other cleaning is recommended.

# WIRING DIAGRAMS

## WIRING OF AC POWER

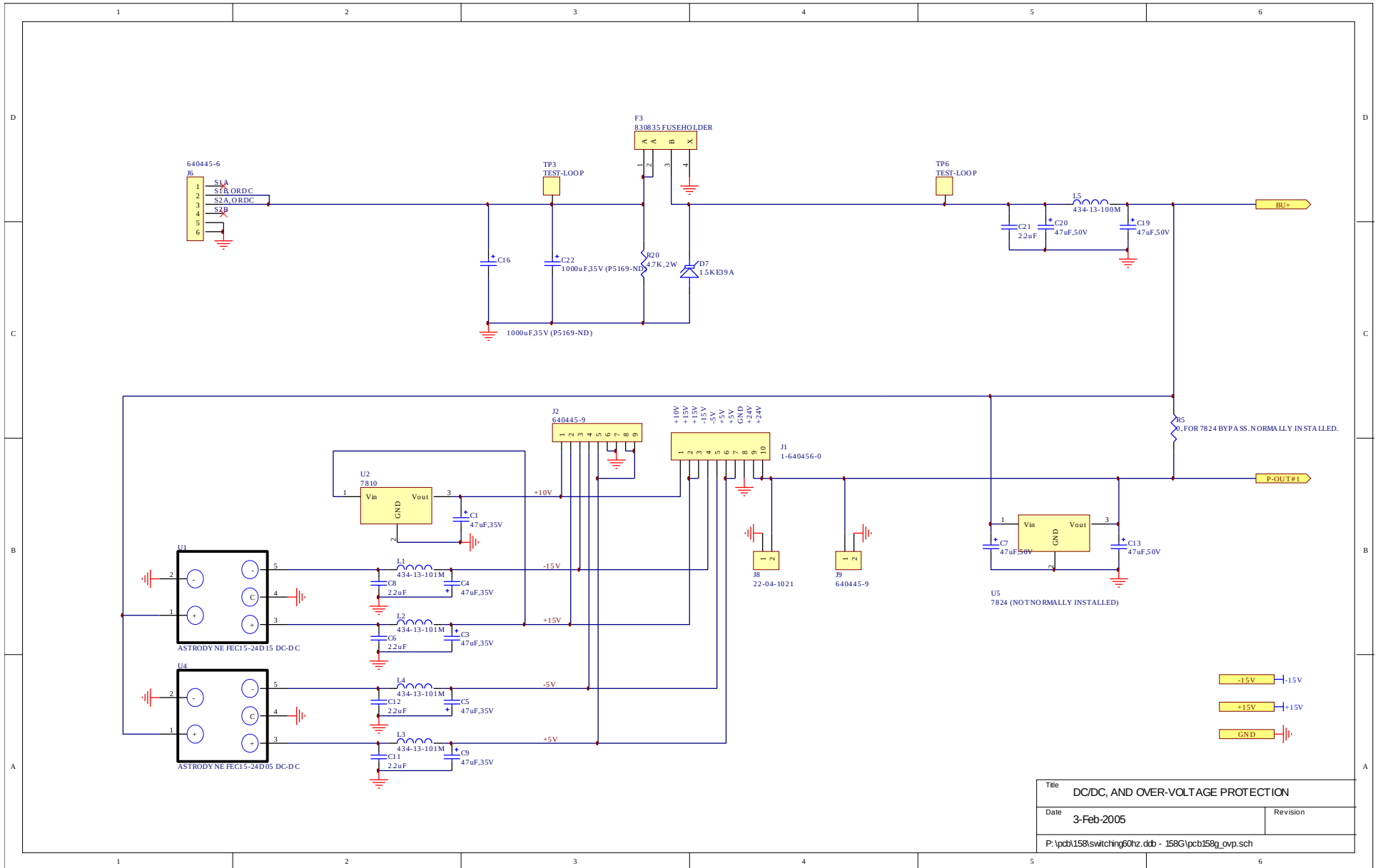


# PCB 158G - LOW VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY, 1/3

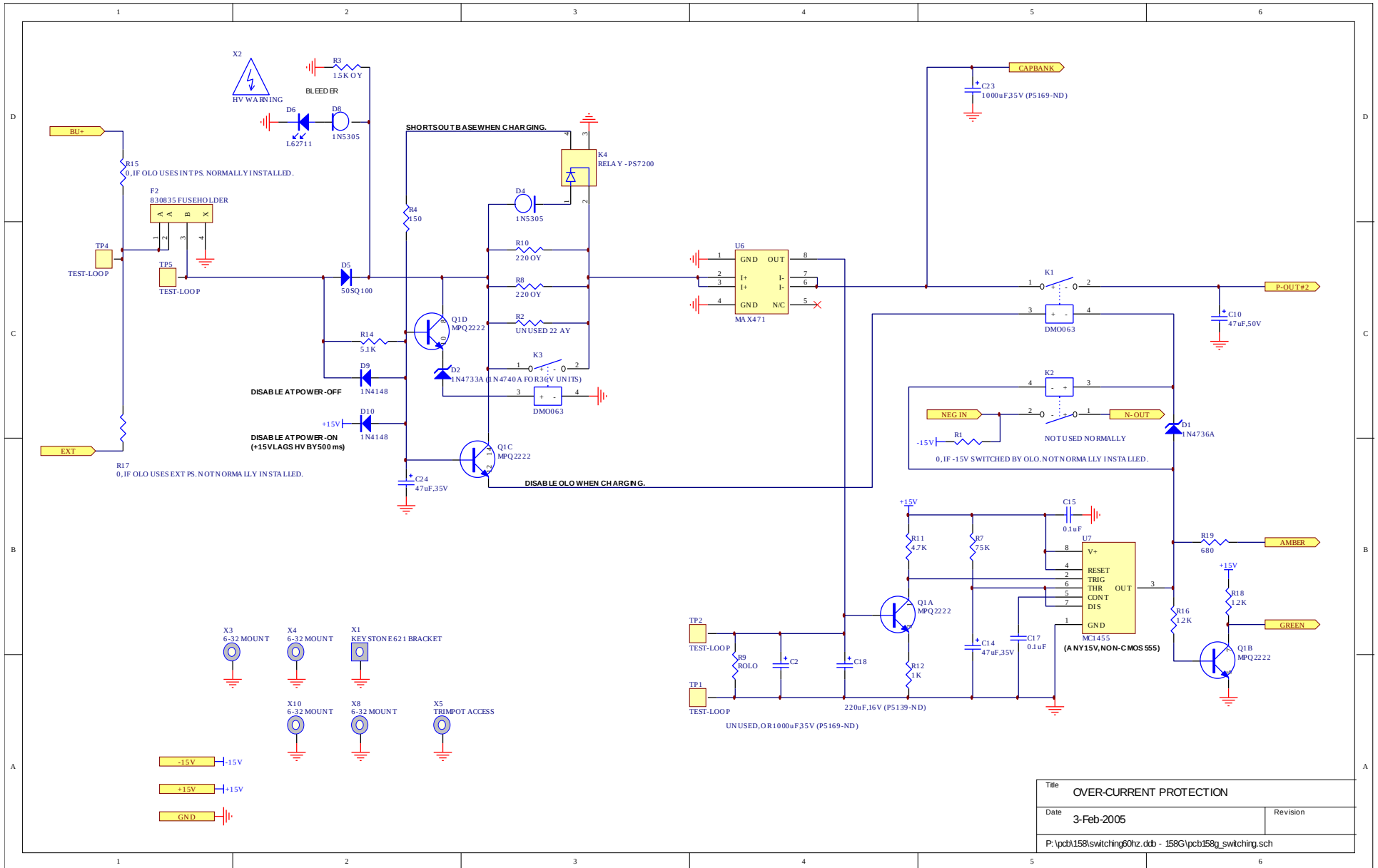


Title		LOW VOLTAGE DC/DC POWER SUPPLY
Date	3-Feb-2005	Revision
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# PCB 158G - LOW VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY, 2/3

