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NANOSECOND WAVEFORM ELECTRONICS
SINCE 1975

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OTTAWA, ONTARIO
CANADA K2C 3H4

INSTRUCTIONS

MODEL AVL-3AH-C

0 TO 450 VOLTS, 5 kHz, 5 TO 100 ns

HIGH SPEED PULSE GENERATOR

WITH 1 ns RISE TIME, 4 ns FALL TIME

SERIAL NUMBER: _____

WARRANTY

Avtech Electrosystems Ltd. warrants products of its manufacture to be free from defects in material and workmanship under conditions of normal use. If, within one year after delivery to the original owner, and after prepaid return by the original owner, this Avtech product is found to be defective, Avtech shall at its option repair or replace said defective item. This warranty does not apply to units which have been disassembled, modified or subjected to conditions exceeding the applicable specifications or ratings. This warranty is the extent of the obligation assumed by Avtech with respect to this product and no other warranty or guarantee is either expressed or implied.

TECHNICAL SUPPORT

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | |
|--|-----------|
| WARRANTY..... | 2 |
| TECHNICAL SUPPORT..... | 2 |
| TABLE OF CONTENTS..... | 3 |
| INTRODUCTION..... | 5 |
| AVAILABLE OPTIONS..... | 5 |
| SPECIFICATIONS..... | 6 |
| EUROPEAN REGULATORY NOTES..... | 7 |
| EC DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY..... | 7 |
| DIRECTIVE 2002/95/EC (RoHS)..... | 7 |
| DIRECTIVE 2002/96/EC (WEEE)..... | 7 |
| INSTALLATION..... | 9 |
| VISUAL CHECK..... | 9 |
| POWER RATINGS..... | 9 |
| CONNECTION TO THE POWER SUPPLY..... | 9 |
| PROTECTION FROM ELECTRIC SHOCK..... | 10 |
| ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS..... | 10 |
| FUSES..... | 12 |
| AC FUSE REPLACEMENT..... | 12 |
| DC FUSE REPLACEMENT..... | 13 |
| FUSE RATINGS..... | 13 |
| FRONT PANEL CONTROLS..... | 14 |
| REAR PANEL CONTROLS..... | 16 |
| GENERAL INFORMATION..... | 17 |
| BASIC TEST ARRANGEMENT..... | 17 |
| BASIC PULSE CONTROL..... | 17 |
| OBTAINING A RECTANGULAR PULSE..... | 19 |
| AMPLITUDE INTERACTION..... | 19 |
| AMPLITUDE DYNAMIC RANGE..... | 19 |
| OPERATIONAL CHECK..... | 20 |
| MINIMIZING WAVEFORM DISTORTIONS..... | 22 |
| USE 50Ω TRANSMISSION LINES AND LOADS..... | 22 |
| USE LOW-INDUCTANCE LOADS..... | 22 |

| | |
|---|-----------|
| PREVENTING DAMAGE..... | 22 |
| MECHANICAL INFORMATION..... | 23 |
| TOP COVER REMOVAL..... | 23 |
| RACK MOUNTING..... | 23 |
| ELECTROMAGNETIC INTERFERENCE..... | 23 |
| MAINTENANCE..... | 24 |
| REGULAR MAINTENANCE..... | 24 |
| CLEANING..... | 24 |
| WIRING DIAGRAMS..... | 25 |
| WIRING OF AC POWER..... | 25 |
| PCB 158K - LOW VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY, 1/3..... | 26 |
| PCB 158K - LOW VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY, 2/3..... | 27 |
| PCB 158K - LOW VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY, 3/3..... | 28 |
| PCB 168B - HIGH VOLTAGE DC POWER SUPPLY..... | 29 |
| PCB 126B - OSCILLATOR AND TRIGGER CIRCUIT..... | 30 |
| MAIN WIRING..... | 31 |
| PERFORMANCE CHECK SHEET..... | 32 |

Manual Reference: T:\instructword\avl\avl-3ah-c,ed9.odt.

Last modified October 2, 2006.

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INTRODUCTION

The AVL-3AH-C is a high performance instrument capable of generating up to 450V into 50 Ω loads at repetition rates up to 5 kHz. The rise time is less than 1 ns, and the fall time is less than 4 ns.

Instruments with the "-P" model suffix can generate 0 to +450V, whereas instruments with the "-N" model suffix can generate 0 to -450V. Instruments with the "-PN" suffix can generate both polarities.

The output is designed to drive 50 Ω loads. (A 50 Ω load is required for proper operation.) The output is AC-coupled.

This instrument is intended for use in research and development laboratories.

AVAILABLE OPTIONS

The AVL-3AH-C is available with several options:

-M Option: a monitor output is provided.

-OS Option: an externally generated DC offset can be added to the output.

-T Option: allows the rise time to be varied up to 10 ns, in 1 ns increments.

-TN Option: reduces the propagation delay to 100 ns.

SPECIFICATIONS

| | |
|--|--|
| Model: | AVL-3AH-C ¹ |
| Amplitude ^{2,3} : (50 Ohm load) | 0 to 450 Volts |
| Rise time ⁴ (20%-80%): | < 1 ns |
| Fall time (80%-20%): | < 4 ns |
| Pulse width: | 5 to 100 ns |
| PRF: | 0 to 5 kHz |
| Polarity ⁵ : | Positive (For negative output see Note 5.) |
| Propagation delay: | < 350 ns standard (100 ns optional ⁶). (Ext trig in to pulse out) |
| Jitter: | ± 100 ps (Ext trig in to pulse out) |
| DC offset or bias insertion: | Option available. Apply required DC offset or bias in the range of ± 50 Volts, (250 mA max) to back panel solder terminal. See note 7. |
| Trigger required: | Ext trig mode: + 5 Volt, 50 to 500 ns (TTL) |
| Sync delay: | Sync out to pulse out: Variable 0 to 200 ns |
| Sync output: | +2 Volts, 200 ns, will drive 50 Ohm loads |
| Monitor output option ⁸ : | Provides a 20 dB attenuated coincident replica of main output |
| Connectors: | Out: SMA, Trig: BNC, Monitor: SMA |
| Dimensions (H x W x D): | 100 x 430 x 375 mm (3.9" x 17" x 14.8") |
| Power requirements: | 100 - 240 Volts, 50-60 Hz |
| Temperature range: | +5°C to +40°C |
| Chassis material: | Cast aluminum frame & handles, blue vinyl on aluminum cover plates |
| Mounting: | Any |

- 1) -C suffix indicates stand-alone lab instrument with internal clock and line powering. (See page 112 for additional details of the basic instrument formats).
- 2) For electronic control (0 to +10V) of amplitude, suffix model number with -EA. Electronic control units also include the standard front-panel one-turn controls. Available for AVL-3B-C only.
- 3) For operation at amplitudes of less than 10% of full-scale, best results will be obtained by setting the amplitude near full-scale and using external attenuators on the output.
- 4) For rise time variable up to 10 ns in ns increments via a ten-position switch suffix model number with -T. Not available for AVL-3A-C.
- 5) To obtain a negative output use Models AVX-1 or AVX-3 inverting transformer.
- 6) For 100 ns propagation delay option, add suffix -TN. Not available for AVL-3A-C.
- 7) For DC offset option suffix model number with -OS.
- 8) For monitor option add suffix -M.

EUROPEAN REGULATORY NOTES

EC DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

We Avtech Electrosystems Ltd.
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declare that this pulse generator meets the intent of Directive 89/336/EEC for Electromagnetic Compatibility. Compliance pertains to the following specifications as listed in the official Journal of the European Communities:

EN 50081-1 Emission

EN 50082-1 Immunity

and that this pulse generator meets the intent of the Low Voltage Directive 72/23/EEC as amended by 93/68/EEC. Compliance pertains to the following specifications as listed in the official Journal of the European Communities:

EN 61010-1:2001 Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use



DIRECTIVE 2002/95/EC (RoHS)

This instrument is exempt from Directive 2002/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 January 2003 on the Restriction of the use of certain Hazardous Substances (RoHS) in electrical and electronic equipment. Specifically, Avtech instruments are considered "Monitoring and control instruments" (Category 9) as defined in Annex 1A of Directive 2002/96/EC. The Directive 2002/95/EC only applies to Directive 2002/96/EC categories 1-7 and 10, as stated in the "Article 2 - Scope" section of Directive 2002/95/EC.

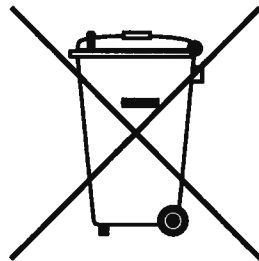
DIRECTIVE 2002/96/EC (WEEE)

European customers who have purchased this equipment directly from Avtech will have completed a "WEEE Responsibility Agreement" form, accepting responsibility for

WEEE compliance (as mandated in Directive 2002/96/EC of the European Union and local laws) on behalf of the customer, as provided for under Article 9 of Directive 2002/96/EC.

