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AVTECH ELECTROSYSTEMS LTD.

NANOSECOND WAVEFORM ELECTRONICS SINCE 1975

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INSTRUCTIONS

MODEL AVMP-1A-C PULSE GENERATOR

S.N.:

WARRANTY

Avtech Electrosystems Ltd. warrants products of its manufacture to be free from defects in material and workmanship under conditions of normal use. If, within one year after delivery to the original owner, and after prepaid return by the original owner, this Avtech product is found to be defective, Avtech shall at its option repair or replace said defective item. This warranty does not apply to units which have been dissembled, modified or subjected to conditions exceeding the applicable specifications or ratings. This warranty is the extent of the obligation or liability assumed by Avtech with respect to this product and no other warranty or guarantee is either expressed or implied.



- The bandwidth capability of components and instruments used to display the pulse generator output signal (attenuators, cables, connectors, etc.) should exceed ten gigahertz.
- 2) The use of 40 db attenuator at the sampling scope vertical input channel will insure a peak input signal to the sampling scope of less than one volt.
- 3) The sync output channel provides TTL level signals. To avoid overdriving the TRIG input channel of some sampling scopes, a 30 db attenuator should be placed at the input to the sampling scope trigger channel.
- 4) To obtain a stable output display the PRF control on the front panel should be set mid-range while the PRF range switch may be in either range. The front panel TRIG toggle switch should be in the INT position. The front panel DELAY controls and the scope triggering controls are then adjusted to obtain a stable output. The scope may then be used to set the desired PRF by rotating the PRF control and by means of the PRF range switch.
- 5) The output pulse width is controlled by means of the front panel one turn PW control. The control should initially be set maximum clockwise and the pulse width adjusted using an oscilloscope.
- 6) The output pulse amplitude is controlled by means of the front panel one turn AMP control. The pulse width may change by several nanoseconds as the output amplitude is reduced from maximum to minimum. Therefore it is convenient to first set the desired amplitude and then set the desired pulse width. Rotation of the PW pot causes the position of the falling edge of the pulse to change.
- 7) Some properties of the output pulse may change as a function of the amplitude pot setting. For some demanding applications, it may be desirable to use a combination of external attenuators and the amplitude pot to achieve the desired output amplitude.
- 8) To DC offset the output pulse connect a DC power supply set to required DC offset value to the back panel terminals marked O.S. The maximum attainable DC offset voltage is ±50 volts (for non OT or EO option units only).
- 9) For units with the OT offset option, the output DC offset level is varied from -5 to +5V (to 50 ohm) by the front panel OFFSET one turn control. The DC offset may

be turned off using the rear panel OS ON-OFF toggle switch. (OT option).

- 10) For units with the ED option, the output offset may be voltage controlled by removing the jumper wire between banana plugs A and B on the back panel and applying 0 to +10 volts to connector B ($R_{IN} > 10K$).
- 11) An external clock may be used to control the output PRF of the AVMP unit by setting the front panel TRIG toggle switch in the EXT position and applying a 0.2 usec (approx) TTL level pulse to the TRIG BNC connector input. For operation in this mode, the scope time base must also be triggered by the external clock rather than from the SYNC output.
- 12) The monitor output (-M) provides a 20 db attenuated coincident replica of the main output. (option).
- 13) To voltage control the output pulse width, remove the jumper wire between banana plugs A and B on the back panel and apply 0 to +10V to connector B ($R_{IN} > 10K$). (EW option).
- 14) To voltage control the output amplitude, remove the jumper wire between banana plugs A and B on the back panel and apply 0 to +10V to connector B $(R_{IN} > 10K)$. (EA option).
- 15) Dual Polarity Option (for units without the OT or EO options).

To invert the output of the AVMP unit, connect the AVX-3-T unit to the OUT port. An inverted pulse is then obtained at the OUT port of the AVX-3-T unit. To offset the inverted pulse, apply the required DC level to the DC terminal of the AVX-3-T unit.

16) Dual Polarity Option (for units with the OT or EO options).

