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SINCE 1975

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INSTRUCTIONS

**MODEL AVO-2A-C PULSE GENERATOR
MODEL AVX-S3A-MV BIAS INSERTION UNIT**

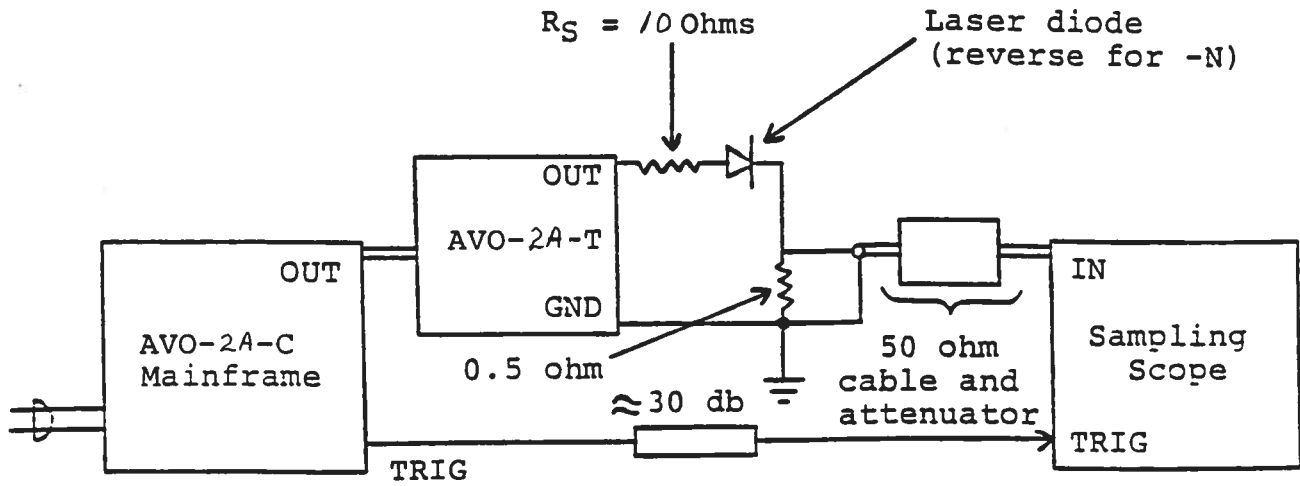
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WARRANTY

Avtech Electrosystems Ltd. warrants products of its manufacture to be free from defects in material and workmanship under conditions of normal use. If, within one year after delivery to the original owner, and after prepaid return by the original owner, this Avtech product is found to be defective, Avtech shall at its option repair or replace said defective item. This warranty does not apply to units which have been disassembled, modified or subjected to conditions exceeding the applicable specifications or ratings. This warranty is the extent of the obligation or liability assumed by Avtech with respect to this product and no other warranty or guarantee is either expressed or implied.

Fig. 1

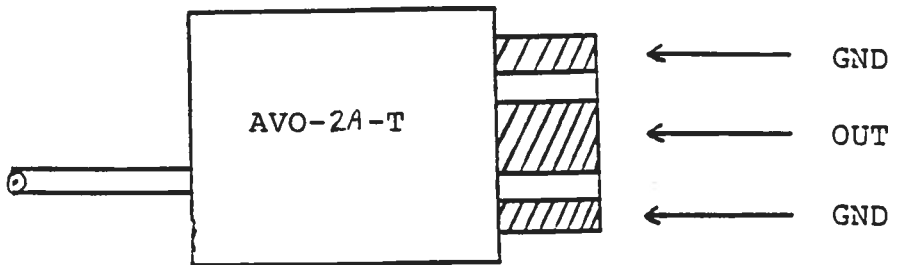
PULSE GENERATOR TEST ARRANGEMENT
(WITH OUT THE AVX-53A MODULE)



110V/220V
50-60 Hz

Notes:

- 1) For front panel manual control of the output parameters the rear panel LOCAL-REMOTE switch must be in the LOCAL position. For remote control using the PINNACLE INSTRUMENTS PC-1 controller, the switch should be in the REMOTE position. See the PC-1 instruction manual for this mode of operation.
- 2) The bandwidth capability of components and instruments used to display the pulse generator output signal (attenuators, cables, connectors, etc.) should exceed two gigahertz.
- 3) The use of 30 dB attenuator at the sampling scope vertical input channel will insure a peak input signal to the sampling scope of less than one Volt.
- 4) The TRIG output channel provides TTL level signals. To avoid overdriving the TRIG input channel of some scopes, a 30 dB attenuator should be placed at the input to the scope trigger channel. The TRIG output precedes the main output when the front panel ADVANCE-DELAY switch is in the ADVANCE position. The TRIG output lags the main output when the switch is in the DELAY position.
- 5) To obtain a stable output display the PRF control on the front panel should be set mid-range while the PRF switch may be in either range. The front panel TRIG toggle switch should be in the INT position. The front panel DELAY controls and the scope triggering controls are then adjusted to obtain a stable output. The scope may then be used to set the desired PRF by rotating the PRF control and by means of the back panel toggle switch.
- 6) The output pulse width is controlled by means of the front panel one turn PW control and a two position range switch as follows: 1 to 10 ns, 10 to 50 ns. The control should initially be set maximum clockwise and the pulse width adjusted using an oscilloscope.
- 7) The output pulse amplitude is controlled by means of the front panel one turn AMP control.