Customers who have purchased Avtech equipment through local representatives should consult with the representative to determine who has responsibility for WEEE compliance. Normally, such responsibilities will lie with the representative, unless other arrangements (under Article 9) have been made.

Requirements for WEEE compliance may include registration of products with local governments, reporting of recycling activities to local governments, and financing of recycling activities.



INSTALLATION

VISUAL CHECK

After unpacking the instrument, examine to ensure that it has not been damaged in shipment. Visually inspect all connectors, knobs, and handles. Confirm that a power cord is with the instrument. If the instrument has been damaged, file a claim immediately with the company that transported the instrument.

POWER RATINGS


This instrument is intended to operate from 100 - 240 V, 50 - 60 Hz.

The maximum power consumption is 57 Watts. Please see the “FUSES” section for information about the appropriate AC and DC fuses.

This instrument is an “Installation Category II” instrument, intended for operation from a normal single-phase supply.

CONNECTION TO THE POWER SUPPLY


An IEC-320 three-pronged recessed male socket is provided on the back panel for AC power connection to the instrument. One end of the detachable power cord that is supplied with the instrument plugs into this socket. The other end of the detachable power cord plugs into the local mains supply. Use only the cable supplied with the instrument. The mains supply must be earthed, and the cord used to connect the instrument to the mains supply must provide an earth connection. (The supplied cord does this.)

 **Warning:** Failure to use a grounded outlet may result in injury or death due to electric shock. This product uses a power cord with a ground connection. It must be connected to a properly grounded outlet. The instrument chassis is connected to the ground wire in the power cord.

The table below describes the power cord that is normally supplied with this instrument, depending on the destination region:

| Destination Region | Description | Manufacturer | Part Number |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|--------------|
| Continental Europe | European CEE 7/7 "Schuko" 230V, 50Hz | Volex (http://www.volex.com) | 17850-C3-326 |
| | | Qualtek (http://www.qualtekusa.com) | 319004-T01 |
| United Kingdom | BS 1363, 230V, 50Hz | Qualtek (http://www.qualtekusa.com) | 370001-E01 |
| Switzerland | SEV 1011, 2 30V, 50Hz | Volex (http://www.volex.com) | 2102H-C3-10 |
| Israel | SI 32, 220V, 50Hz | Volex (http://www.volex.com) | 2115H-C3-10 |
| North America, and all other areas | NEMA 5-15, 120V, 60 Hz | Qualtek (http://www.qualtekusa.com) | 312007-01 |

PROTECTION FROM ELECTRIC SHOCK

 Operators of this instrument must be protected from electric shock at all times. The owner must ensure that operators are prevented access and/or are insulated from every connection point. In some cases, connections must be exposed to potential human contact. Operators must be trained to protect themselves from the risk of electric shock. This instrument is intended for use by qualified personnel who recognize shock hazards and are familiar with safety precautions required to avoid possibly injury. In particular, operators should:

1. Keep exposed high-voltage wiring to an absolute minimum.
2. Wherever possible, use shielded connectors and cabling.
3. Connect and disconnect loads and cables only when the instrument is turned off.
4. Keep in mind that all cables, connectors, oscilloscope probes, and loads must have an appropriate voltage rating.
5. Do not attempt any repairs on the instrument, beyond the fuse replacement procedures described in this manual. Contact Avtech technical support (see page 2 for contact information) if the instrument requires servicing. Service is to be performed solely by qualified service personnel.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

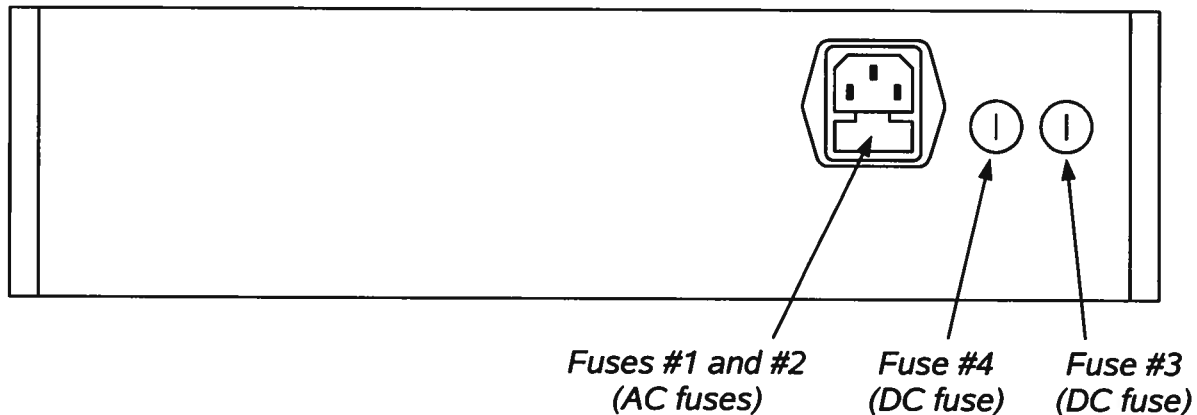
This instrument is intended for use under the following conditions:

1. indoor use;
2. altitude up to 2 000 m;
3. temperature 5 °C to 40 °C;

4. maximum relative humidity 80 % for temperatures up to 31 °C decreasing linearly to 50 % relative humidity at 40 °C;
5. Mains supply voltage fluctuations up to ± 10 % of the nominal voltage;
6. no pollution or only dry, non-conductive pollution.

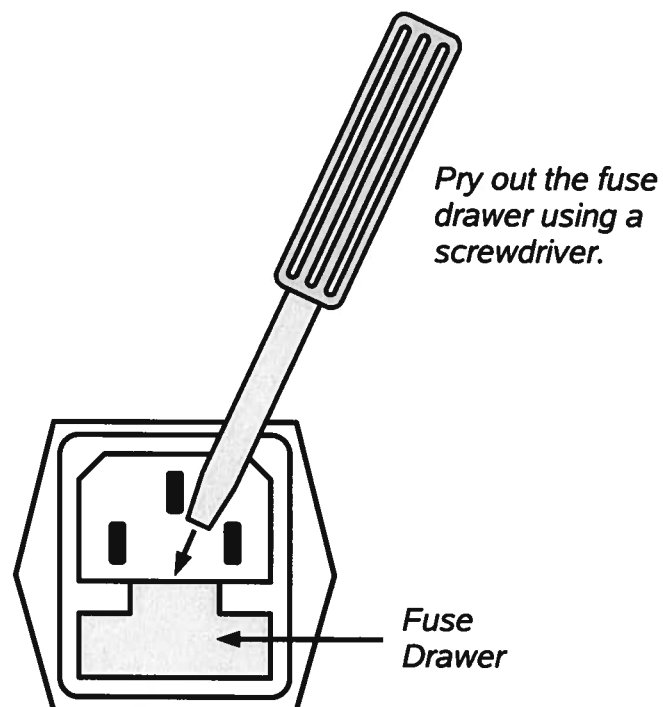
FUSES

This instrument contains four fuses. All are accessible from the rear-panel. Two protect the AC prime power input, and two protect the internal DC power supplies. The locations of the fuses on the rear panel are shown in the figure below:



AC FUSE REPLACEMENT

To physically access the AC fuses, the power cord must be detached from the rear panel of the instrument. The fuse drawer may then be extracted using a small flat-head screwdriver, as shown below:



DC FUSE REPLACEMENT

The DC fuses may be replaced by inserting the tip of a flat-head screwdriver into the fuse holder slot, and rotating the slot counter-clockwise. The fuse and its carrier will then pop out.

