

# AVTECH ELECTROSYSTEMS LTD.

NANOSECOND WAVEFORM ELECTRONICS SINCE 1975

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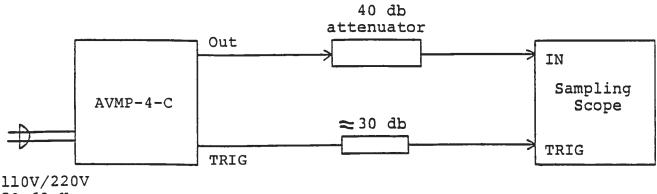
## INSTRUCTIONS

MODEL AVMP-4-C PULSE GENERATOR

S.N.:

#### WARRANTY

Electrosystems Ltd. warrants products of its manufacture to be free from defects in material and workmanship under conditions of normal use. If, within one year after delivery to the original owner, and after prepaid return by the original owner, this Avtech product is found to be defective, Avtech shall at its option repair or replace said defective item. This warranty does not apply to units which have been dissembled, modified or subjected to conditions exceeding the applicable specifications or ratings. This warranty is the extent of the obligation or liability assumed by Avtech with respect to this product and no other warranty or guarantee is either expressed or implied.



110V/220V 50-60 Hz

#### Notes:

- 1) The bandwidth capability of components and instruments used to display the pulse generator output signal (attenuators, cables, connectors, etc.) should exceed ten gigahertz.
- 2) The use of 40 dB attenuator at the sampling scope vertical input channel will insure a peak input signal to the sampling scope of less than one Volt.
- 3) The TRIG output channel provides TTL level signals. To avoid overdriving the TRIG input channel of some scopes, a 30 dB attenuator should be placed at the input to the scope trigger channel. The TRIG output precedes the main output when the front panel ADVANCE-DELAY switch is in the ADVANCE position. The TRIG output lags the main output when the switch is in the DELAY position.
- 4) To obtain a stable output display the PRF control on the front panel should be set mid-range while the PRF range switch may be in either range. The front panel TRIG toggle switch should be in the INT position. The front panel DELAY controls and the scope triggering controls are then adjusted to obtain a stable output. The scope may then be used to set the desired PRF by rotating the PRF control and by means of the PRF range switch.
- 5) The output pulse width is controlled by means of the front panel 3 position range switch and one turn PW control. The control should initially be set maximum counter clockwise and the pulse width adjusted using an oscilloscope. <u>CAUTION</u>: Do not exceed the output duty cycle rating of 10%, for example:

PI	RF	PW N	IAX
	kHz	10	us
100	kHz	1	us
1	MHz	100	ns

Note that as the duty cycle limit is approached the:

- a) Amplitude will decrease
- b) the rise and fall time will increase
- c) the overload light will come on (see 12)
- The output pulse amplitude is controlled by means of the front panel one turn AMP control. The pulse width may change by several nanoseconds as the output amplitude is reduced from maximum to minimum. Therefore it is convenient to first set the desired amplitude and then set the desired pulse width.

- 7) Some properties of the output pulse may change as a function of the amplitude pot setting. For some demanding applications, it may be desirable to use a combination of external attenuators and the amplitude pot to achieve the desired output amplitude.
- 8) An external clock may be used to control the output PRF of the AVMP unit by setting the front panel TRIG toggle switch in the EXT position and applying a 50 ns (or wider) TTL level pulse to the TRIG BNC connector input. For operation in this mode, the scope time base must also be triggered by the external clock.
- 9) The monitor output (-M) provides a 20 dB attenuated coincident replica of the main output. (option).
- 10) To voltage control the output pulse width, set the rear panel switch in the EXT position and apply 0 to +10V to connector A ( $R_{\text{IN}} \ge 10\text{K}$ ). (EW option).
- 11) To voltage control the output amplitude, set the rear panel switch in the EXT position and apply 0 to +10V to connector B ( $R_{IN} \ge 10K$ ). (EA option).
- AVMP units with a serial number higher than 5600 are 12) protected by an automatic overload protective circuit which controls the front panel overload light. unit is overloaded (by operating at an exceedingly high duty cycle or by operating into a short circuit), the protective circuit will turn the output of the instrument OFF and turn the indicator light ON. light will stay ON (i.e. output OFF) for about 5 seconds after which the instrument will attempt to turn ON (i.e. light OFF) for about 1 second. overload condition persists, the instrument will turn OFF again (i.e. light ON) for another 5 seconds. the overload condition has been removed, the instrument will turn on and resume normal operation. Overload conditions may be removed by:
  - Reducing PRF (i.e. switch to a lower range)
  - 2) Reducing pulse width (i.e. switch to a lower range)
  - Removing output load short circuit (if any)

