

AVTECH ELECTROSYSTEMS LTD.

NANOSECOND WAVEFORM ELECTRONICS SINCE 1975

P.O. BOX 265 OGDENSBURG, NY U.S.A. 13669-0265 TEL: (315) 472-5270 FAX: (613) 226-2802 TEL: 1-800-265-6681 FAX: 1-800-561-1970

e-mail: info@avtechpulse.com http://www.avtechpulse.com P.O. BOX 5120 STN. F OTTAWA, ONTARIO CANADA K2C 3H4 TEL: (613) 226-5772 FAX: (613) 226-2802

INSTRUCTIONS

MODEL AVIR-1-C-PN PULSE GENERATOR

S.N.:

WARRANTY

Avtech Electrosystems Ltd. warrants products of its manufacture to be free from defects in material and workmanship under conditions of normal use. If, within one year after delivery to the original owner, and after prepaid return by the original owner, this Avtech product is found to be defective, Avtech shall at its option repair or replace said defective item. This warranty does not apply to units which have been dissembled, modified or subjected to conditions exceeding the applicable specifications or ratings. This warranty is the extent of the obligation assumed by Avtech with respect to this product and no other warranty or guarantee is either expressed or implied.

TECHNICAL SUPPORT

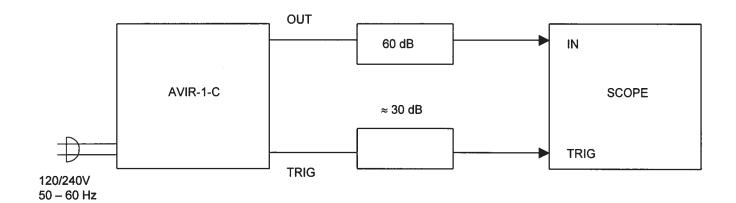
Phone: 613-226-5772 or 1-800-265-6681 Fax: 613-226-2802 or 1-800-561-1970

E-mail: info@avtechpulse.com
World Wide Web: http://www.avtechpulse.com

TABLE OF CONTENTS

WARRANTY2
TABLE OF CONTENTS
FIG. 1: PULSE GENERATOR TEST ARRANGEMENT4
GENERAL OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS
FIG. 2: FRONT PANEL CONTROLSFRONT PANEL CONTROLS7
FRONT PANEL CONTROLS
TOP COVER REMOVAL
ELECTROMAGNETIC INTERFERENCE
FIG. 3: BACK PANEL CONTROLS10
BACK PANEL CONTROLS11
POWER SUPPLY AND FUSE REPLACEMENT12
PERFORMANCE CHECK SHEET14