To invert the output of the AVMP unit, connect the AVX-3-T unit to the OUT port. An inverted pulse is then obtained at the OUT port of the AVX-3-T unit. To offset the inverted pulse, connect a lead from the rear panel OS OUT banana plug to the DC terminal of the AVX-3-T unit. The DC offset at the output of the AVX-3-T unit is then controlled by the front panel OFFSET control.

17) The AVMP-C unit can be converted from 110 to 220V 50-60 Hz operation by adjusting the voltage selector card in the rear panel fused voltage selector-cable connector assembly.



Fig. 2

- (1) ON-OFF Switch. Applies basic prime power to all stages.
- (2) <u>PRF Control</u>. The PRF RANGE and PRF controls determine
 (3) output PRF as follows:

	PRF	MIN	PRF	MAX
1	100	Hz	1	KHz
2	1	KHz	10	KHz
3	10	KHz	100	KHz
4	100	KHz	1	MHz
	1 2 3 4	PRF 1 100 2 1 3 10 4 100	PRF MIN 1 100 Hz 2 1 KHz 3 10 KHz 4 100 KHz	PRF MIN PRF 1 100 Hz 1 2 1 KHz 10 3 10 KHz 100 4 100 KHz 1

- (4) <u>DELAY Controls</u>. Controls the relative delay between the
 (5) reference output pulse provided at the SYNC output (6) and the main output (9). This delay is variable over the range of 0 to at least 500 nsec.
- (6) SYNC Output. This output precedes the main output (9) and is used to trigger the sampling scope time base. The output is a TTL level 100 nsec (approx) pulse capable of driving a fifty ohm load.
- (7) <u>PW Control</u>. A one turn control which varies the output pulse width.
- (8) <u>AMP Control</u>. A one turn control which varies the output pulse amplitude.
- (9) OUT. SMA connector provides output to 50 ohm load.
- (10) <u>EXT-INT Control</u>. With this toggle switch in the INT position, the PRF of the AVMP unit is controlled via an internal clock which in turn is controlled by the PRF controls. With the toggle switch in the EXT position, the AVMP unit requires a 0.2 usec TTL level pulse applied at the TRIG input in order to trigger the output stages. In addition, in this mode, the scope time base must be triggered by the external trigger source.
- (11) <u>TRIG Input</u>. The external trigger signal is applied at this input when the EXT-INT toggle switch is in the EXT position.
- (12) For units with the OT or EO offset option, the output DC offset level is varied from -5 to +5V (to 50 ohm) by the front panel OFFSET one turn control. The DC offset may be turned off using the rear panel OS ON-OFF toggle switch.

Fig. 3

BACK PANEL CONTROLS

(for units without the OT or EO options)



- (1) FUSED CONNECTOR, VOLTAGE SELECTOR. The detachable power cord is connected at this point. In addition, the removable cord is adjusted to select the desired input operating voltage. The unit also contains the main power fuse.
- (2) <u>DC OFFSET Input</u>. To DC offset the output pulse, connect a DC power supply set to the desired offset value to these terminals. The maximum allowable DC offset voltage is <u>+</u>50 volts.
- (3) <u>MONITOR OUT M.</u> Provides an attenuated (x10) coincident replica of the main positive output pulse to fifty ohms. (option).

Fig. 4

BACK PANEL CONTROLS

(for units with the OT or EO options)



- (1) FUSED CONNECTOR, VOLTAGE SELECTOR. The detachable power cord is connected at this point. In addition, the removable cord is adjusted to select the desired input operating voltage. The unit also contains the main power fuse.
- (2) To voltage control the output DC offset, remove the jumper wire between banana plugs A and B and apply 0 to +10V to connector B ($R_{IN} \gg 10K$). (EO option).
- (2A) Two position switch which turns output DC offset ON or OFF. (EO or OT options).
- (2B) With OFFSET ON-OFF switch in ON position, DC output offset potential appears at this terminal. To offset inverted pulse on AVM units with dual polarity option (-PN) connect this terminal to the DC terminal of the AVX-2-T-OT module. (EO or OT options).
- (3) To voltage control the output pulse width, remove the jumper wire between banana plugs A and B and apply 0 to +10V to connector B ($R_{IN} \ge 10K$). (EW option).
- (4) To voltage control the output amplitude, remove the jumper wire between banana plugs A and B and apply O to +10V to connector B ($R_{IN} \ge 10K$). (EA option).
- (5) MONITOR Output. Provides an attenuated (x10) coincident replica (to 50 ohms) of the main output. (option).