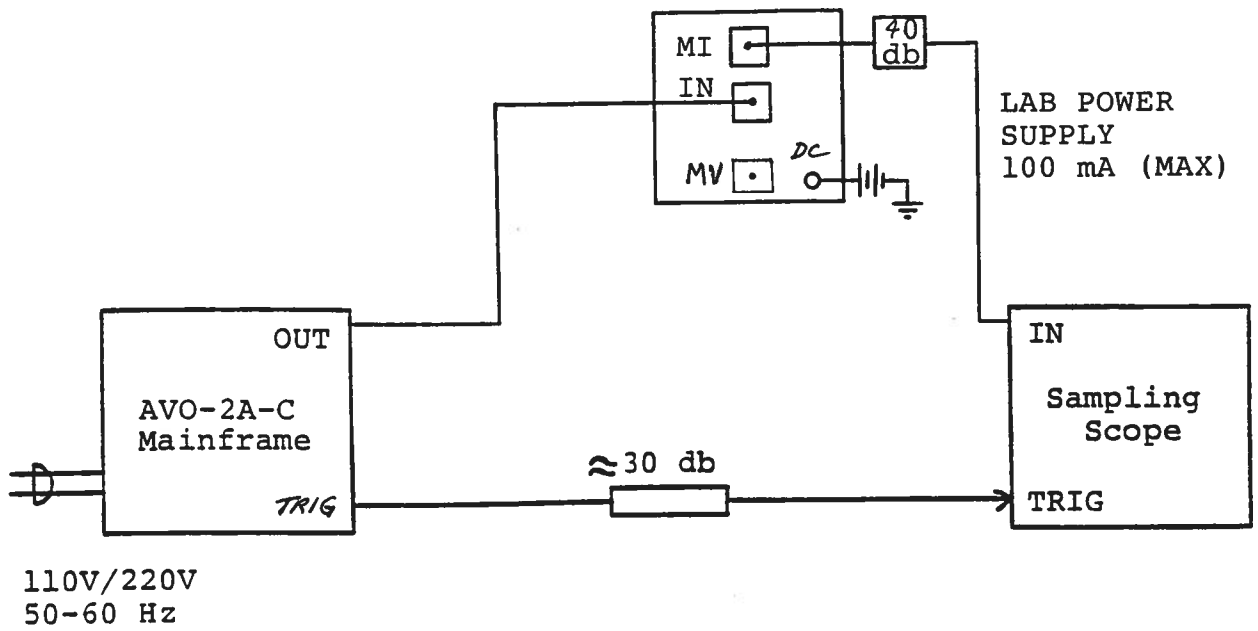
←
To mainframe

- 8) The AVO-2A-T module connects to the AVO mainframe via a 2 foot long miniature coaxial cable. The AVO-2A-T module transforms the AVO mainframe output to 50 Volts to 10 Ohm. The laser diode is connected in series with a current limiting resistor ($R_s = 10$ Ohm) between the GND and OUT terminals on the AVO-2A-T. 1/4 Watt carbon film or carbon composition resistors may be used but all leads must be as short as possible (< 0.1 inch). Solder leads directly to the GND and OUT terminals. CAUTION: Use moderate heat when soldering to the OUT terminal.
- 9) The amplitude of the diode current is determined primarily by the setting of the rear panel AMP pot control, and to a lesser extent by the limiting resistor R_S and by the series resistance of the laser diode. The performance check results given in the following page were obtained using a 1N4736 diode to simulate a laser diode load. With this diode a peak current of 5 Amperes was obtained with $R_s = 10$ Ohm and the pot set maximum clockwise.
- 10) An external clock may be used to control the output PRF of the AVO unit by setting the front panel TRIG toggle switch in the EXT position and applying a 50 ns (or wider) TTL level pulse to the TRIG BNC connector input.
- 11) The unit can be converted from 110 to 220V 50-60 Hz operation by adjusting the voltage selector card in the rear panel fused voltage selector-cable connector assembly.
- 12) For additional assistance:

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Fig. 1

PULSE GENERATOR TEST ARRANGEMENT
(WITH AVX-S3A-MV MODULE)



Notes:

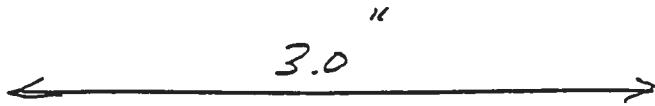
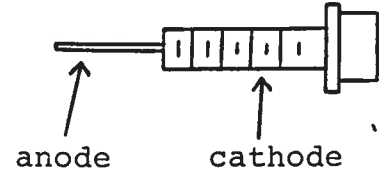
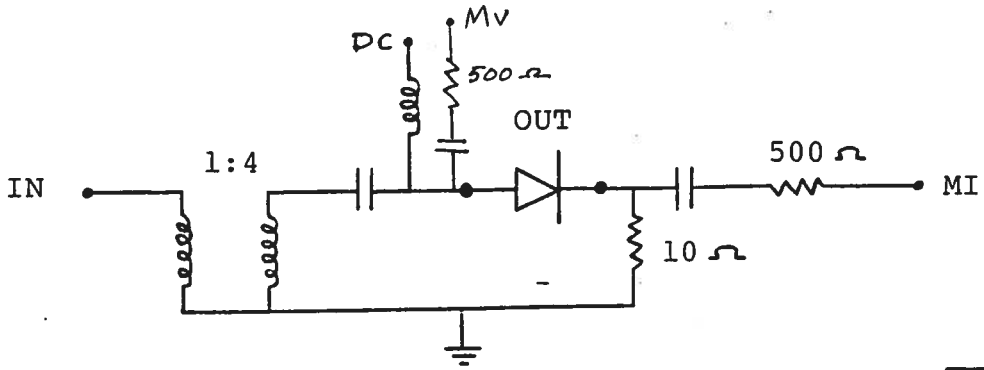
- 1) Gently insert the anode lead of the OP-3 package into the 8-32 threaded opening of the AVX-S3A unit and contact the pin socket which is located about 1 centimeter into the 8-32 opening. Push the anode lead into the socket until the 8-32 threads on the package contact the body of the AVX-S3A unit. Then screw the package into the threads using finger force only. Note that the above operation is much easier if the anode lead is very straight.
- 2) The DC terminal of the bias insertion must either be shorted to ground (if a DC offset is not required) or a DC power supply must be applied. The laser diode will not function if the DC terminal is open circuited. Note that the DC current must not exceed ± 100 mA (applying a DC potential of 0 to +5 volts is normally adequate).
- 3) The MI port must be terminated into 50 Ohms. Note that a 40 db attenuator should be placed between the AVX-S3A MI output and the scope input.
- 4) The diode current I_D (Amps) and the MI output voltage (volts) are related as follows:

$$I_D = M_I$$

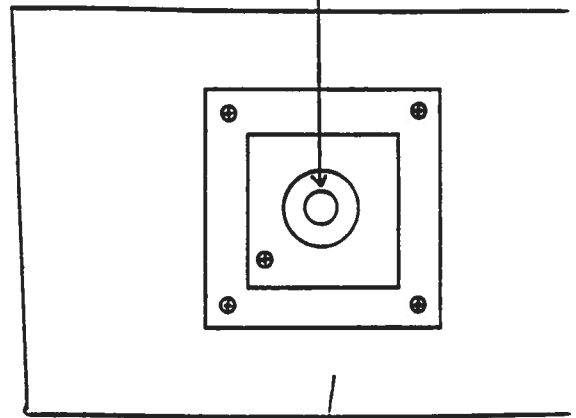
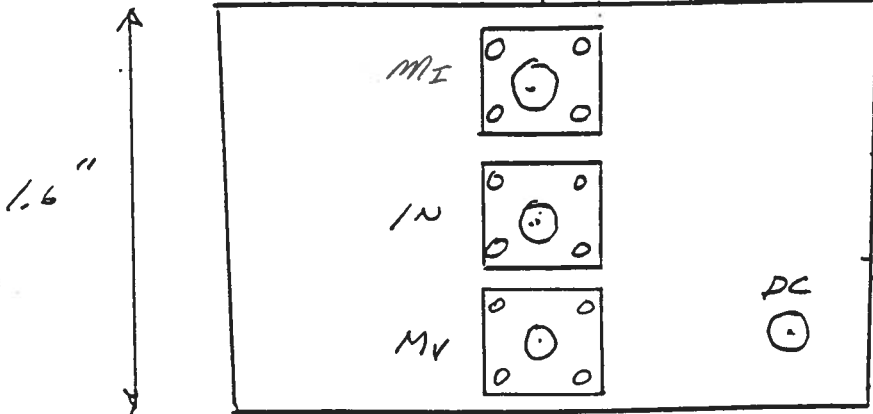
- 5) The MV port must be terminated into 50 Ohms. A 40 db attenuator should be placed between the AVX-S3A MV output and the scope input.
- 6) The diode voltage V_D (volts) and the MV and MI output voltage (volts) are related as follows:

$$V_D = M_V - M_I$$

FUNCTIONAL EQUIVALENT CCT



8-32 thread opening



FINISH-MOUNT
SOCIETY
ASSEMBLY

7-11-65

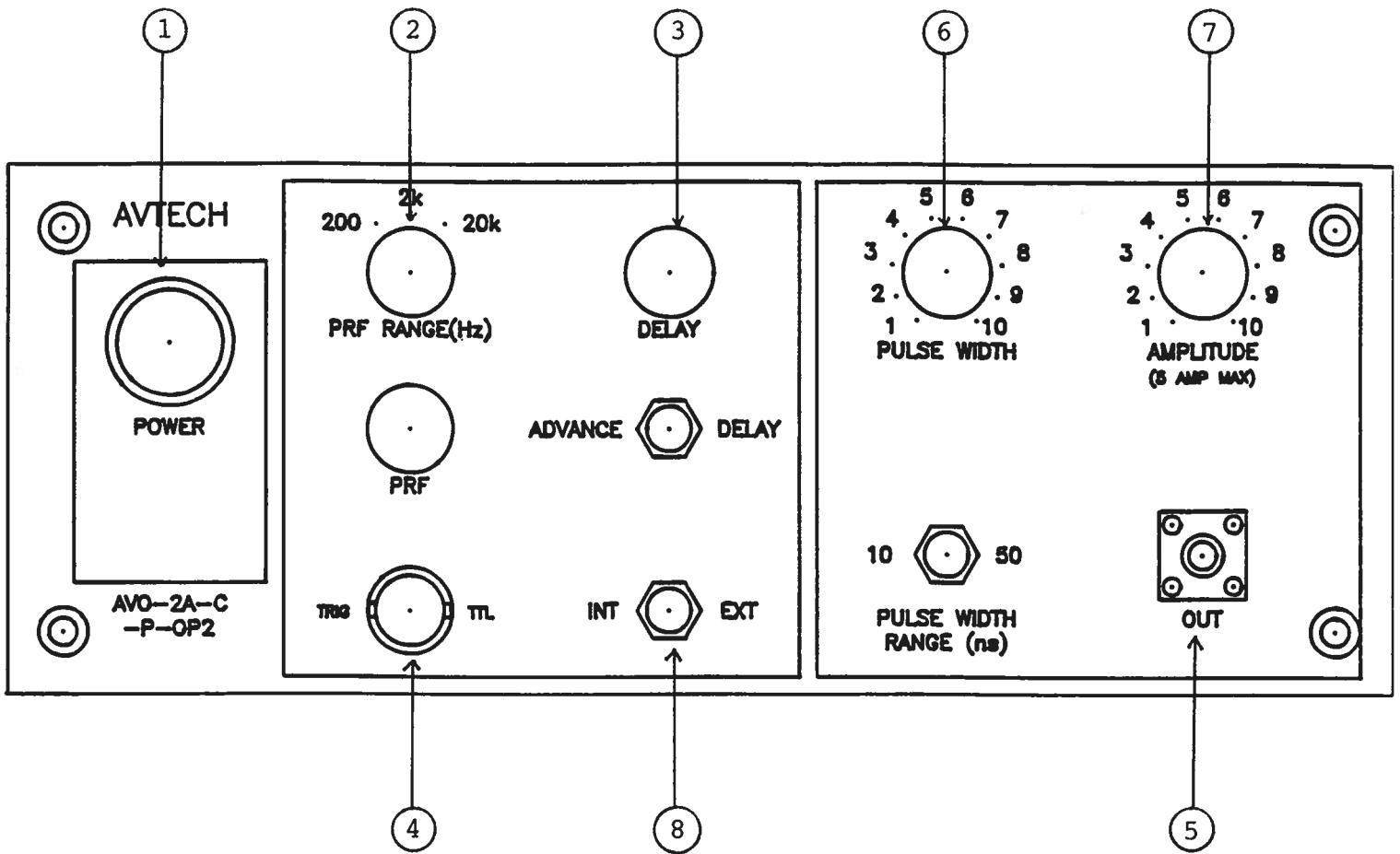


Fig. 2: FRONT PANEL CONTROLS

- (1) ON-OFF Switch. Applies basic prime power to all stages.
- (2) PRF Control. Varies PRF as follows:

	MIN	MAX
Range 1	20 Hz	200 Hz
Range 2	200 Hz	2 kHz
Range 3	2 kHz	20 kHz

The operating PRF should be set using a scope.