FUSE RATINGS

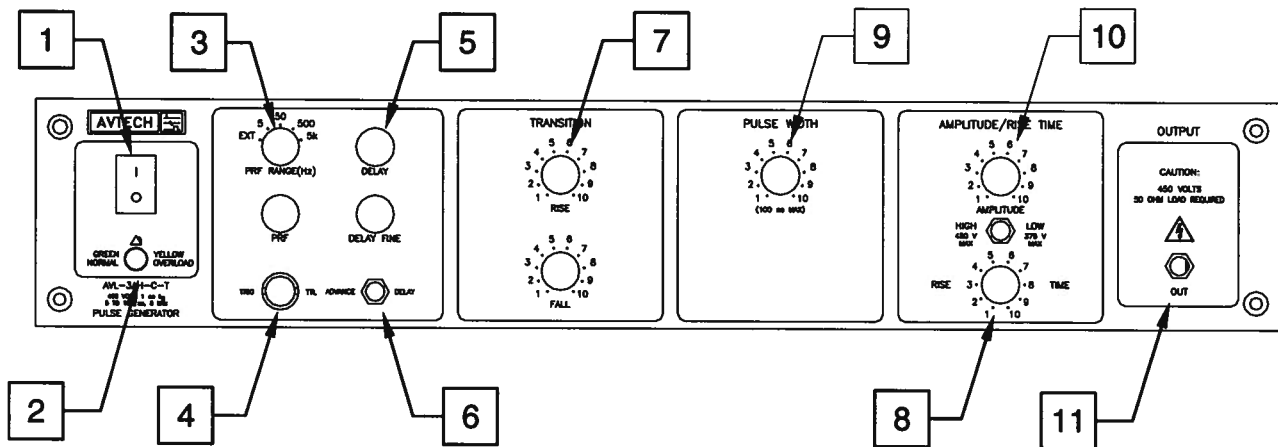
The following table lists the required fuses:

| Fuses | Nominal Mains Voltage | Rating | Case Size | Recommended Replacement Part | |
|-------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------|------------------------------|-----------------------|
| | | | | Littelfuse Part Number | Digi-Key Stock Number |
| #1, #2 (AC) | 100-240V | 0.5A, 250V, Time-Delay | 5×20 mm | 0218.500HXP | F2416-ND |
| #3 (DC) | N/A | 1.0A, 250V, Time-Delay | 5×20 mm | 0218001.HXP | F2419-ND |
| #4 (DC) | N/A | 0.8A, 250V, Time-Delay | 5×20 mm | 0218.800HXP | F2418-ND |

The recommended fuse manufacturer is Littelfuse (<http://www.littelfuse.com>).

Replacement fuses may be easily obtained from Digi-Key (<http://www.digikey.com>) and other distributors.

FRONT PANEL CONTROLS



- 1) **POWER Switch.** This is the main power switch. When turning the instrument on, there may be a delay of several seconds before the instrument appears to respond.
- 2) **OVERLOAD Indicator.** When the instrument is powered, this indicator is normally green, indicating normal operation. If this indicator is yellow, an internal automatic overload protection circuit has been tripped. If the unit is overloaded (by operating at an exceedingly high duty cycle or by operating into a very low impedance), the protective circuit will disable the output of the instrument and turn the indicator light yellow. The light will stay yellow (i.e. output disabled) for about 5 seconds after which the instrument will attempt to re-enable the output (i.e. light green) for about 1 second. If the overload condition persists, the output will be disabled again (i.e. light yellow) for another 5 seconds. If the overload condition has been removed, the instrument will resume normal operation.

This overload indicator may flash yellow briefly at start-up. This is not a cause for concern.

- 3) **PRF Range Switch.** This switch sets the pulse repetition frequency (PRF) range of the internal oscillator. The marked value of each position is the upper limit of the 10:1 range, approximately. The vernier dial directly below the switch varies the PRF within the set range.

If this switch is set to the "EXT" position, the instrument is triggered by a signal applied to the TRIG connector, rather than by the internal oscillator.

- 4) **TRIG Connector.** When the PRF Range Switch is set to "EXT", the instrument is triggered by a TTL pulse applied to this connector. The pulse must be at least 50 ns wide.


When the PRF Range Switch is set to one of the four internal oscillator ranges, this connector is an output, which supplies a 2V, 200 ns wide pulse for each trigger

event. This output may be used to trigger oscilloscopes or other equipment.

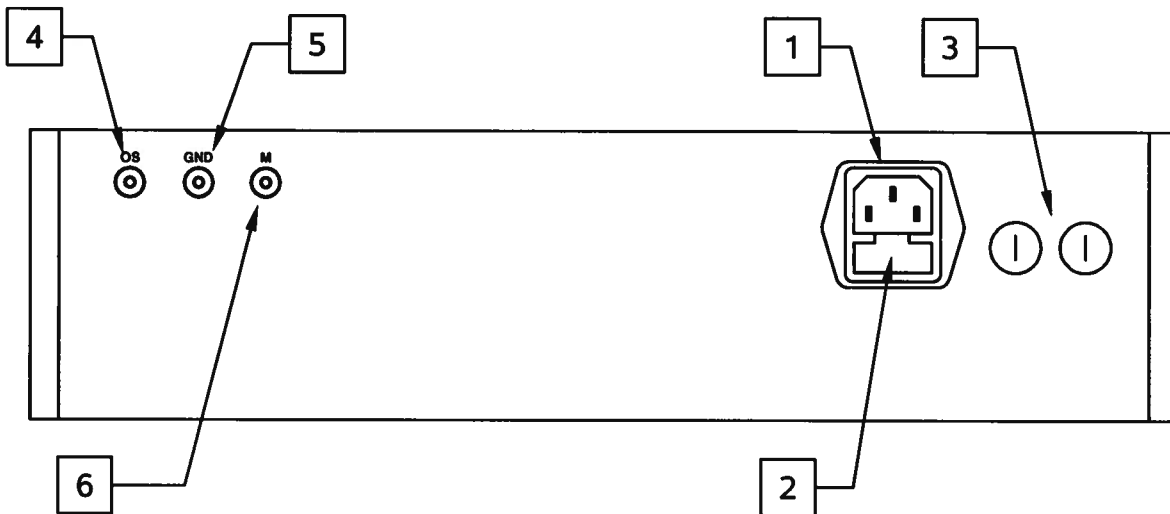
- 5) **Delay Controls.** When the PRF Range Switch is set to one of the four internal oscillator ranges, the main output is advanced or delayed relative to the TRIG output pulse (item 3). The delay is variable up to 200 ns, approximately, using the DELAY and DELAY FINE dials.
- 6) **Advance/Delay Switch.** When the PRF Range Switch is set to one of the four internal oscillator ranges, this switch determines whether the TRIG output precedes the main output (ADVANCE mode), or whether the TRIG output occur after the main output (DELAY mode).
- 7) **TRANSITION RISE and TRANSITION FALL Controls.** The one-turn TRANSITION RISE control adjusts the shape of the leading edge of the output waveform. This control must be adjusted to minimize the rise time after the pulse width has been adjusted. The instrument may require an initial warm-up time of several minutes before the leading edge waveform stabilizes.

The one-turn TRANSITION FALL control adjusts the shape of the falling edge of the output waveform. The control must be adjusted to minimize the fall time after the pulse width has been adjusted.

- 8) **Rise Time Control.** (For units with the -T option only.) This ten-position switch allows the rise time to be varied up to 10 ns, in 1 ns increments. (The TRANSITION RISE and TRANSITION FALL controls still need adjusted to be used to generate the optimal rectangular waveform.)
- 9) **Pulse Width Control.** This dial controls the pulse width. The TRANSITION RISE and TRANSITION FALL controls must be adjusted after adjusting the pulse width, in order to minimize the rise and fall times.
- 10) **Amplitude Control.** The output pulse amplitude is controlled by means of the one-turn dial (AMP) and the HIGH-LOW switch below the dial. With the switch in the HIGH position, the output amplitude is variable over the range of 100 to 450 Volts while in the LOW position the output amplitude is variable over the range of about 0 to 320 Volts.
- 11) **OUT Connector.** This connector provides the main output signal, into load impedances of 50Ω.

 **Caution:** Voltages as high as ±450V may be present on the center conductor of this output connector. Avoid touching this conductor. Connect to this connector using standard coaxial cable, to ensure that the center conductor is not exposed.