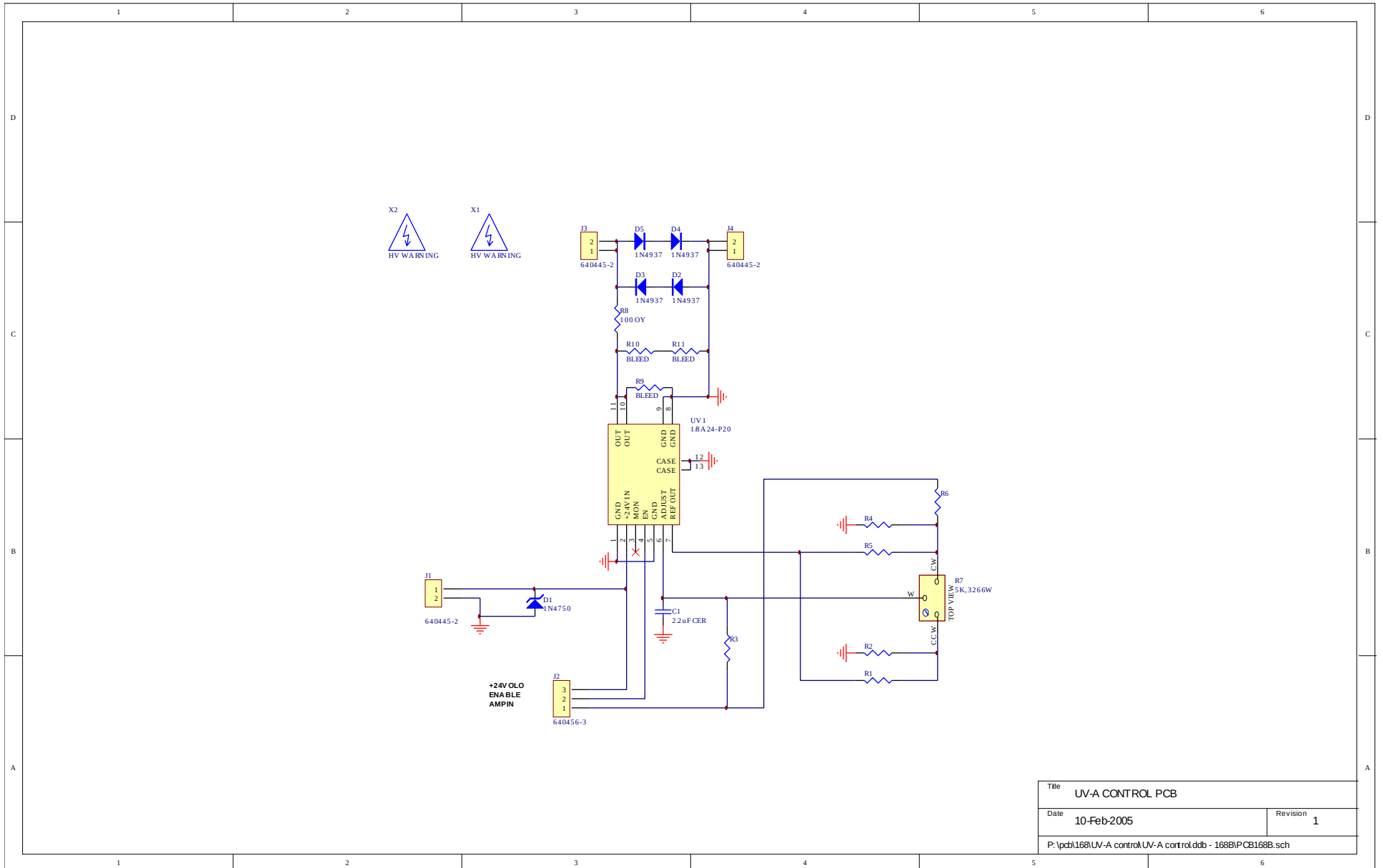


# PCB 158G - LOW VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY, 3/3