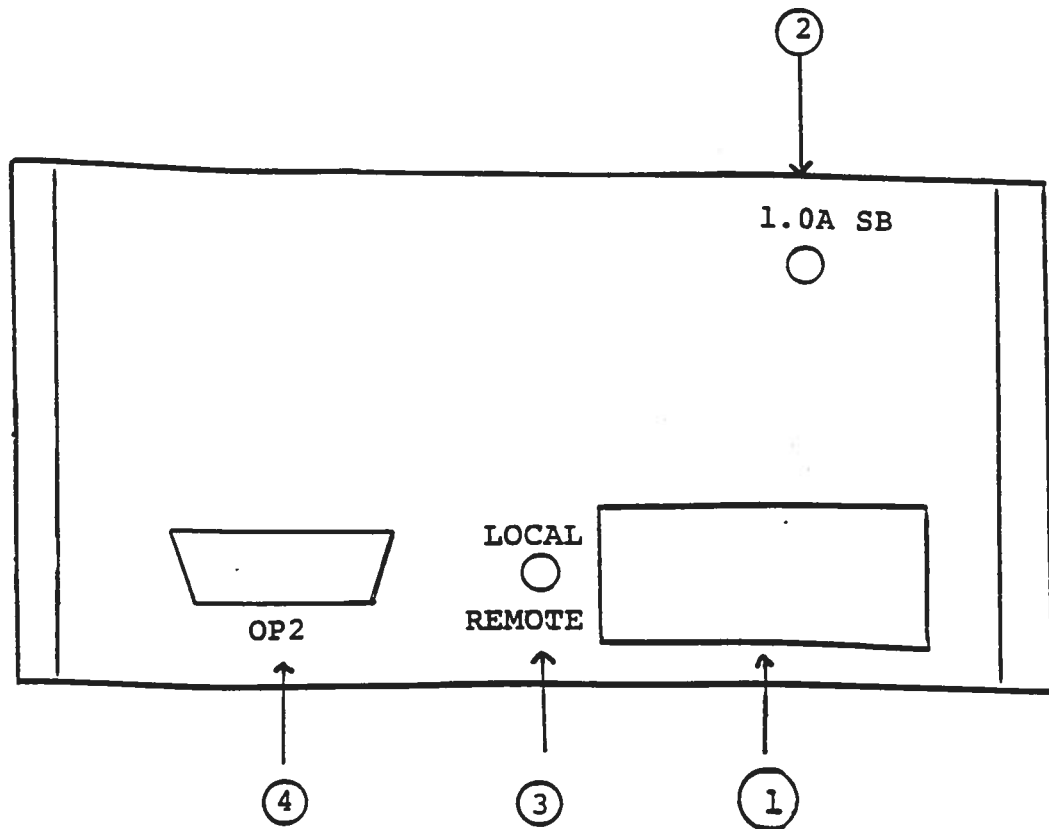
- (3) DELAY Control. Controls the relative delay between the reference output pulse provided at the TRIG output (4) and the main output (5). This delay is variable over the range of 0 to about 0.5 us. The TRIG output precedes the main output when the ADVANCE-DELAY switch is in the ADVANCE position and lags when the switch is in the DELAY position.
- (4) TRIG Output. This output is used to trigger the scope time base. The output is a TTL level 100 ns (approx) pulse capable of driving a fifty Ohm load.
- (5) OUT Connector. SMA connectors provide output to the AVO-2A-T module.
- (6) PW Control. A one turn control and a two position range switch which varies the output pulse width as follows:

1 to 10 ns
10 to 50 ns

- (7) AMP Control. A one turn control which varies the output pulse amplitude.
- (8) EXT-INT Control. With this toggle switch in the INT position, the PRF of the AVO unit is controlled via an internal clock which in turn is controlled by the PRF controls. With the toggle switch in the EXT position, the AVO unit requires a 50 ns (or wider) TTL level pulse applied at the TRIG input in order to trigger the output stages. In addition, in this mode, the scope time base must be triggered by the external trigger source.