REAR PANEL CONTROLS

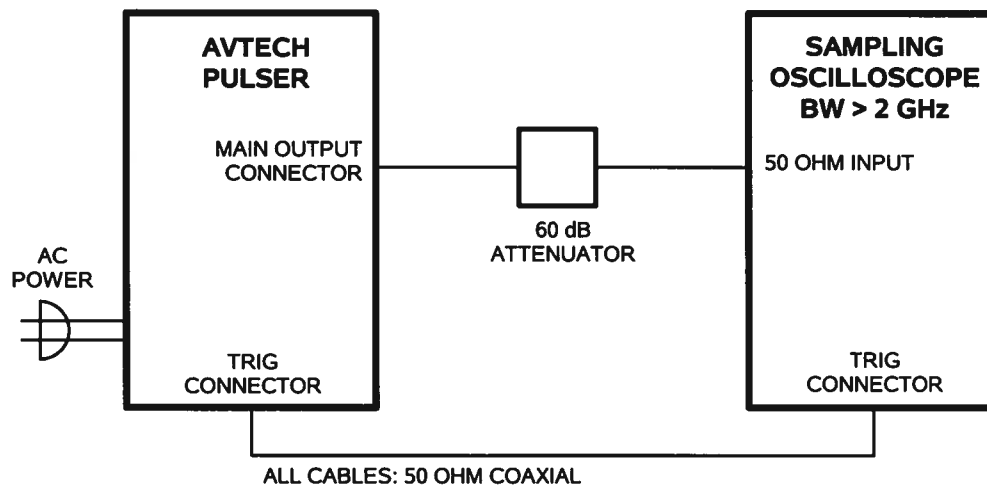


1. **AC POWER INPUT.** An IEC-320 C14 three-pronged recessed male socket is provided on the back panel for AC power connection to the instrument. One end of the detachable power cord that is supplied with the instrument plugs into this socket.
2. **AC FUSE DRAWER.** The two fuses that protect the AC input are located in this drawer. Please see the “FUSES” section of this manual for more information.
3. **DC FUSES.** These two fuses protect the internal DC power supplies. Please see the “FUSES” sections of this manual for more information.
4. **OS INPUT CONNECTOR.** (Present on units with -os option only.) A DC offset in the range of $\pm 50\text{V}$ (250 mA max) may be applied to this solder terminal. The DC offset will appear on the output. When this feature is not used, the OS input should be connected to ground (using the adjacent GND connector). This is especially important when driving loads containing a diode.
5. **GND CONNECTOR.** (Present on units with -os option only.) This solder terminal is connected to ground. It may be used to ground the OS input connector.
6. **M OUTPUT CONNECTOR.** (Present on units with -M option only.) This SMA connector output provides a 20 dB attenuated coincident replica of main output, for monitoring purposes.

GENERAL INFORMATION

BASIC TEST ARRANGEMENT

The AVL-3AH-C should be tested with a sampling oscilloscope with a bandwidth of at least 2 GHz to properly observe the high-speed waveform. A typical test arrangement is shown below:



The attenuators are required to prevent damage to the sampling oscilloscope. A 60 dB attenuator with sufficient voltage rating should be used on the main output.

BASIC PULSE CONTROL

This instrument can be triggered by its own internal clock or by an external TTL trigger signal. When triggered internally, two mainframe output channels respond to the trigger: OUT and SYNC.

- OUT. This is the main output. The maximum output voltage is 450V.
- TRIG. The TRIG pulse is a fixed-width TTL-level reference pulse used to trigger oscilloscopes or other measurement systems.

When the ADVANCE/DELAY switch is set to "ADVANCE", the TRIG output precedes the main output. These pulses are illustrated below:

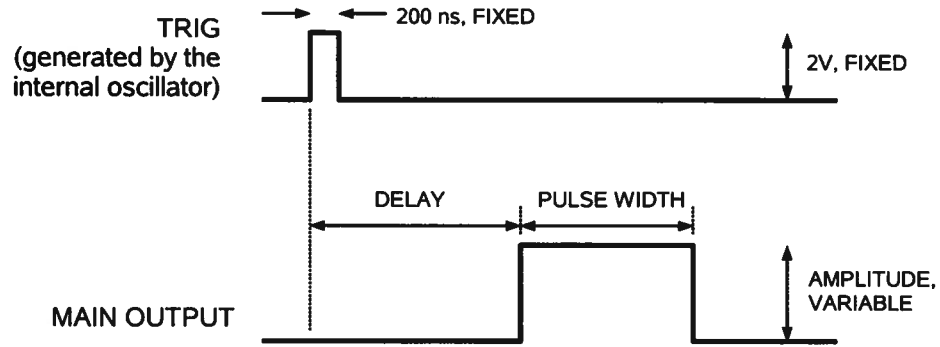
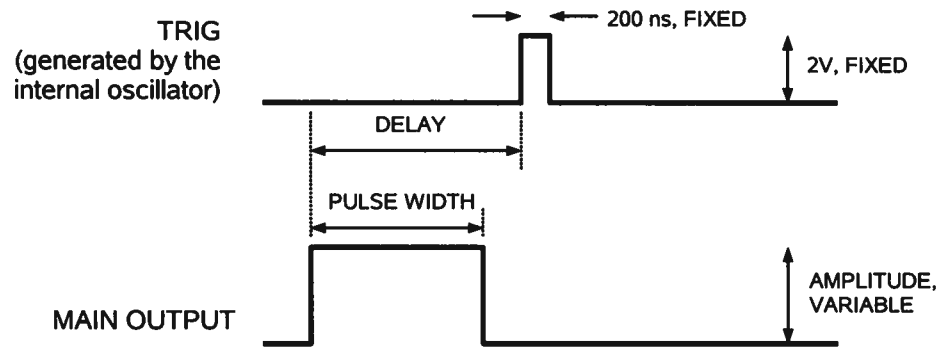
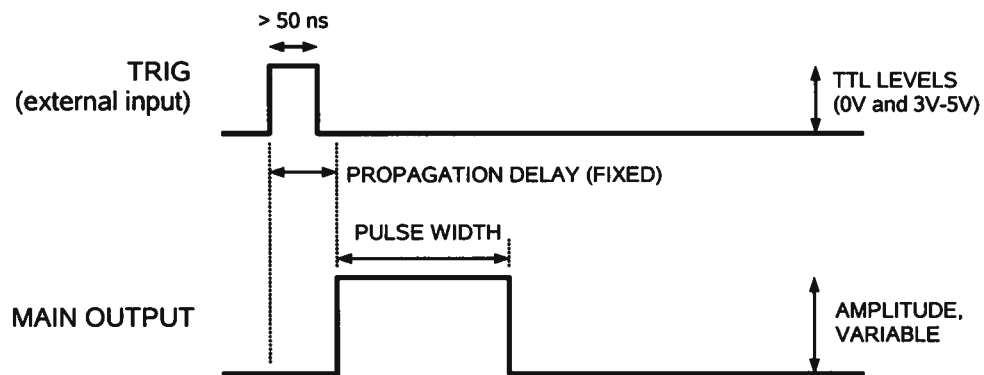


Figure A

When the ADVANCE/DELAY switch is set to "DELAY", the TRIG output occurs after the main output. This illustrated below:



When triggered externally, the TRIG connector acts as an input. The delay controls do not function in this mode. This illustrated below:



OBTAINING A RECTANGULAR PULSE

The one-turn TRANSITION RISE control adjusts the shape of the leading edge of the output waveform. This control must be adjusted to minimize the rise time after the pulse width has been adjusted. The instrument may require an initial warm-up time of several minutes before the leading edge waveform stabilizes.

The one-turn TRANSITION FALL control adjusts the shape of the falling edge of the output waveform. The control must be adjusted to minimize the fall time after the pulse width has been adjusted.

AMPLITUDE INTERACTION

Some properties of the output pulse may change as a function of the amplitude setting. For some demanding applications, it may be desirable to use a combination of external attenuators and the amplitude pot to achieve the desired output amplitude.

AMPLITUDE DYNAMIC RANGE

Avtech high-speed pulse generators are optimized to operate near their maximum rated amplitude. Generally, operation below 20% of the maximum rated amplitude is not recommended. To generate pulses below this level, the pulse generator should be operated near its maximum rated amplitude, and one or more coaxial attenuators should be connected to the output.

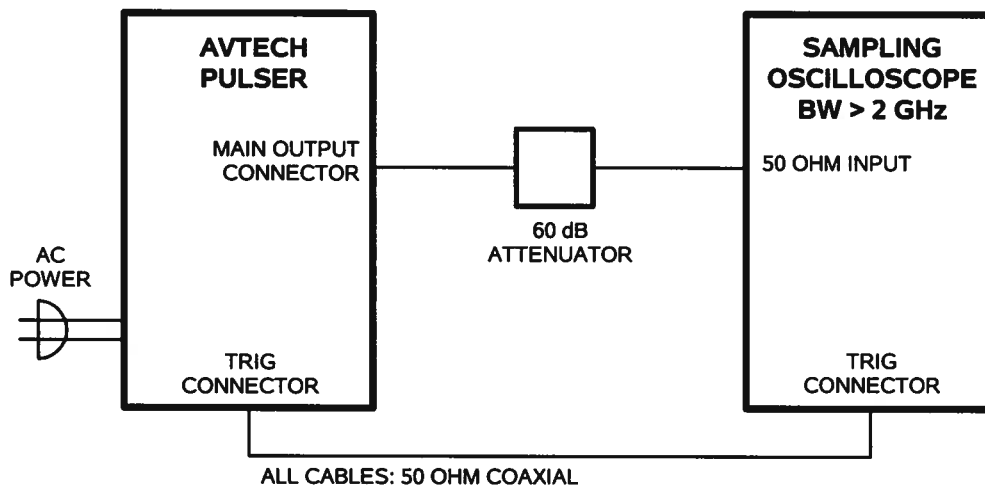
Avtech suggest the Midwest Microwave ATT-0527-XX-SMA-07 family of fixed 12 GHz, 20 Watt attenuators for use with the AVL series.