FIG. 1: PULSE GENERATOR TEST ARRANGEMENT



GENERAL OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

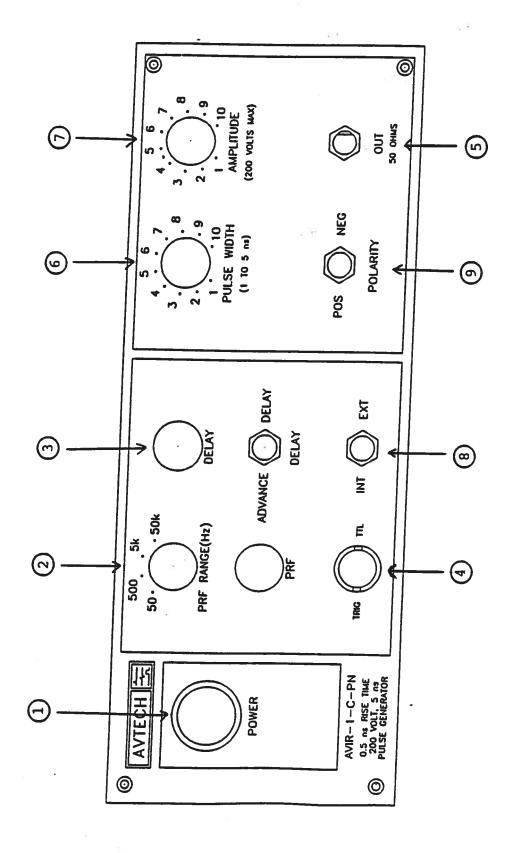
- 1) The bandwidth capability of components and instruments used to display the pulse generator output signal (attenuators, cables, connectors, etc.) should exceed 500 MHz. A 60 dB attenuator will insure that less than 1 Volt is applied to the scope.
 - <u>CAUTION</u>: This unit requires a 50 Ohm load and failure may result if operated with a short-circuited or open circuited load. Such failures are not covered by the warranty.
- The TRIG output channel provides TTL level signals. To avoid overdriving the TRIG input channel of some scopes, a 30 dB attenuator should be placed at the input to the scope trigger channel. The TRIG output precedes the main output when the front panel ADVANCE-DELAY switch is in the ADVANCE position. The TRIG output lags the main output when the switch is in the DELAY position.
- To obtain a stable output display the PRF control on the front panel should be set mid range. The front panel TRIG switch should be in the INT position. The DELAY controls and the scope triggering controls are then adjusted to obtain a stable output. The scope may then be used to set the desired PRF by rotating the PRF controls.
- The output pulse width is controlled by means of the front panel one turn PW control. To voltage control the output pulse width, set the rear panel PW switch in the EXT position and apply 0 to +10V to BNC connector A ($R_{IN} \ge 10K$). (EW option).
- The output pulse amplitude is controlled by means of the front panel one turn AMP control. To voltage control the output amplitude, set the rear panel Amp switch in the EXT position and apply 0 to +10V to BNC connector A ($R_{IN} \ge 10K$). (EA option)
- 6) The output polarity is controlled by the front panel two-position polarity switch.
- 7) The DELAY control controls the relative delay between the reference output pulse provided at the TRIG output and the main output. This delay is variable over the range of 0 to 200 ns. The TRIG output precedes the main output when the ADVANCE-DELAY switch is in the ADVANCE position and lags when the switch is in the DELAY position.

- An external clock may be used to control the output PRF of the unit by setting the front panel TRIG toggle switch in the EXT position and applying a 50 ns (or wider) TTL level pulse to the TRIG BNC connector input. For operation in this mode, the scope time base must also be triggered by the external clock rather than from the TRIG output.
- 9) The unit can be converted from 120 to 240V 50-60 Hz operation by adjusting the voltage selector card in the rear panel fused voltage selector-cable connector assembly.
- 10) For additional assistance:

Tel: (613) 226-5772 Fax: (613) 226-2802

Email: info@avtechpulse.com

FIG. 2: FRONT PANEL CONTROLS



FRONT PANEL CONTROLS

- (1) <u>ON-OFF Switch</u>. Applies basic prime power to all stages.
- (2) PRF Control. Varies PRF from 5 Hz to 50 kHz as follows:

5 Hz to 50 Hz 50 Hz to 500 Hz 500 Hz to 5 kHz 5 kHz to 50 kHz

- (3) <u>DELAY Control</u>. Controls the relative delay between the reference output pulse provided at the TRIG output (4) and the main output (5). This delay is variable over the range of 0 to about 200 ns. Delay LEADS or LAGS depending on the position of the ADVANCE-DELAY switch.
- (4) TRIG Output. This output is used to trigger the scope time base. The output is a TTL level 100 ns (approx.) pulse capable of driving a fifty Ohm load. This output precedes the output at (5) if the two position ADVANCE- DELAY switch is in the ADVANCE position. This output follows the output at (5) if the switch is in the DELAY position. The delay range is variable from 0 to 200 ns. The external trigger signal is applied at this input when the EXT-INT toggle switch is in the EXT position.
- (5) OUT Connector. BNC connector provides output to a 50 Ohm load.
- (6) <u>PW Control</u>. A one turn control which varies the output pulse width from 1 to 5 ns.
- (7) <u>AMP Control</u>. A one turn control which varies the output pulse amplitude to $R_L = 50$ Ohms.
- (8) <u>INT-EXT Control</u>. With this toggle switch in the INT position, the PRF of the unit is controlled via an internal clock which in turn is controlled by the PRF control. With the toggle switch in the EXT position, the unit requires a 50 ns (or wider) TTL level pulse applied at the TRIG input in order to trigger the output stages. In addition, in this mode, the scope time base must be triggered by the external trigger source.
- (9) <u>POLARITY</u>. Two-position switch controls the polarity of the output pulse provided at (5).