Fig. 3

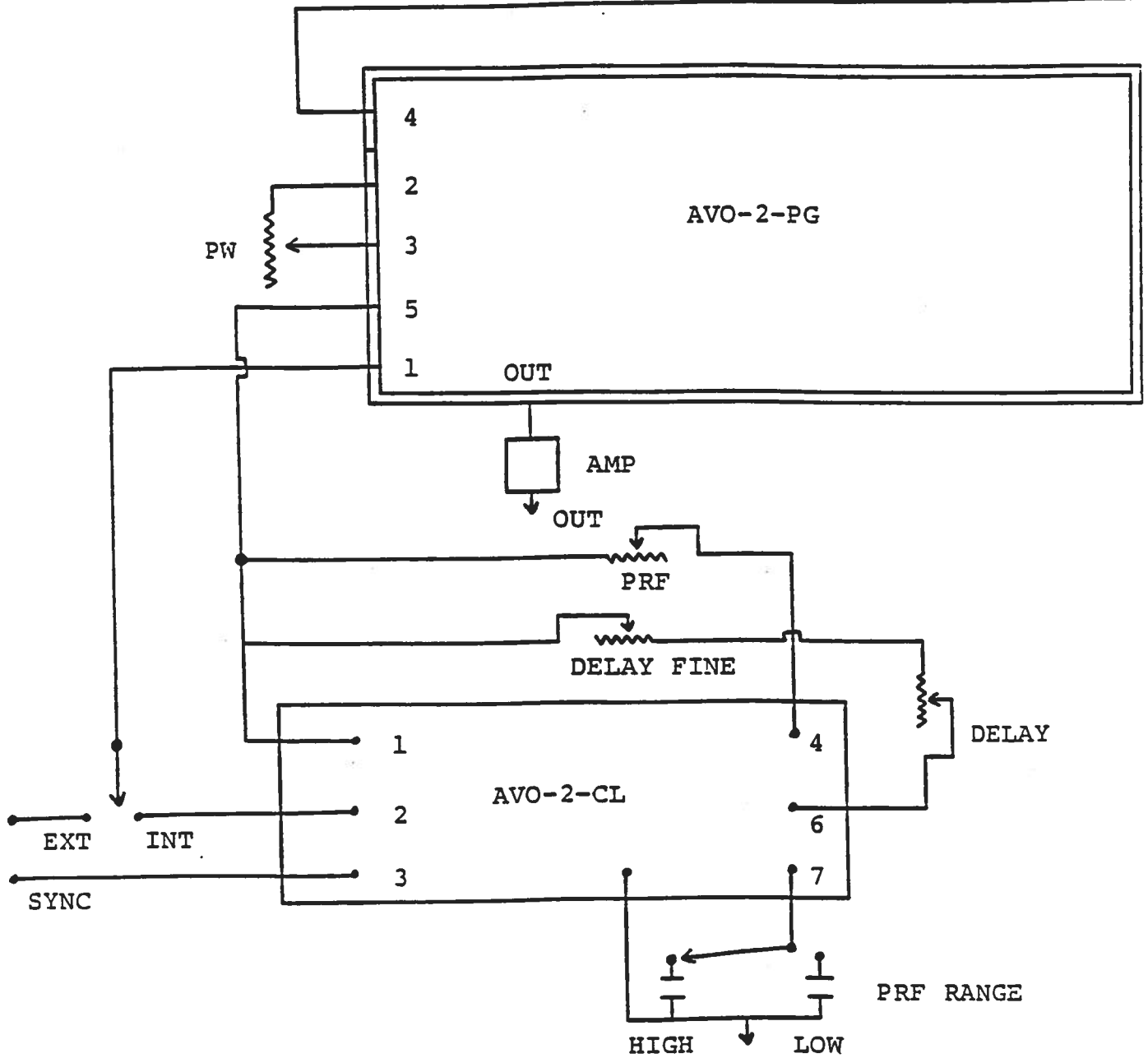
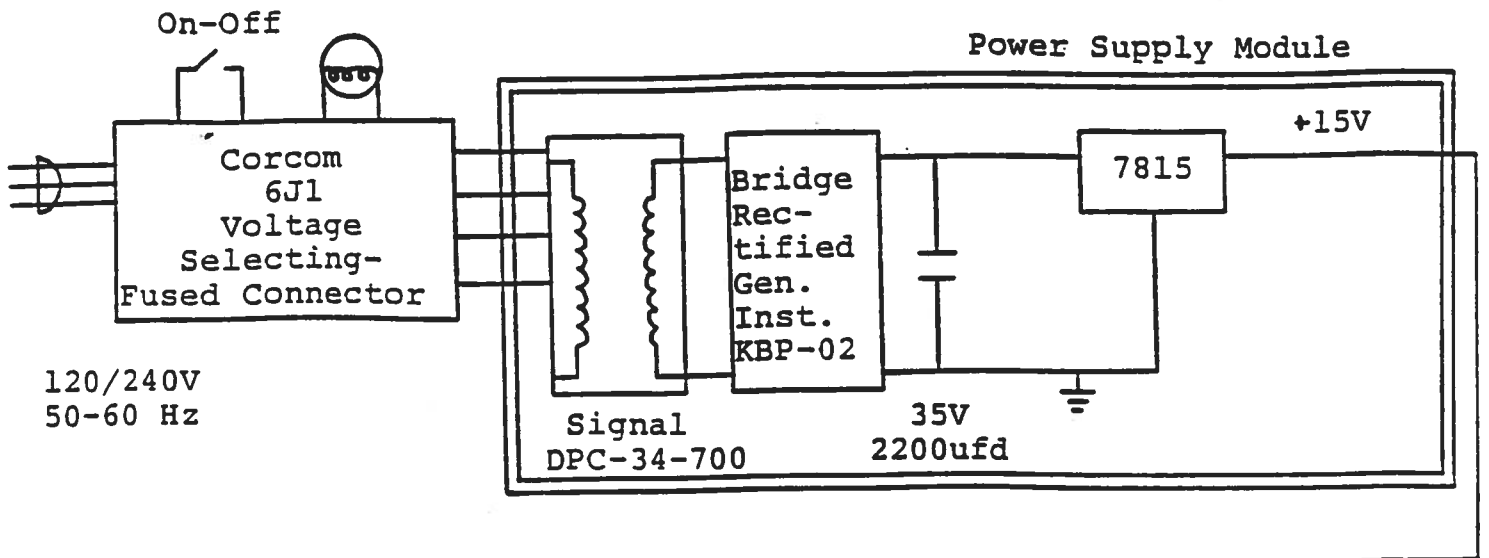
BACK PANEL CONTROLS