SYSTEM DESCRIPTION AND REPAIR PROCEDURE

AVMP-1A-C consists of a pulse generator module The (AVMP-1A-PG) a clock module (AVMP-CL) and a power supply board which supplies +24 volts (600 mA max) to the pulse generator module. In the event that the unit malfunctions, remove the instrument cover by removing the four Phillips screws on the back panel of the unit. The top cover may then be slid off. Measure the voltage at the +24 V pin of the PG module. If this voltage is substantially less than +24 volts, unsolder the line connecting the power supply and PG modules and connect 100 ohm 10 W load to the PS output. The voltage across this load should be about +24 V DC. If this voltage is substantially less than 24 volts the PS module is defective and should be repaired or replaced. If the voltage across the resistor is near 24 volts, then the PG module should be replaced or repaired. The sealed PG module must be returned to Avtech for repair (or replacement). The clock module provides a 0.1 usec TTL level trigger pulse at Pin 2 to trigger the PG module and a 0.1 usec TTL level sync pulse at Pin 3 to trigger the sampling scope display device. The output at Pin 3 precedes the output at Pin 2 by almost 0 to 100 nsec depending on the DELAY control setting. The clock module is powered by +5.8 V supplied by the PG module (from Pin 2 to Pin 1). With the INT-EXT switch in the EXT position, the clock module is disconnected from the PG module. The clock module is functioning properly if:

- a) 0.1 usec TTL level outputs are observed at Pins 2 and 3.
- b) The PRF of the outputs can be varied over the range of 1 KHz to 1 MHz using the PRF and PRF RANGE controls.
- c) The relative delay between the Pin 2 and 3 outputs can be varied by at least 500 nsec by the DELAY control.

The sealed clock module must be returned to Avtech for repair or replacement if the above conditions are not observed.

PULSE GENERATOR

PERFORMANCE CHECK

AUMP-IA-C-P-PN-M Model: 3489 S.N.: DER 16 86 Date:



40 db ATTEN . 5 UNBIDIU. 1.0 mm.

- a) Output signal amplitude: 070 ± 5 00073
- b) Pulse width: 570 / 00 ~ SEE
- d) Fall time: $\leq (35) pse^{-2}$
- e) PRF:
- f) Jitter, stability:
- g) Prime power:

120 /240 V 50-60 HZ

AVTECH

AVMP SERIES 1 MHz PULSE GENERATORS WITH 100 PSEC RISE AND FALL TIMES AND PULSE WIDTHS TO 100 NSEC



- 100 psec rise times
- Amplitudes to 20 volts
- PRF to 1 MHz
- Pulse widths variable from 5 to 100 nsec
- Stand alone lab instruments or miniature modules

Models AVMP-1A-C and AVMP-2-C provide 100 psec rise and fall times with output voltages variable to 5 volts (Model AVMP-1A-C) and 10 volts (Model AVMP-2-C). The output pulse width is variable from 5 nsec to 100 nsec for both models. Model AVMP-3-C provides rise times of less than 200 psec and fall times of 300 psec with amplitude variable to 20 volts and with pulse widths variable from 5 to 100 nsec. The output amplitude for all models is controlled by a front panel one turn pot control while a second one turn pot controls the pulse width.

The pulse repetition frequency is variable from 50 Hz to 1 MHz using the internal clock oscillator which is controlled by a 4 position front panel switch and a one turn fine control. A delay control and sync output is provided for sampling scope triggering purposes. The units can also be triggered externally using a TTL level pulse. The propagation delay in the externally triggered mode is typically 30 nsec. Either output polarity or an optional dual output polarity can be provided and the units include an output DC offset or bias insertion function (similar to Model AVX-T, see page 64). The required DC offset or bias is applied directly to rear panel solder terminals. An available option includes an internally generated DC offset (0 to \pm 5V) which is controlled by a front panel one turn control. Polarity inversion in dual polarity units is accomplished by means of a built-in inverting transformer and a coaxial jumper cable which connects the transformer to the uninverted output port. AVMP units are available with a monitor option which provides an attenuated (20 db or X10) coincident replica of the main output pulse. Additional options include electronic control (0 to +10V) of output amplitude, pulse width and DC offset. Units with these options also include the standard front panel one turn controls. Models AVMP-1A-C, -2-C and -3-C require 120/240V (switchable) 50-60 Hz prime power.

