AVTECH ELECTROSYSTEMS LTD.

NANOSECOND WAVEFORM ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING . MANUFACTURING

P.O. BOX 265 OGDENSBURG NEW YORK 13669 (315) 472-5270

BOX 5120 STN. "F" OTTAWA, ONTARIO 凶 CANADA K2C 3H4 (613) 226-5772 TELEX 053-4591

INSTRUCTIONS

Model AVP-AV-1S-C-PN-EA-EW-M-OSEA Pulse Generator

S.N.:

WARRANTY

Avtech Electrosystems Ltd. warrants products of its manufacture to be free from defects in material and workmanship under conditions of normal use. If, within one year after delivery to the original owner, and after prepaid return by the original owner, this Avtech product is found to be defective, Avtech shall at its option repair or replace said defective item. This warranty does not apply to units which have been dissembled, modified or subjected to conditions exceeding the applicable specifications or ratings. This warranty is the extent of the obligation or liability assumed by Avtech with respect to this product and no other warranty or guarantee is either expressed or implied.

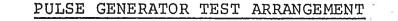
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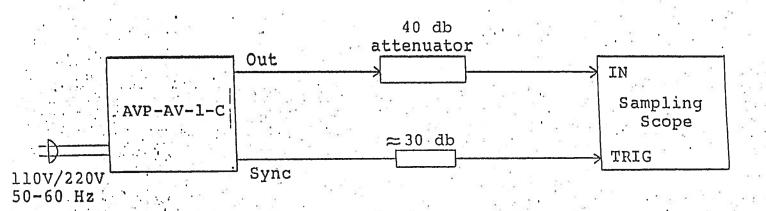
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Fig. 1

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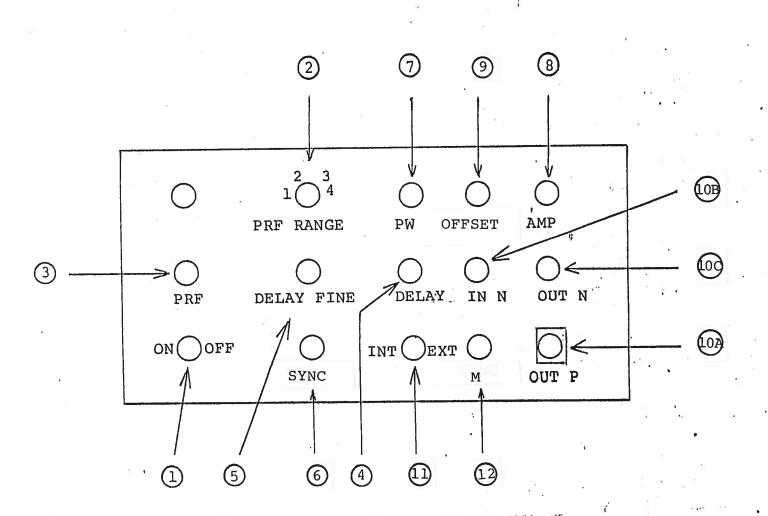
Notes:

- 1) The bandwidth capability of components and instruments used to display the pulse generator output signal (attenuators, cables, connectors, etc.) should exceed ten gigahertz.
- 2) The use of 40 db attenuator at the sampling scope vertical input channel will insure a peak input signal to the sampling scope of less than one volt.
- 3) The sync output channel provides TTL level signals. To avoid overdriving the TRIG input channel of some sampling scopes, a 30 db attenuator should be placed at the input to the sampling scope trigger channel.
- 4) To obtain a stable output display the PRF control on the front panel should be set mid-range while the PRF range switch may be in either range. The front panel TRIG toggle switch should be in the INT position. The front panel DELAY controls and the scope triggering controls are then adjusted

to obtain a stable output. The scope may then be used to set the desired PRF by rotating the PRF control and by means of the PRF range switch.