- (1) FUSED CONNECTOR, VOLTAGE SELECTOR. The detachable power cord is connected at this point. In addition, the removable cord is adjusted to select the desired input operating voltage. The unit also contains the main power fuse (0.5 A SB).
- (2) 1.0A SB. Fuse which protects the output stage if the output duty cycle rating is exceeded.
- (3) LOCAL REMOTE SWITCH. This two-position switch must be in the LOCAL position to operate the instrument from the front panel controls. To control the instrument using the PINNACLE INSTRUMENTS Model PC-1, the switch must be in the REMOTE position.
- (4) OP2 CONNECTOR. 36 conductor CENTRONICS CAT. No. 45-4395 cable (supplied) connects between this connector and the PINNACLE INSTRUMENTS Model PC-1.

TOP COVER REMOVAL AND RACK MOUNTING

- 1) The interior of the instrument may be accessed by removing the four Phillips screws on the top panel. With the four screws removed, the top cover may be slid back (and off).



SYSTEM DESCRIPTION AND REPAIR PROCEDURE

The AVO-2-C consists of a pulse generator module (AVO-2-PG), a clock module (AVO-2-CL) and a power supply board which supplies +15 Volts (600 mA max) to the pulse generator module. In the event that the unit malfunctions, remove the instrument cover by removing the four Phillips screws on the back of the unit. The top cover may then be slid off. Measure the voltage at the +15V pin of the PG module. If this voltage is substantially less than +15 Volts, unsolder the line connecting the power supply and PG modules and connect 50 Ohm 10 W load to the PS output. The voltage across this load should be about +15 V DC. If this voltage is substantially less than 15 Volts the PS module is defective and should be repaired or replaced. If the voltage across the resistor is near 15 Volts, then the PG module should be replaced or repaired. The sealed PG module must be returned to Avtech for repair (or replacement). The clock module provides a 0.1 us TTL level trigger pulse at pin 2 to trigger the PG module and a 0.1 us TTL level sync pulse at pin 3 to trigger the sampling scope display device. The output at pin 3 precedes the output at pin 2 by almost 0 to 500 ns depending on the DELAY control setting. With the INT-EXT switch in the EXT position, the clock module is disconnected from the PG module. The clock module is functioning properly if:

- a) 0.1 us TTL level outputs are observed at pins 2 and 3.
- b) The PRF of the outputs can be varied over the range of 0.05 kHz to 20 kHz using the PRF and PRF RANGE controls.
- c) The relative delay between the pin 2 and 3 outputs can be varied by at least 500 ns by the DELAY control.

The sealed clock module must be returned to Avtech for repair or replacement if the above conditions are not observed.

Disc : AVO, AVO-1, AVO-2

doc name: ZAC+AVX.INS

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