For more information, please see the Avtech application note "How Can I Extend the Amplitude Range to Low Levels?" at <http://www.avtechpulse.com/appnote/techbrief11/>.

OPERATIONAL CHECK

This section describes a sequence to confirm the basic operation of the instrument. It should be performed after receiving the instrument. It is a useful learning exercise as well.

Before proceeding with this procedure, finish reading this instruction manual thoroughly.



BASIC TEST ARRANGEMENT

1. Connect the pulse generator to a sampling oscilloscope as shown above. Leave the pulse generator turned off for now. Note that:
 - a) The use of 60 dB attenuator at the sampling scope vertical input channel will ensure a peak input signal to the sampling scope of less than 1 Volt. **WARNING:** This model may provide a peak output power in excess of 2 kW. The peak power rating of the attenuator must exceed this limit. Factory tests are conducted using Midwest Microwave model ATT-0527-20-SMA-07 attenuators.
 - b) The TRIG output channel provides TTL level signals (approximately 0 and +3V). To avoid overdriving the TRIG input channel of some scopes, a 20 dB attenuator might be needed at the input to the scope trigger channel.
 - c) The bandwidth capability of components and instruments used to display the pulse generator output signal (attenuators, cables, connectors, etc.) should exceed 2 GHz.
 - d) Set the oscilloscope to trigger externally with the vertical setting at 100 mV/div and the horizontal setting at 20 ns/div.

2. Set the ADVANCE / DELAY switch to "ADVANCE". Set the upper delay dial to mid-range.
3. Set the PRF RANGE switch to 5 kHz. Rotate the PRF fine control to mid-range.
4. For units with the -T option, set the RISE TIME switch (not the TRANSITION RISE control) to the minimum position (i.e., "1").
5. Set the amplitude HIGH / LOW switch to low. Rotate the amplitude fine control to fully-clockwise.
6. Set the PULSE WIDTH control to mid-range.
7. Observe the oscilloscope. You should see 50 ns wide, 300V pulses, approximately. If you do not, you may need to adjust the delay setting to a value more compatible with your sampling oscilloscope.
8. Adjust the TRANSITION RISE control and observe the effect on the rising edge of the waveform. Adjust it to obtain the fastest rise time.
9. Adjust the TRANSITION FALL control and observe the effect on the falling edge of the waveform. Adjust it to obtain the fastest rise time.
10. This completes the operational check.

MINIMIZING WAVEFORM DISTORTIONS

USE 50Ω TRANSMISSION LINES AND LOADS

Connect the load to the pulse generator with 50Ω transmission lines (e.g. RG-58 or RG-174 cable).

This instrument requires a 50Ω load for proper operation. It will not properly drive a high-impedance load. The output stage will be damaged if it is operated into an open circuit (or any other high impedance). Failures due to improper output loading are not covered by the warranty.

USE LOW-INDUCTANCE LOADS

Lenz's Law predicts that for an inductive voltage spike will be generated when the current through an inductance changes. Specifically, $V_{\text{SPIKE}} = L \times di_{\text{LOAD}}/dt$, where L is the inductance, i_{LOAD} is the load current change, and t is time. For this reason, it is important to keep any parasitic in the load low. This means keeping wiring short, and using low inductance components. In particular, wire-wound resistors should be avoided.

PREVENTING DAMAGE

The AVL-3AH-C may fail if triggered at a PRF greater than 5 kHz.


This unit is designed to operate into a load impedance of 50 Ohms and the output stage will be damaged if it is operated into an open circuit (or any other high impedance). Failures due to improper output loading are not covered by the warranty.

The lifetime of the switching elements in the pulse generator module is proportional to the running time of the instrument. For this reason the prime power to the instrument should be turned off when the instrument is not in use.

MECHANICAL INFORMATION

TOP COVER REMOVAL

If necessary, the interior of the instrument may be accessed by removing the four Phillips screws on the top panel. With the four screws removed, the top cover may be slid back (and off).

 Always disconnect the power cord and allow the instrument to sit unpowered for 10 minutes before opening the instrument. This will allow any internal stored charge to discharge.

There are no user-adjustable internal circuits. For repairs other than fuse replacement, please contact Avtech (info@avtechpulse.com) to arrange for the instrument to be returned to the factory for repair. Service is to be performed solely by qualified service personnel.

 Caution: High voltages are present inside the instrument during normal operation. Do not operate the instrument with the cover removed.

RACK MOUNTING

A rack mounting kit is available. The -R5 rack mount kit may be installed after first removing the one Phillips screw on the side panel adjacent to the front handle.

ELECTROMAGNETIC INTERFERENCE

To prevent electromagnetic interference with other equipment, all used outputs should be connected to shielded loads using shielded coaxial cables. Unused outputs should be terminated with shielded coaxial terminators or with shielded coaxial dust caps, to prevent unintentional electromagnetic radiation. All cords and cables should be less than 3m in length.

MAINTENANCE

REGULAR MAINTENANCE

This instrument does not require any regular maintenance.

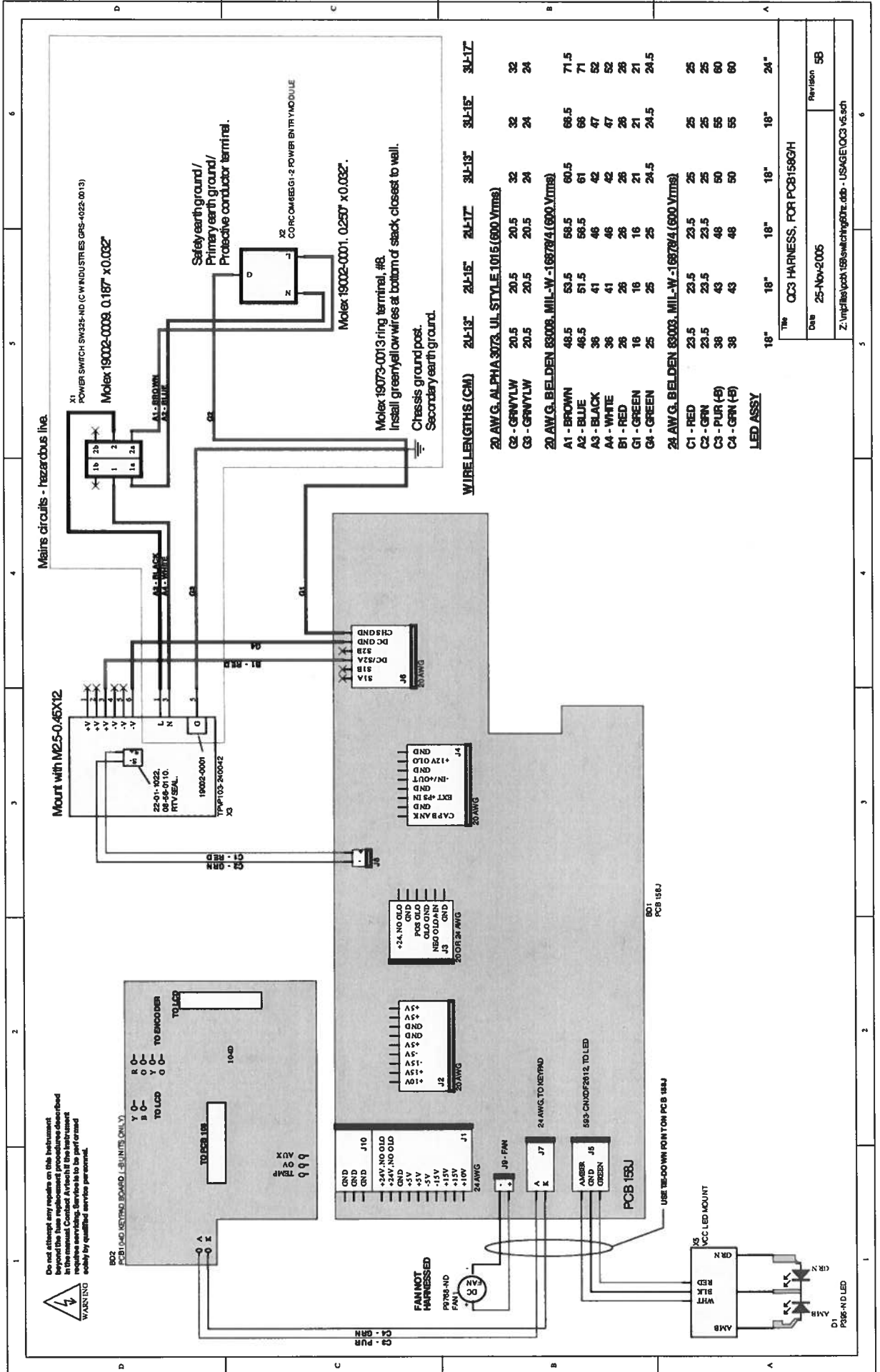
On occasion, one or more of the four rear-panel fuses may require replacement. All fuses can be accessed from the rear panel. See the “FUSES” section for details.