Note that the overload light may illuminate when the prime power is applied. The light will extinguish after a few seconds and the instrument will then function.

- 13) The AVMP-C unit can be converted from 110 to 220V 50-60 Hz operation by adjusting the voltage selector card in the rear panel fused voltage selector-cable connector assembly.
- 14) For additional assistance:

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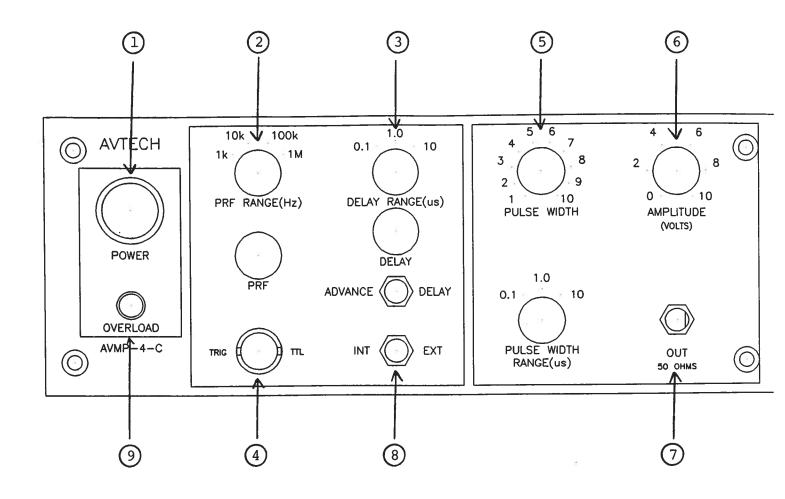


Fig. 2

# FRONT PANEL CONTROLS

- (1) <u>ON-OFF Switch</u>. Applies basic prime power to all stages.
- (2) <u>PRF Control</u>. The PRF RANGE and PRF controls determine output PRF as follows:

		PRF	MIN	PRF	MAX
Range	1	100	Hz	1	kHz
Range	2	1	kHz	10	kHz
Range	3	10	kHz	100	kHz
Range	4	100	kHz	1	MHz

- (3) <u>DELAY Controls</u>. Controls the relative delay between the reference output pulse provided at the TRIG output (4) and the main output (7). This delay is variable over the range of 10 ns to at least 10 us (in three decades).
- (4) TRIG Output. This output precedes the main output (7) and is used to trigger the sampling scope time base. The output is a TTL level 100 ns (approx) pulse capable of driving a fifty Ohm load.
- (5) <u>PW Control</u>. A one turn control and 3 position switch which varies the output pulse width as follows:
  - 1) 10 ns to 100 ns
  - 2) 100 ns to 1.0 us
  - 3) 1.0 us to 10 us

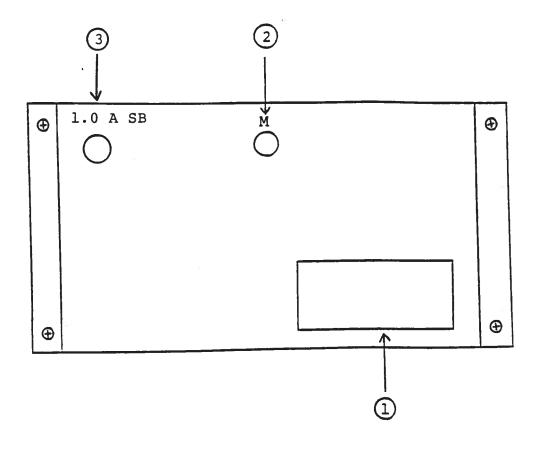
CAUTION: DO NOT EXCEED THE OUTPUT DUTY CYCLE RATING OF 10%.

