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INSTRUCTIONS

MODEL AVOZ-A2-C PULSE GENERATOR

S.N.:

WARRANTY

Avtech Electrosystems Ltd. warrants products of its manufacture to be free from defects in material and workmanship under conditions of normal use. If, within one year after delivery to the original owner, and after prepaid return by the original owner, this Avtech product is found to be defective, Avtech shall at its option repair or replace said defective item. This warranty does not apply to units which have been dissembled, modified or subjected to conditions exceeding the applicable specifications or ratings. This warranty is the extent of the obligation assumed by Avtech with respect to this product and no other warranty or guarantee is either expressed or implied.

TECHNICAL SUPPORT

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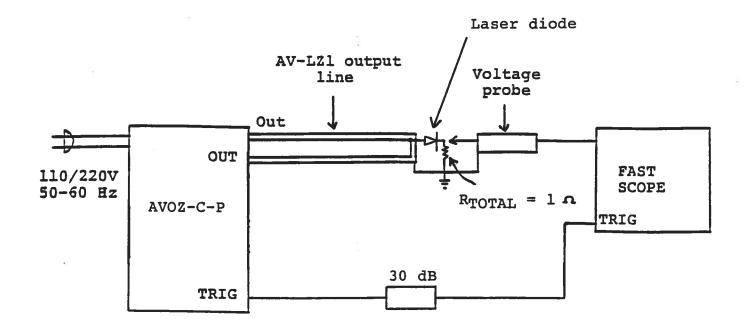
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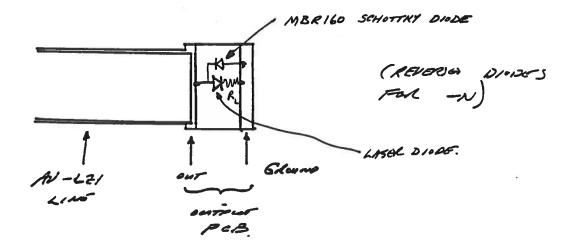
FIG. 1: MODEL AVOZ-C PULSE GENERATOR TEST ARRANGEMENT

(RESISTIVE LOAD, NO DIODE)



GENERAL OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

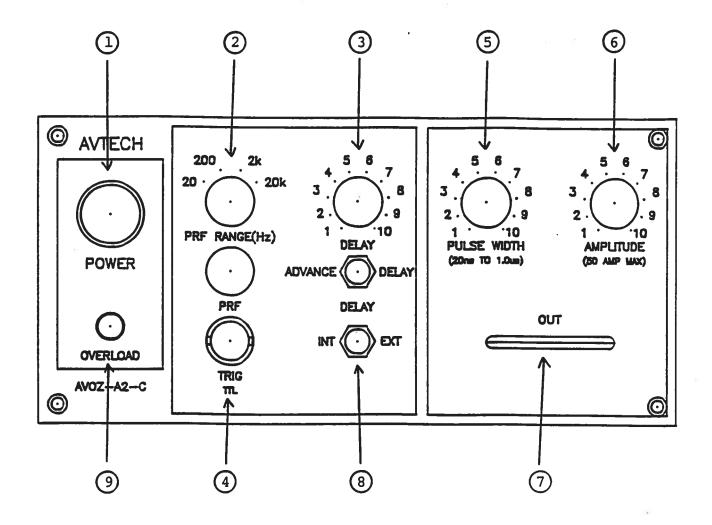
- The equipment should be connected in the general fashion shown above. Since the AVOZ unit provides an output pulse rise time as low as 10 ns a fast oscilloscope (at least 50 MHz and preferably 200 MHz) should be used to display the waveform. If a sampling scope is used, a 40 dB (or greater) attenuator should be used to insure a peak input to the scope of less than 0.5 Volts.
- 2) The TRIG output channel provides TTL level signals. To avoid overdriving the TRIG input channel of some scopes, a 30 dB attenuator should be placed at the input to the scope trigger channel. The TRIG output precedes the main output when the front panel ADVANCE-DELAY switch is in the ADVANCE position. The TRIG output lags the main output when the switch is in the DELAY position.
- 3) To obtain a stable output display the PRF controls on the front panel should be set mid-range. The front panel TRIG toggle switch should be in the INT position. The front panel DELAY control and the scope triggering controls are then adjusted to obtain a stable output. The scope may then be used to set the desired PRF by rotating the PRF controls.
- 4) The AV-LZ1 flexible output line which protrudes from the front panel of the mainframe has a characteristic impedance of one Ohm. The diode load and a non-inductive load resistor should be solder connected to the end of the line as shown below (using extremely short lead lengths (e.g. 0.2 cm) so as to reduce inductance). The series combination of the laser diode and the load resistor R_L should present one Ohm to the end of the line. For many diodes, a load resistor of one Ohm may be selected as a first choice. The diode current may be monitored by monitoring the voltage across the resistor (or by means of a current probe). An ultra fast rectifier diode (e.g. MBR160) may be placed across the laser diode to protect against reverse transients.