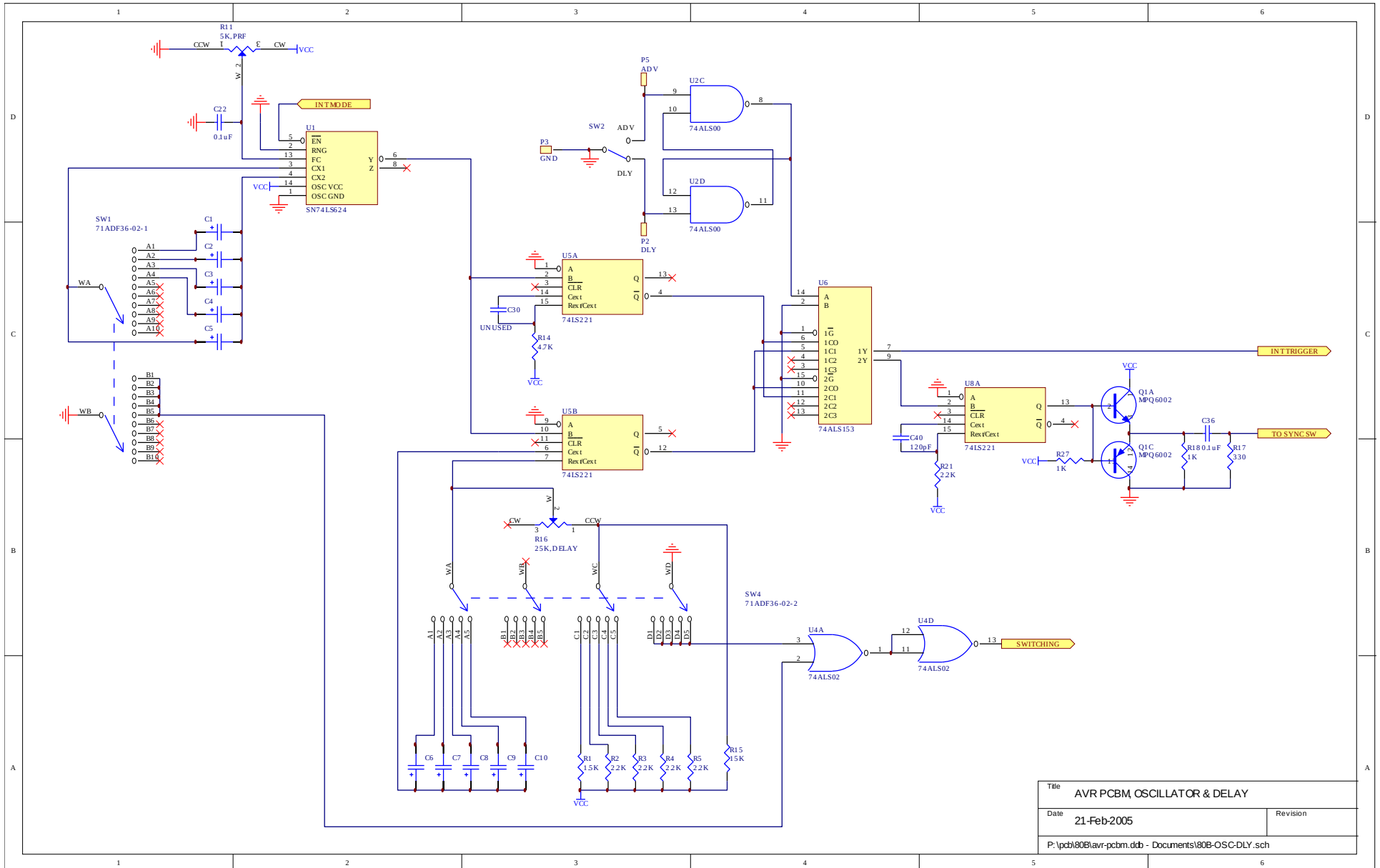


# PCB 168B - HIGH VOLTAGE DC POWER SUPPLY

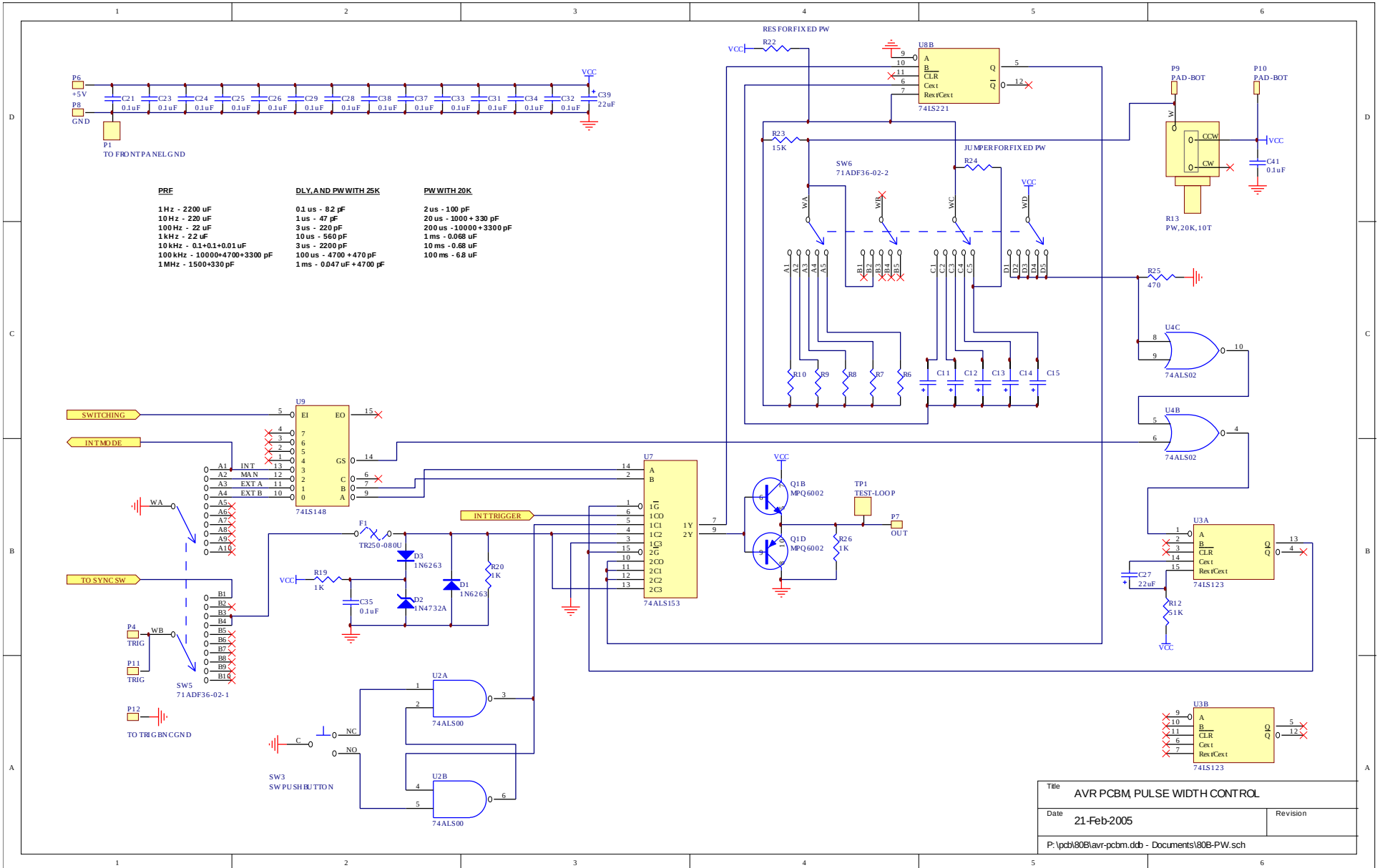


Title UV-A CONTROL PCB	
Date 10-Feb-2005	Revision 1
P:\pcb\168\UV-A control\UV-A control.dtb - 168B\PCB168B.sch	