CLEANING

If desired, the interior of the instrument may be cleaned using compressed air to dislodge any accumulated dust. (See the “TOP COVER REMOVAL” section for instructions on accessing the interior.) No other cleaning is recommended.

WIRING DIAGRAMS

WIRING OF AC POWER



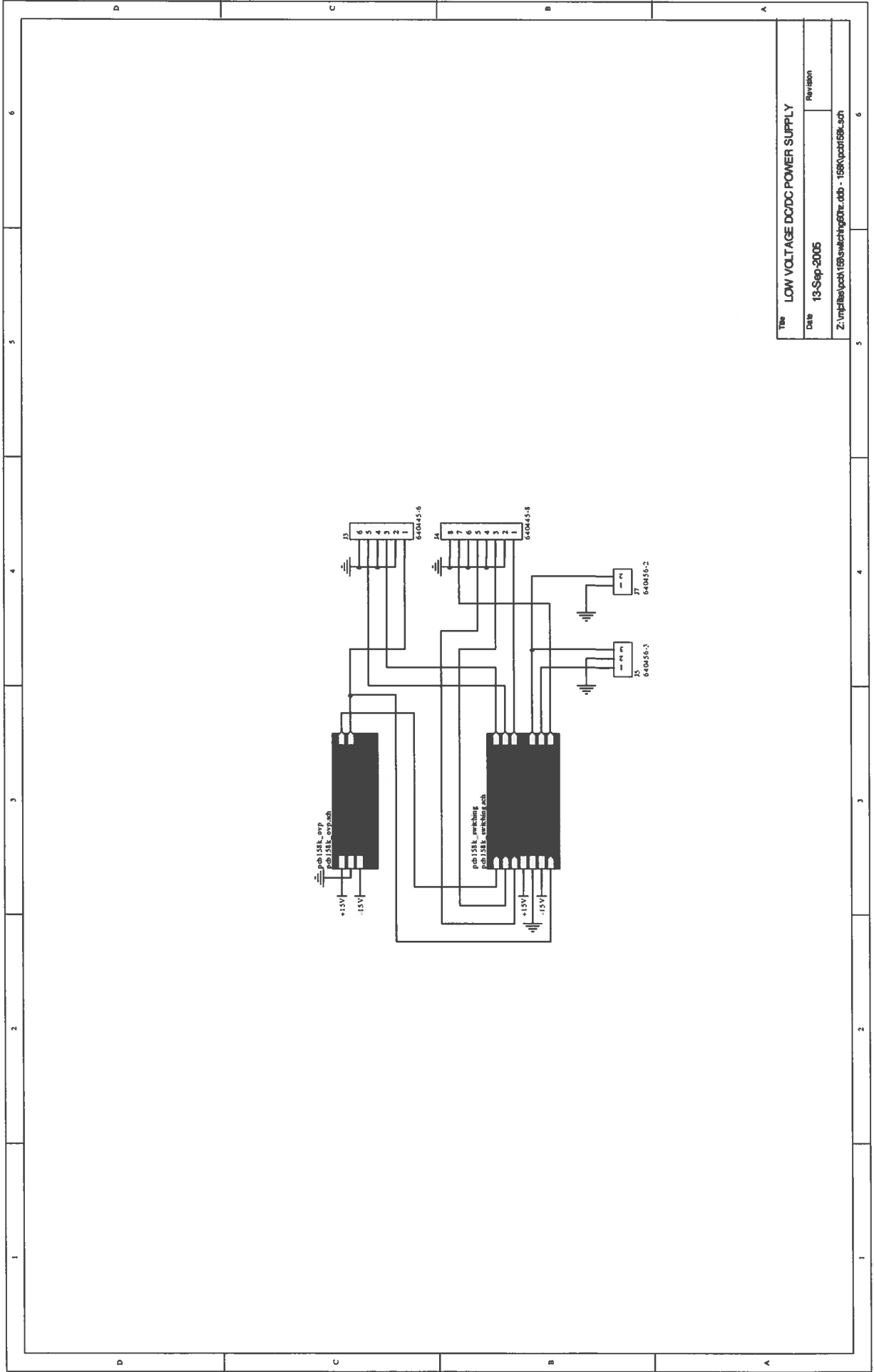
QCS HARNESS, FOR PCB158GH

Date: 25-Nov-2005

Revision: 5B

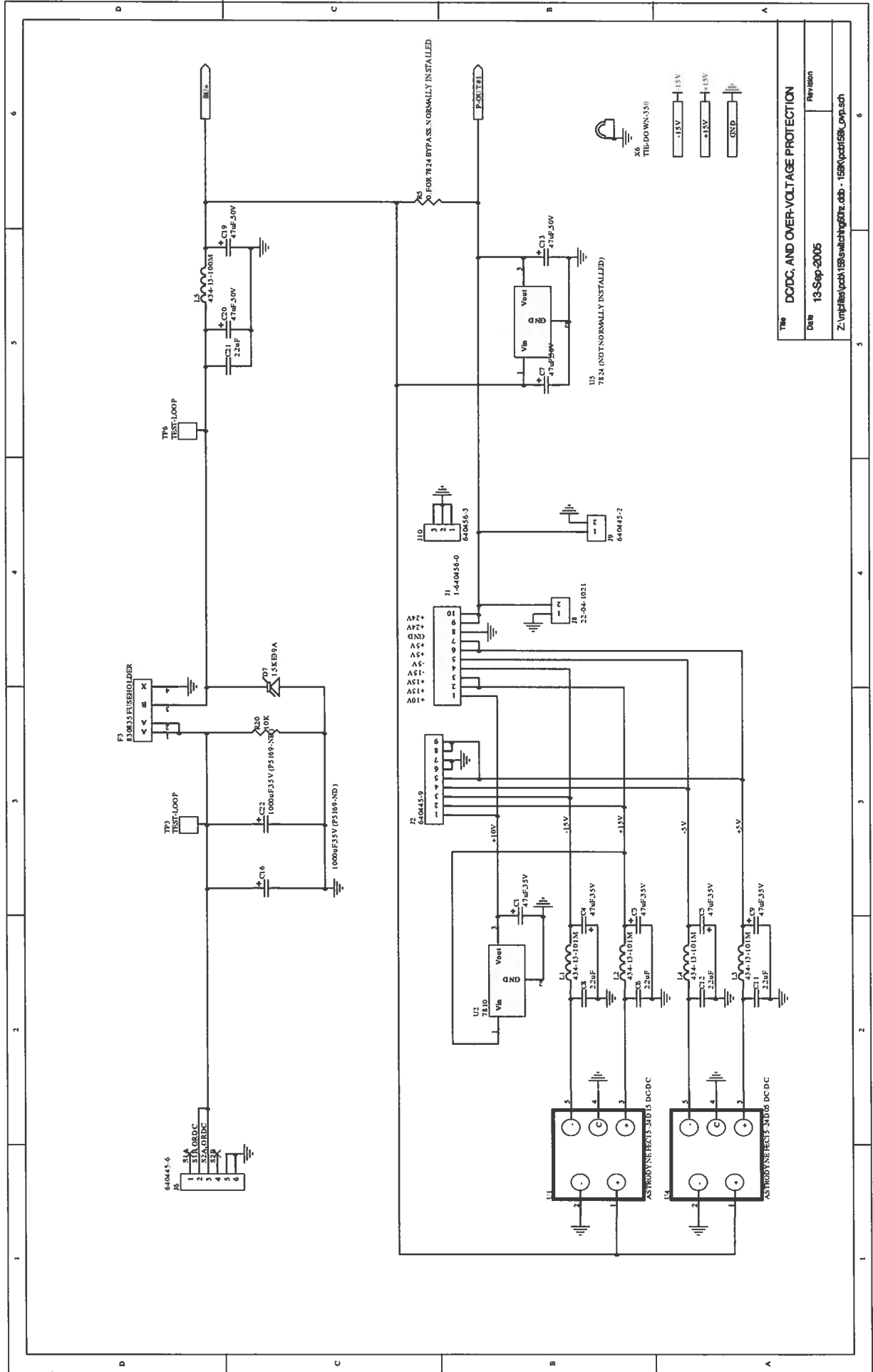
Z:\mp\lib\p\cch\158\sw\chg05r.dwg - USAGE\OC3 v6.sch