- 5) The output pulse width is controlled by means of the front panel one turn PW control. The control should initially be set maximum clockwise and the pulse width adjusted using an oscilloscope.
- 6) The output pulse amplitude is controlled by means of the front panel one turn AMP control. The pulse width may change by several nanoseconds as the output amplitude is reduced from maximum to minimum. Therefore it is convenient to first set the desired amplitude and then set the desired pulse width. Rotation of the PW pot causes the position of the falling edge of the pulse to change.
- 7) The output DC offset level is varied from -5 to +5V (to 50 ohm) by the front panel OFFSET one turn control. The DC offset may be turned off using the rear panel OS ON-OFF toggle switch.
- 8) Some properties of the output pulse may change as a function of the amplitude pot setting. For some demanding applications, it may be desirable to use a combination of external attenuators and the amplitude pot to achieve the desired output amplitude.
- 9) An external clock may be used to control the output PRF of the AVP unit by setting the front panel TRIG toggle switch in the EXT position and applying a 0.2 usec (approx) TTL level pulse to the SYNC BNC connector input. For operation in this mode, the scope time base must also be triggered by the external clock.
- 10) The monitor output (-M) provides a 20 db attenuated coincident replica of the main output. (option).
- 11) To voltage control the output pulse width remove the jumper wire between banana plugs A and B on the back panel and apply 0 to $\pm 10V$ to connector B ($R_{TN} \ge 10K$). (option).
- 12) To voltage control the output amplitude, remove the jumper wire between banana plugs A and B on the back panel and apply 0 to $\pm 10V$ to connector B ($R_{TN} \ge 10K$). (option).
- 13) To voltage control the DC offset, remove the jumper wire between banana plugs A and B on the back panel and apply 0 to +10V to connector B ($R_{IN} \ge 10K$). ON-OFF toggle switch must be in ON position. (option).
- 14) For units with the dual output polarity option (-PN) a positive output pulse is obtained at the OUT P SMA connector. To obtain a negative output pulse, the OUT P port is connected to the IN N port via a short length of miniature 50 ohm coaxial cable. A negative output pulse is then obtained at the OUT N port.

FRONT PANEL CONTROLS



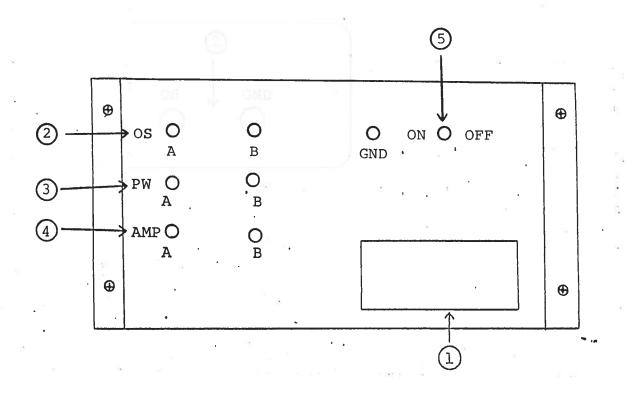
ON-OFF Switch. Applies basic prime power to all stages. 1 controls determine PRF Control: The PRF RANGE output PRF as follows: and PRF

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ſ	85	PRF MIN	PRF MAX
	Range l	100 Hz	l KHz
	Range 2	l KHz	10 KHz
	Range 3	10 KHz	100 KHz
0	Range 4	lÒO KHz	l MHz

- (4) DELAY Controls. Controls the relative delay between the ref-
- For the second secon
- 6 SYNC Output. This output precedes the main output 10 and is used to trigger the sampling scope time base. The output is a TTL level 100 nsec (approx) pulse capable of driving a fifty ohm load.
- (7) <u>PW Control</u>. A one turn control which varies the output pulse width from 0 to 4 nsec.
- (8) <u>AMP Control</u>. A one turn control which varies the output pulse amplitude.
- (9) OFFSET Control. The output DC offset is varied from -5 to +5V (to 50 ohms) by this one turn control. OFFSET may be turned OFF using the back panel OS ON-OFF toggle switch.
- OUT P. For units with dual output polarity option, provides positive output pulse.
 - IN N, OUT N. For dual polarity option units connect OUT P to \overline{IN} N port to obtain negative output pulse at OUT N port.
 -) EXT-INT Control. With this toggle switch in the INT position, the PRF of the AVP unit is controlled via an internal clock which in turn is controlled by the PRF controls. With the toggle switch in the EXT position, the AVP unit requires a 0.2 usec TTL level pulse applied at the SYNC input in order to trigger the output stages. In addition, in this mode, the scope time base must be triggered by the external trigger source.
- 12) MONITOR OUT M. Provides an attenuated (x10) coincident replica of the main positive output pulse to fifty ohms (option).