- (6) <u>AMP Control</u>. A one turn control which varies the output pulse amplitude.
- (7) OUT. SMA connector provides output to 50 Ohm load.
- (8) EXT-INT Control. With this toggle switch in the INT position, the PRF of the AVMP unit is controlled via an internal clock which in turn is controlled by the PRF controls. With the toggle switch in the EXT position, the AVMP unit requires a 50 ns (or wider) TTL level pulse applied at the TRIG input in order to trigger the output stages. In addition, in this mode, the scope time base must be triggered by the external trigger source.

- (9) OVERLOAD INDICATOR. AVMP units with a serial number higher than 5600 are protected by an automatic overload protective circuit which controls the front panel overload light. If the unit is overloaded (by operating at an exceedingly high duty cycle or by operating into a short circuit), the protective circuit will turn the output of the instrument OFF and turn the indicator light ON. The light will stay ON (i.e. output OFF) for about 5 seconds after which the instrument will attempt to turn ON (i.e. light OFF) for about 1 second. If the overload condition persists, the instrument will turn OFF again (i.e. light ON) for another 5 seconds. If the overload condition has been removed, the instrument will turn on and resume normal operation. Overload conditions may be removed by:
  - 1) Reducing PRF (i.e. switch to a lower range)
  - 2) Reducing pulse width (i.e. switch to a lower range)
  - 3) Removing output load short circuit (if any)

Note that the light may illuminate when the prime power is applied. The light will extinguish after a few seconds and the instrument will then function.

# BACK PANEL CONTROLS



- (1) <u>FUSED CONNECTOR, VOLTAGE SELECTOR</u>. The detachable power cord is connected at this point. In addition, the removable cord is adjusted to select the desired input operating voltage. The unit also contains the main power fuse (0.25 Amp).
- (2) <u>MONITOR OUT M</u>. Provides an attenuated (x10) coincident replica of the main positive output pulse to fifty Ohms. (option).
- (3) <u>1.0 A SB</u>. Fuse limits the current supplied to the output stage in cases of severe overloading.

### COVER REMOVAL

The top cover may be removed by removing the 4 Phillips screws on the top of the instrument. The top cover may then be slid back and off.

#### SYSTEM DESCRIPTION AND REPAIR PROCEDURE

The AVMP-4-C consists of a pulse generator module (AVMP-4-PG), a clock module (AVMP-CL) and a power supply board which supplies +24 Volts (600 mA max) to the pulse generator module. In the event that the unit malfunctions, remove the instrument cover by removing the four Phillips screws on the back panel of the unit. The top cover may then be slid off. Measure the voltage at the +24 V pin of the PG module. this voltage is substantially less than +24 Volts, unsolder the line connecting the power supply and PG modules and connect 100 Ohm 10 W load to the PS output. The voltage across this load should be about +24 V DC. If this voltage is substantially less than 24 Volts the PS module is defective and should be repaired or replaced. If the voltage across the resistor is near 24 Volts, then the PG module should be replaced or repaired. The sealed PG module must be returned to Avtech for repair (or replacement). clock module provides a 0.1 us TTL level trigger pulse at Pin 2 to trigger the PG module and a 0.1 us TTL level sync pulse at Pin 3 to trigger the sampling scope display device. The output at Pin 3 precedes the output at Pin 2 by almost 0 to 100 ns depending on the DELAY control setting. The clock module is powered by +5.8 V supplied by the PG module (from Pin 2 to Pin 1). With the INT-EXT switch in the EXT position, the clock module is disconnected from the PG module. The clock module is functioning properly if:

- a) 0.1 us TTL level outputs are observed at Pins 2 and 3.
- b) The PRF of the outputs can be varied over the range of 1 kHz to 1 MHz using the PRF and PRF RANGE controls.
- c) The relative delay between the Pin 2 and 3 outputs can be varied by at least 500 ns by the DELAY control.

The sealed clock module must be returned to Avtech for repair or replacement if the above conditions are not observed.

Feb. 19/96

Edition B

- M

-EW

-EA

Disk: AVMP

Mame: 4CEDB.INS