# PCB 80B - TIMING BOARD (1/2)

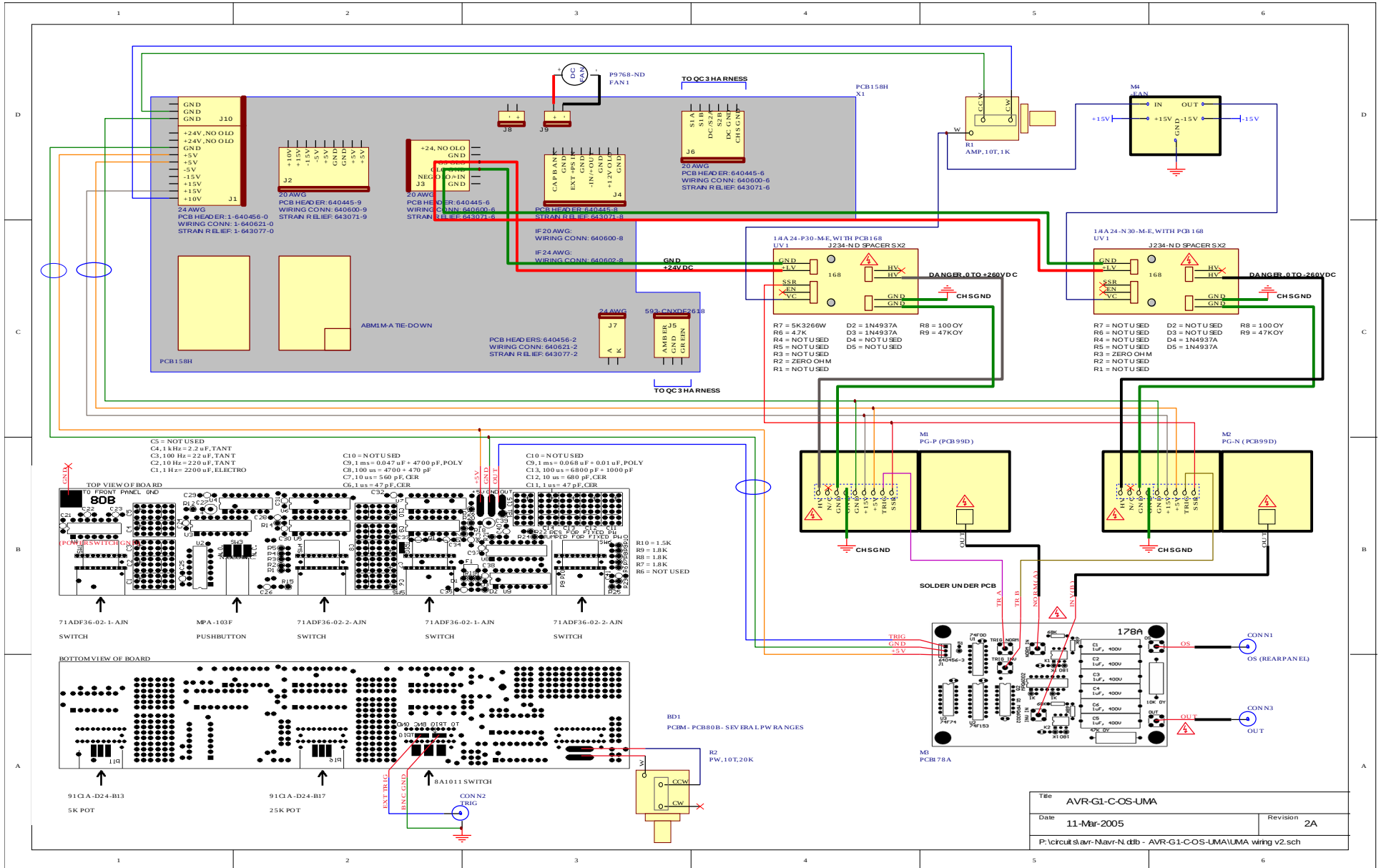


# PCB 80B - TIMING BOARD (2/2)



Title		AVR PCB M, PULSE WIDTH CONTROL
Date	21-Feb-2005	Revision
P:\pcb\80B\avr-pcbm.dtb - Documents\80B-PW.sch		

# MAIN WIRING



PERFORMANCE CHECK SHEET