All AVMP units are also available in a line powered chassis without the internal clock (AVMP-1A-PS, AVMP-2-PS and AVMP-3-PS) and in DC powered (+24V) miniature module form (AVMP-1A, AVMP-2, AVMP-3). The modules and -PS units require a low level slow speed input TTL trigger signal and the output PRF equals the input trigger PRF. Pulse width and output amplitude are controlled by one turn controls and an optional relative delay (0 to 5 nsec) control is available.

In some cases, the above specifications can be adapted to satisfy a particular requirement. Contact the factory for your special requirement such as different pulse parameters or different chassis (eg. NIM modules).



SPECIFICATIONS

AVMP SERIES

Adadab	AVMP-1A-C ¹ AVMP-1A-PS	AVMP-2-C1 AVMP-2-PS AVMP-2	AVMP-3-C1 AVMP-3-PS AVMP-3		
Model:	AVMP-1A AVMP-2 AVMP-3				
PRF:					
Rise time:	≤ 100	< 100 psec			
Fall time:	< 135 psec (typ				
Pulse width ² :	Variable 5 to 100 nsec				
Amplitude ³ : (50 ohm load)	Variable to 5 volts	Variable to 10 volts	Variable to 20 volts		
Polarity ⁴ :	Positive or negative or both (specify)				
Propagation delay: (EXT TRIG IN to Pulse OUT)	≪30 nsec				
Jitter: (EXT TRIG IN to Pulse OUT)	±15 psec				
DC offset or bias insertion⁵:	Apply required DC offset to back panel solder terminals (±50 volts, 250 mA max)				
Trigger required: (modules and -PS units)	+5 volt, 10 nsec or wider (TTL)				
Trigger required: (-C EXT TRIG mode)	+5 volt, 10 nsec or wider (TTL)				
Sync delay: (sync out to pulse out, -C units only)	Variable 0 to 200 nsec				
Sync output: (-C only)	+5.0 volts, 200 nsec, will drive 50 ohm loads				
Monitor output option ⁶ :	Provides a 20 db attenuated coincident replica of main output				
Connectors: -C: OUT TRIG SYNC MONITOR -PS: OUT IN MONITOR Modules: OUT IN POWER	SMA BNC BNC SMA SMA BNC SMA SMA SMA SMA SOlder terminals				
Power requirement: -C and -PS: Modules:	120/240 volts (switchable) 50-60 Hz +24 volt, 500 mA				
Dimensions (IN): -C and -P\$: Modules:	4 x 8 x 12 1.7 x 2.6 x 4.2				
Chassis material: -C and -PS: Modules:	anodized aluminum, with blue plastic trim cast aluminum, blue enamel				
Mounting:	Any				
Temperature range:		0° to +50°C			

-C suffix indicates stand alone lab instrument with internal clock and line powering. -PS suffix indicates line powered instrument requiring external trigger. No suffix indicates miniature module requiring DC power and external trigger. (See page 4 for additional details of three basic instrument formats). For electronic control (0 to +10V) of amplitude, pulse width or offset suffix model No. with -EA or -EW or -ED. Electronic control units also include standard front panel one turn controls. Indicate desired polarity by suffixing model No. by -P or -N (i.e. positive or negative) or -P-PN or -N-PN for dual polarity option where the suffix preceding -PN indicates the polarity at the uninverted output port. (-PN available only for -C and -PS units). For internally generated DC offset option (0 to +5V, one turn control) add suffix -OT to model No. -C suffix indicates stand alone lab instrument with internal clock and line powering. 1)

2, 3, 5)

4)

For internally generated DC offset option (0 to ±5V, one turn control) add suffix -OT to model No. 5) -OT and -EO options not available on modules.

6) For monitor option add suffix -M.