- 5) The output pulse width is controlled by means of the front panel one turn PW control. To voltage control the pulse width, set the rear panel switch in the EXT position and apply 0 to +10 Volts between terminal A and ground ($R_{IN} \ge 10$ K). (option).
- 6) The output pulse amplitude is controlled by means of the front panel one turn AMP control. To voltage control the output, set the rear panel switch in the EXT position and apply 0 to +10 Volts between terminal A and ground ($R_{IN} \ge 10K$). (option).
- 7) AVOZ units with a serial number higher than 6500 are protected by an automatic overload protective circuit which controls the front panel overload light. If the unit is overloaded (by operating at an exceedingly high duty cycle or by operating into a short circuit), the protective circuit will turn the output of the instrument OFF and turn the indicator light ON. The light will stay ON (i.e. output OFF) for about 5 seconds after which the instrument will attempt to turn ON (i.e. light OFF) for about 1 second. If the overload condition persists, the instrument will turn OFF again (i.e. light ON) for another 5 seconds. If the overload condition has been removed, the instrument will turn on and resume normal operation. Overload conditions may be removed by:
 - 1) Reducing PRF (i.e. switch to a lower range)
 - 2) Reducing pulse width (i.e. switch to a lower range)
 - 3) Removing output load short circuit (if any)
- 8) The unit can be converted from 110 to 220V 50-60 Hz operation by adjusting the voltage selector card in the rear panel fused voltage selector-cable connector assembly.
- 9) For additional assistance:

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FIG. 2: FRONT PANEL CONTROLS



FRONT PANEL CONTROLS

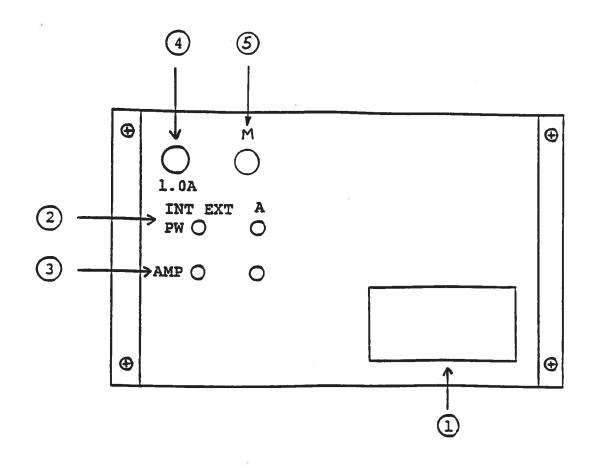
- (1) <u>ON-OFF Switch</u>. Applies basic prime power to all stages.
- (2) <u>PRF Control</u>. Varies PRF as follows:

(3)	RANGE 1	2 Hz - 20 Hz
(4)	RANGE 2	20 Hz - 200 Hz
(5)	RANGE 3	200 Hz - 2 kHz
(6)	RANGE 4	2 kHz - 20 kHz

- (7) <u>DELAY Control</u>. Controls the relative delay between the reference output pulse provided at the TRIG output (4) and the main output (7). This delay is variable over the range of 0 to about 1.0 us. The TRIG output precedes the main output when the ADVANCE-DELAY switch is in the ADVANCE position and lags when the switch is in the DELAY position.
- (8) <u>TRIG Output</u>. This output precedes the main output (7) and is used to trigger the sampling scope time base. The output is a TTL level 100 ns (approx) pulse capable of driving a fifty Ohm load.
- (9) <u>PW Control</u>. A one turn control which varies the output pulse width from 20 ns to 1 us.
- (10) <u>AMP Control</u>. The output pulse amplitude is controlled by means of the one turn potentiometer (AMP).
- (11) <u>OUT</u>. 1 meter long AV-LZ1 flexible output line protrudes from the front panel. Diode load and series matching resistor to be solder connected to end of line. Total resistance to equal one Ohm to obtain 50 amperes when mainframe outputs 50 Volts.
- (12) <u>EXT-INT Control</u>. With this toggle switch in the INT position, the PRF of the unit is controlled via an internal clock which in turn is controlled by the PRF controls. With the toggle switch in the EXT position, the unit requires a 0.2 us TTL level pulse applied at the TRIG input in order to trigger the output stages.