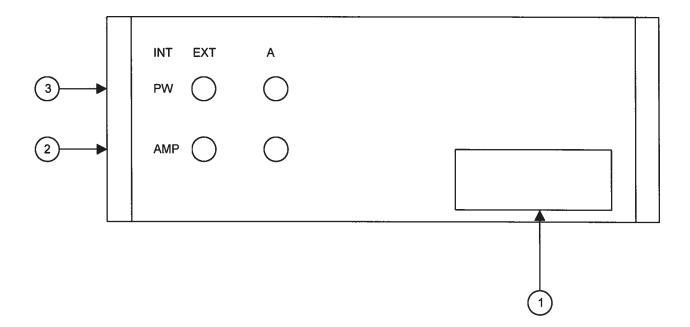
TOP COVER REMOVAL

1) The interior of the instrument may be accessed by removing the four Phillips screws on the top panel (see Fig. 1). With the four screws removed, the top cover may be slid back (and off).

ELECTROMAGNETIC INTERFERENCE

To prevent electromagnetic interference with other equipment, all used outputs should be connected to shielded 50 Ohm loads using shielded 50 Ohm coaxial cables. Unused outputs should be terminated with shielded 50 Ohm BNC terminators or with shielded BNC dust caps, to prevent unintentional electromagnetic radiation. All cords and cables should be less than 3m in length.

FIG. 3: BACK PANEL CONTROLS



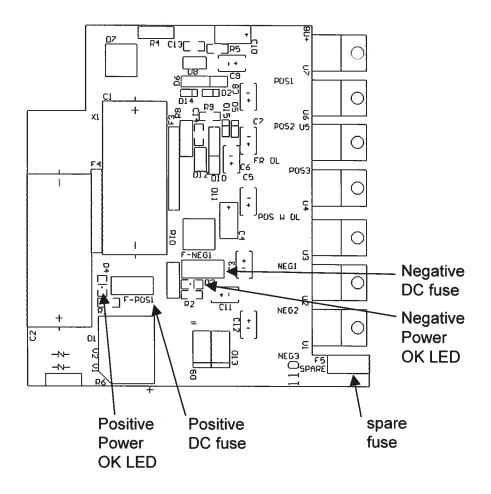
BACK PANEL CONTROLS

- (1) <u>FUSED CONNECTOR, VOLTAGE SELECTOR</u>. The detachable power cord is connected at this point. In addition, the removable cord is adjusted to select the desired input operating voltage. The unit also contains the main power fuse (0.5 A SB).
- (2) To voltage control the output amplitude, set the switch in the EXT position and apply 0 to +10V to BNC connector A ($R_{IN} \ge 10K$). (EA option).
- (3) To voltage control the output pulse width, set the switch in the EXT position and apply 0 to +10V to BNC connector A ($R_{IN} \ge 10K$). (EW option).

POWER SUPPLY AND FUSE REPLACEMENT

This instrument has three fuses (plus one spare). One, which protects the AC input, is located in the rear-panel power entry module, as described in the "Rear Panel Controls" section of this manual. If the power appears to have failed, check the AC fuse first.

The other two fuses (plus one spare) are located on the internal DC power supply, as shown below:



The positive fuse and the spare fuse on this circuit board are 1A slow-blow fuses, Littlefuse part number R452001. (This fuse can be ordered from Digikey, www.digikey.com. The Digikey part number is F1343CT-ND). The negative fuse is a 0.5A slow-blow fuse (Littlefuse R452.500, Digikey part number F1341CT-ND).

If you suspect that the DC fuses are blown, follow this procedure:

- 1. Remove the top cover, by removing the four Phillips screws on the top cover and then sliding the cover back and off.
- 2. Locate the two "Power OK" LEDs on the power supply circuit board, as illustrated above.
- 3. Turn on the instrument.
- 4. Observe the "Power OK" LEDs. If the fuses are not blown, the two LEDs will be lit (bright red). If one of the LEDs is not lit, the fuse next to it has blown.
- 5. Turn off the instrument.
- 6. If a fuse is blown, use needle-nose pliers to remove the blown fuse from its surface-mount holder.
- 7. Replace the fuse.