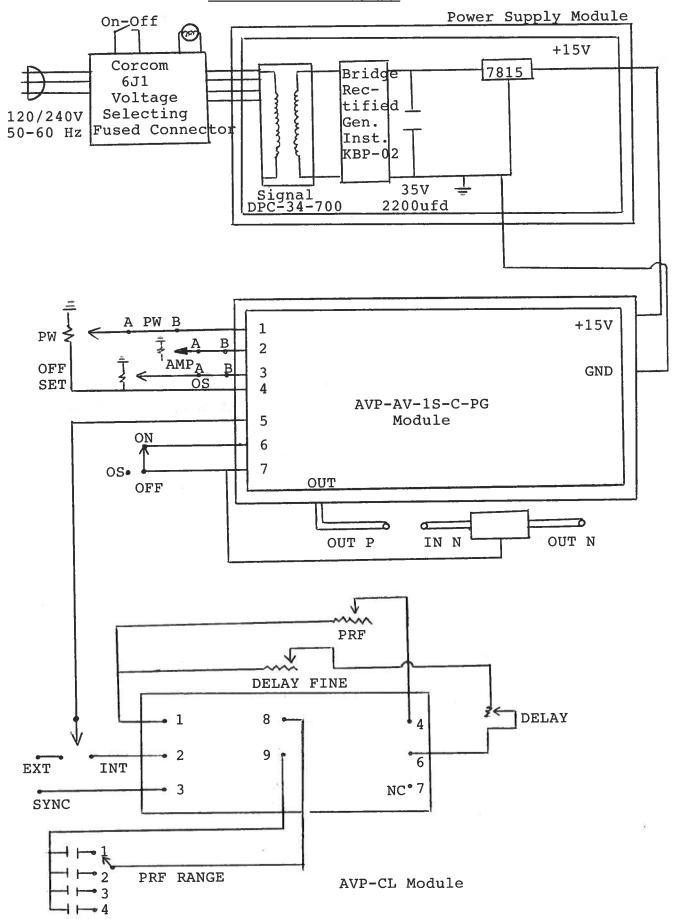
Fig. 3

BACK PANEL CONTROLS



- 1 <u>FUSED CONNECTOR, VOLTAGE SELECTOR</u>. The detachable power cord is connected at this point. In addition, the removable cord is adjusted to select the desired input operating voltage. The unit also contains the main power fuse.
- (2) To voltage control the DC output offset, remove the jumper wire between banana plugs A and B and apply 0 to +10V to connector B (R_{TN}≥10K).
- (3) To voltage control the output pulse width, remove the jumper wire between banana plugs A and B and apply 0 to +10V to connector B (R_{TN} > 10K).
- (4) To voltage control the output amplitude, remove the jumper wire between banana plugs A and B and apply 0 to +10V to connector B (R_{TN}≥10K).
- (5) To turn DC output offset OFF put toggle switch in OFF position.

SYSTEM BLOCK DIAGRAM



SYSTEM DESCRIPTION, AND REPAIR PROCEDURE

AVP-AV-1S-C consists of a pulse generator module (AVP-AV-1S-P-PG), The and a power supply board which supplies a clock module (AVP-CL) +15 volts (600 mA max) to the pulse generator module. In the event that the unit malfunctions, remove the instrument cover by removing the four Phillips screws on the back of the unit. The top cover may then be slid off. Measure the voltage at the +15V pin of the PG module. If this voltage is substantially less than +15 volts, unsolder the line connecting the power supply and PG modules and connect 50 ohm 10 W load to the PS output. The voltage across this load should be If this voltage is substantially less than 15 about +15 V DC. volts the PS module is defective and should be repaired or re-If the voltage across the resistor is near 15 volts, then' placed. the PG module should be replaced or repaired. The sealed PG module must be returned to Avtech for repair (or replacement). The clock module provides a 0.1 usec TTL level trigger pulse at pin 2 to trigger the PG module and a 0.1 usec TTL level synch pulse at pin 3 to trigger the sampling scope display device. The. output at pin 3 precedes the output at pin 2 by almost 0 to 100 nsec depending on the DELAY control setting. The clock module is powered by +5.8 V supplied by the PG module (from pin 2 to pin 1). With the INT-EXT switch in the EXT position, the clock module is disconnected from the PG module. The clock module is functioning properly if:

a) 0.1 usec TTL level outputs are observed at pins 2 and 3.

- b) The PRF of the outputs can be varied over the range of 20 Hz to 10 KHz using the PRF and PRF RANGE controls.
- c) The relative delay between the pin 2 and 3 outputs can be varied by at least 500 nsec by the DELAY controls.

The sealed clock module must be returned to Avtech for repair or replacement if the above conditions are not observed.

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