PCB 158K - LOW VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY, 1/3



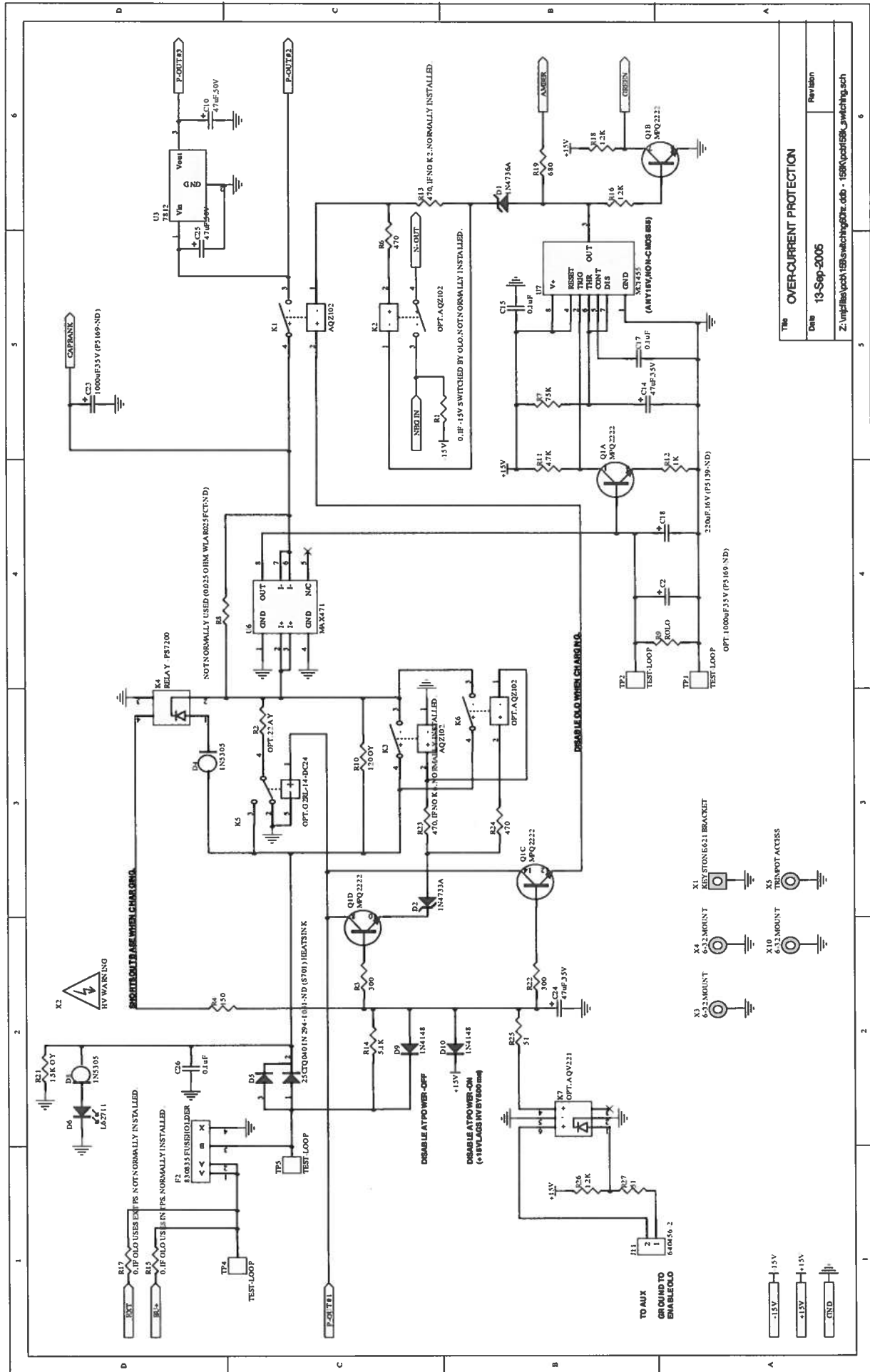
| | |
|---|--------------------------------|
| The | LOW VOLTAGE DC/DC POWER SUPPLY |
| Date | 13-Sep-2005 |
| Revision | |
| Z:\mp\files\p0b158k\switching07r.ddb - 158K\p0b158k.sch | |

PCB 158K - LOW VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY, 2/3

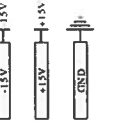


| Title | |
|--|-------------|
| DC/DC, AND OVER-VOLTAGE PROTECTION | Revision |
| Date | 13-Sep-2005 |
| Z:\vmpfiles\pcb158\switching6tr.dcb - 158k\pcb158k_0np.sch | |

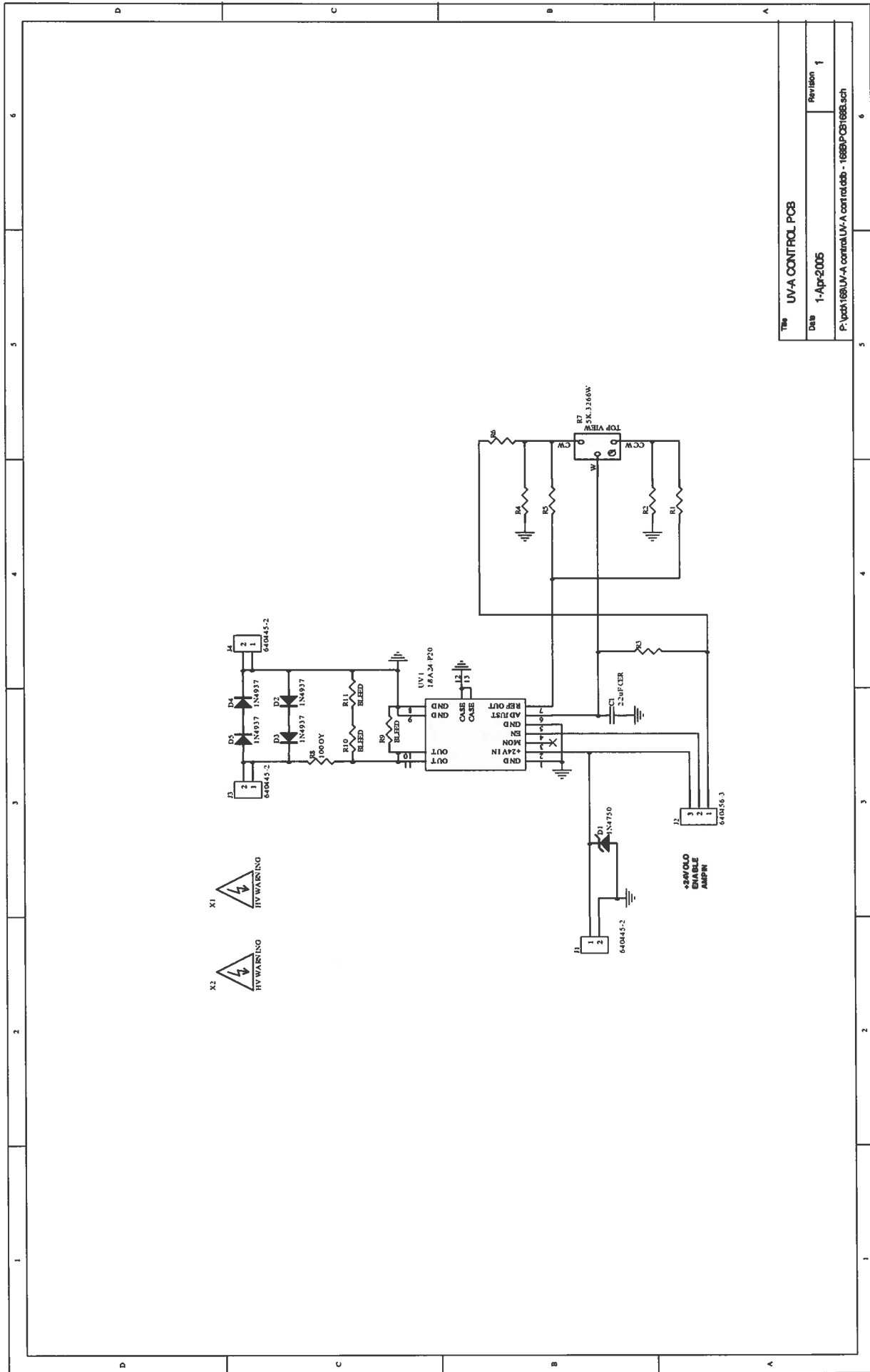
PCB 158K - LOW VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY, 3/3



| | |
|--------|--|
| Rev | OVERCURRENT PROTECTION |
| Date | 13-Sep-2005 |
| Author | Z:\mp\files\pcb158\switching05r.ddb - 158k\pcb158k_switching.sch |