- (13) AVOZ units with a serial number higher than 5600 are protected by an automatic overload protective circuit which controls the front panel overload light. If the unit is overloaded (by operating at an exceedingly high duty cycle or by operating into a short circuit), the protective circuit will turn the output of the instrument OFF and turn the indicator light ON. The light will stay ON (i.e. output OFF) for about 5 seconds after which the instrument will attempt to turn ON (i.e. light OFF) for about 1 second. If the overload condition persists, the instrument will turn OFF again (i.e. light ON) for another 5 seconds. If the overload condition has been removed, the instrument will turn on and resume normal operation. Overload conditions may be removed by:
 - 1) Reducing PRF (i.e. switch to a lower range)
 - 2) Reducing pulse width (i.e. switch to a lower range)
 - 3) Removing output load short circuit (if any)

FIG. 3: BACK PANEL CONTROLS



BACK PANEL CONTROLS

- <u>FUSED CONNECTOR, VOLTAGE SELECTOR</u>. The detachable power cord is connected at this point. In addition, the removable cord is adjusted to select the desired input operating voltage. The unit also contains the main power fuse (0.5 A SB).
- (2) <u>EA</u>. To voltage control the output amplitude, set the switch in the EXT position and apply 0 to +10 Volts between terminal A and ground ($R_{IN} \ge 10K$). (option).
- (3) <u>EW</u>. To voltage control the output pulse width, set the switch in the EXT position and apply 0 to +10 Volts between terminal A and ground ($R_{IN} \ge 10K$). (option).
- (4) <u>1.0A SB</u>. This fuse limits the DC prime power supplied to the output stage and will blow in the case of severe overloading.
- (5) <u>MOPTION</u>. SMA connector provides an output voltage pulse (to 50 Ohms or $R_L \ge 1$ K) with an amplitude which is proportional to the load current pulse amplitude and a pulse width which equals the output pulse width.
- (a) <u>50 OHM M LOAD</u>: $I_{OUT} = 10 V_M$ (Amps & Volts)
- (b) <u>OPEN CIRCUIT M LOAD</u>: $I_{OUT} = 5 V_M$ (Amps & Volts)

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION AND REPAIR PROCEDURE

The AVOZ-A-C unit consists of the following basic modules:

- 1) AVOZ-A-PG pulse generator module
- 2) AVOZ-A-PS power supply module
- 3) AVOZ-A-CL clock module
- 4) +24V power supply board

The modules are interconnected as shown in Fig. 4. The clock module controls the output PRF and the relative delay between the main output and the TRIG output. The PG pulse generator module generates the output pulse. In the event of an instrument malfunction, it is most likely that the rear panel 1.0A SB fuse may have failed due to an output short circuit condition or to a high duty cycle condition. If the fuse has not blown, then the four Phillips screws on the back panel should be removed. The top cover may then be slid off and the operation of the clock and power supply modules checked. The clock module is functioning properly if:

- (a) 0.1 us TTL level outputs are observed at pins 2 and 3.
- (b) The PRF of the outputs can be varied over the range of 2 Hz to 20.0 kHz using the PRF and PRF FINE controls.
- (c) The relative delay between the pin 2 and 3 outputs can be varied by at least 1 us by the DELAY control.

The sealed clock module must be returned to Avtech for repair or replacement if the above conditions are not observed. The power supply board generates +24V DC to power the other modules. If the voltage is less than +24V, turn off the prime power and unsolder the lead from the 7824 regulator chip on the power supply board. Solder a 100 Ohm 5 Watt resistor to the 7824 output to ground and turn on the prime power. A voltage of +24 Volts should be read. If the voltage is less then the power supply board is defective and should be repaired or replaced.

PERFORMANCE CHECK SHEET

Dec 7/95

Edition C

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