AVTECH ELECTROSYSTEMS LTD.
NANOSECOND WAVEFORM ELECTRONICS SINCE 1975

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## INSTRUCTIONS

## WARRANTY

Avtech Electrosystems Ltd. warrants products of its manufacture to be free from defects in material and workmanship under conditions of normal use. If, within one year after delivery to the original owner, and after prepaid return by the original owner, this Avtech product is found to be defective, Avtech shall at its option repair or replace said defective item. This warranty does not apply to units which have been dissembled, modified or subjected to conditions exceeding the applicable specifications or ratings. This warranty is the extent of the obligation or liability assumed by Avtech with respect to this product and no other warranty or guarantee is either expressed or implied.

Fig. 1 BASIC TEST SET-UP


## GENERAL OPERATING PROCEDURE

1) Connect the instrument as shown above. Do not apply prime power.
2) Terminate OUT in a load impedance of 50 Ohms (or higher).
3) Set the amplitude control to maximum counter clockwise.
4) Set the offset control at 5.0 and the offset ON-OFF switch in the OFF position.
5) Set the INT-EXT switch in the INT position and the WAVEFORM selector switch in the SINE position.
6) Set the PRF range switch in the 100 kHz position (mid range).
7) Set the scope time base on about 10 us/div and the vertical on about 5 Volts/div and set the scope time base to trigger on EXT (+).
8) Turn on the prime power and adjust scope trigger controls to obtain a trace.
9) Rotate the amplitude control clockwise to obtain the desired output amplitude (as high as 60 Volts peak to peak).
10) Set the OFFSET ON-OFF switch in the ON position and rotate the OFFSET amplitude control to obtain the desired offset ( 0 to $\pm 10$ Volts).
11) CAUTION: Take great care not to operate into a low impedance (i.e. < 50 Ohms) or into a short circuit as this may result in damage to the output stage.
12) Units with a serial number higher than 5600 are protected by an automatic overload protective circuit which controls the front panel overload light. If the unit is overloaded (by operating at an exceedingly high duty cycle or by operating into a short circuit), the protective circuit will turn the output of the instrument OFF and turn the indicator light ON. The light will stay ON (i.e. output OFF) for about 5 seconds after which the instrument will attempt to turn ON (i.e. light OFF) for about 1 second. If the overload condition persists, the instrument will turn OFF again (i.e. light ON) for another 5 seconds. If the overload condition has been removed, the instrument will turn on and resume normal operation. Overload conditions may be removed by:
13) Removing output load short circuit (if any)
14) Reducing the output amplitude
15) To trigger the unit externally, set the INT-EXT switch in the EXT position and apply the signal to be amplified to the TRIG port (Vpp < 5 Volts, DC to 1 MHz ). The AV-153-C unit then operates as a variable gain amplifier with a maximum gain of $x 10$ and a maximum output of +30 volts.
16) The unit can be converted from 110 to $220 \mathrm{~V} 50-60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ operation by adjusting the voltage selector card in the rear panel fused voltage selector-cable connector assembly.
17) For additional assistance:

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Fig. 2
FRONT PANEL CONTROLS
(1) ON-OFF Switch. Applies prime power to all stages.
(2) PRF Control. Varies output PRF as follows:

| Range | 1 | 100 Hz | 1 kHz |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Range | 2 | 1 | kHz | 10 kHz |
| Range | 3 | 10 | kHz | 100 kHz |
| Range | 4 | 100 kHz | 1 MHz |  |

(3) WAVEFORM. 3 position switch selects between square, sine or triangular output at (4).
(4) OUT. BNC connector provides output to load ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}} \geq 50$ Ohms). Output may include 100 Hz to 1 MHz component and DC offset component.
(5) AMPLITUDE. Ten turn control determines amplitude of 10 Hz to 1 MHz component at (4).
(6) OFFSET. Ten turn control allows DC offset at (4) to be varied from 0 to $\pm 10$ Volts. ON-OFF switch turns DC offset on or off.
(7) INT-EXT, TRIG. With this two position switch in the INT
(8) position, the frequency and shape of the 100 Hz to 1 MHz component at (4) is determined by controls (2) and (3). Also, in this position a 5 Volt square wave is provided at (8) for the purpose of triggering a scope. When the two position switch is in the EXT position, the $A V-153-C$ may be used as a $\mathrm{DC}-1 \mathrm{MHz}$ variable gain (x10 max) amplifier. The required input signal is applied at (8) for this mode of operation.
(9) OVERLOAD. Units with a serial number higher than 5600 are protected by an automatic overload protective circuit which controls the front panel overload light. If the unit is overloaded (by operating at an exceedingly high duty cycle or by operating into a short circuit), the protective circuit will turn the output of the instrument OFF and turn the indicator light ON. The light will stay ON (i.e. output OFF) for about 5 seconds after which the instrument will attempt to turn ON (i.e. light OFF) for about 1 second. If the overload condition persists, the instrument will turn OFF again (i.e. light ON) for another 5 seconds. If the overload condition has been removed, the instrument will turn on and resume normal operation. overload conditions may be removed by:

1) Removing output load short circuit (if any)
2) Reducing the output amplitude

Fig. 3 BACK PANEL CONTROLS

(1) FUSED CONNECTOR, VOLTAGE SELECTOR. The detachable power cord is connected at this point. In addition, the removable cord is adjusted to select the desired input operating voltage. The unit also contains the main power fuse (0.5A SB).
(2) 0.5 SB . Fuse which protects the output stage if the output duty cycle rating is exceeded.

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