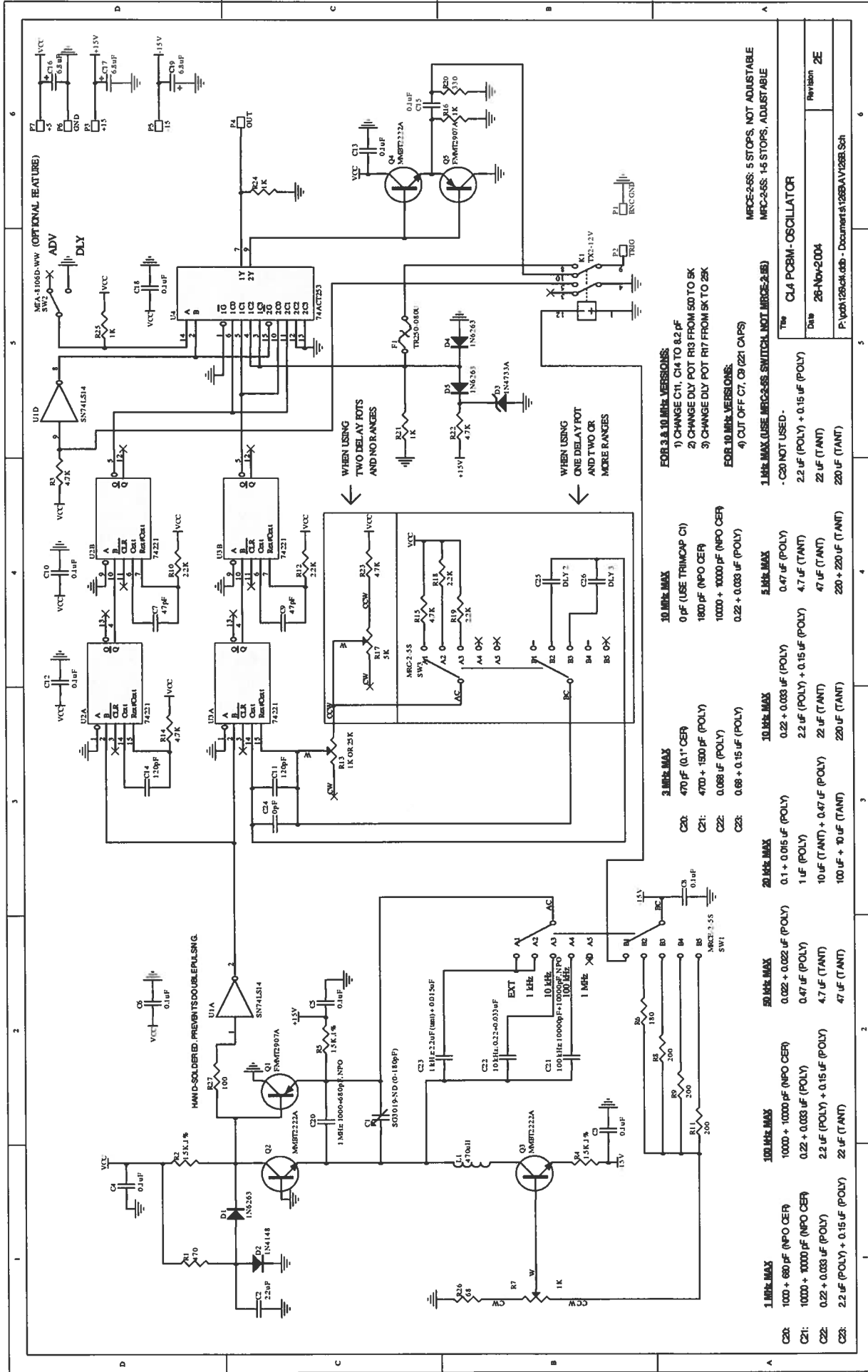


PCB 168B - HIGH VOLTAGE DC POWER SUPPLY



| | |
|--|------------------|
| Title | UV-A CONTROL PCB |
| Date | 1-Apr-2005 |
| Revision | 1 |
| P:\p00168\UV-A control\UV-A control.ccb - 168B\PCB168B.sch | |

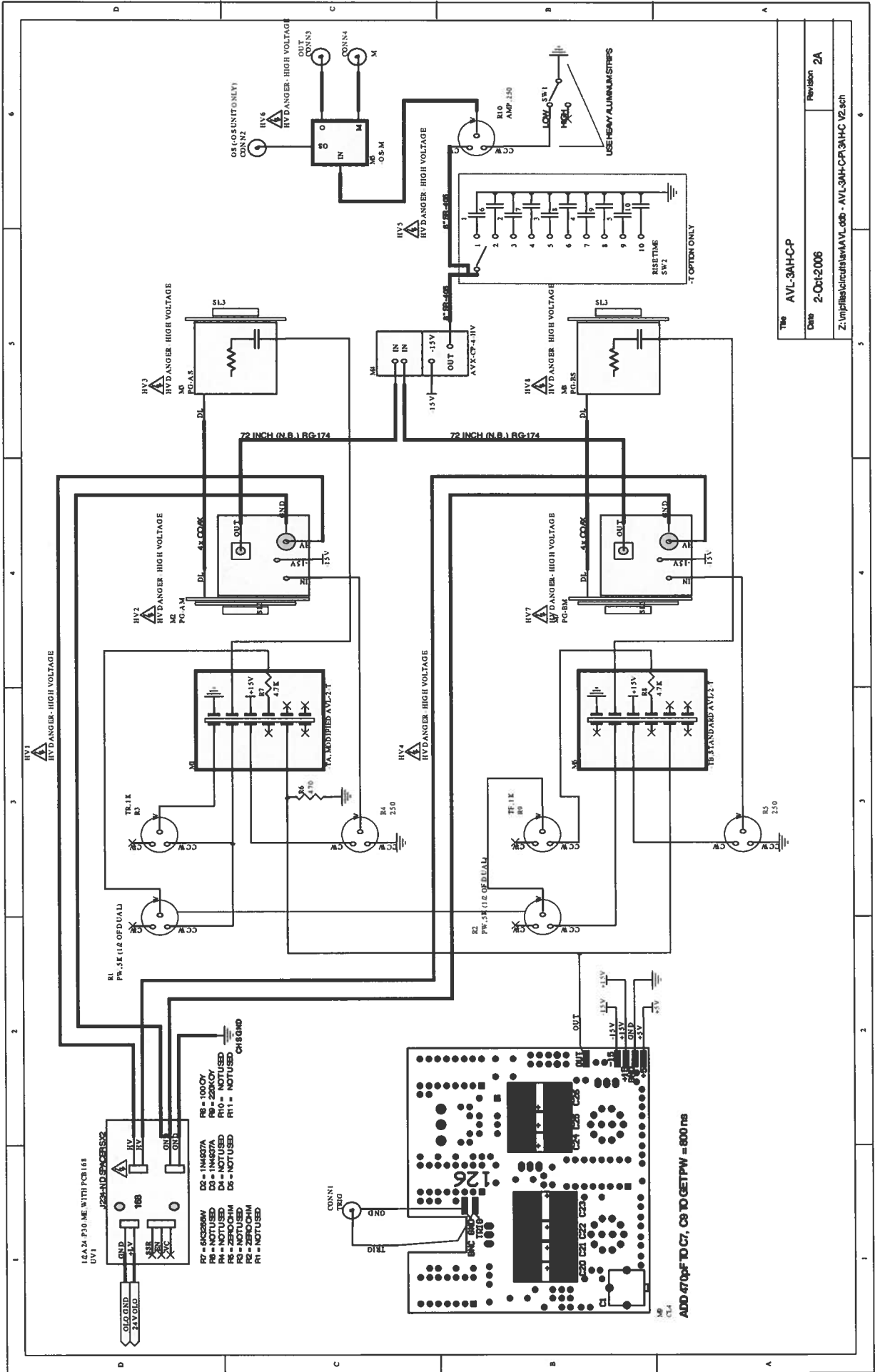
PCB 126B - OSCILLATOR AND TRIGGER CIRCUIT



| Rev | Description | Date | Revision |
|-----|--------------------------|-------------|----------|
| 1 | CL4 PCB126B - OSCILLATOR | 26-Nov-2004 | 2E |

MFC-2-5S: 5 STOPS, NOT ADJUSTABLE
MFC-2-5S: 15 STOPS, ADJUSTABLE

MAIN WIRING



| | | |
|---|--|------------|
| Title | | AVL-3AH-CP |
| Date | | 2-Oct-2006 |
| Revision | | 2A |
| Z:\mp\files\circuit\avla\avl_006 - AVL-3AH-CP-3AH-CP-V2.sch | | |

Oct 2/06