

AVTECH ELECTROSYSTEMS LTD.

NANOSECOND WAVEFORM ELECTRONICS

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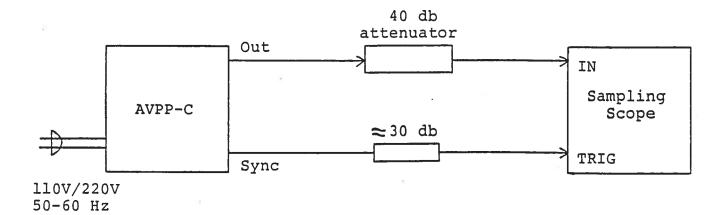
INSTRUCTIONS

MODEL AVPP-2-C-N-PN-NECA PULSE GENERATOR

S.N.:

WARRANTY

Avtech Electrosystems Ltd. warrants products of its manufacture to be free from defects in material and workmanship under conditions of normal use. If, within one year after delivery to the original owner, and after prepaid return by the original owner, this Avtech product is found to be defective, Avtech shall at its option repair or replace said defective item. This warranty does not apply to units which have been dissembled, modified or subjected to conditions exceeding the applicable specifications or ratings. This warranty is the extent of the obligation or liability assumed by Avtech with respect to this product and no other warranty or guarantee is either expressed or implied.

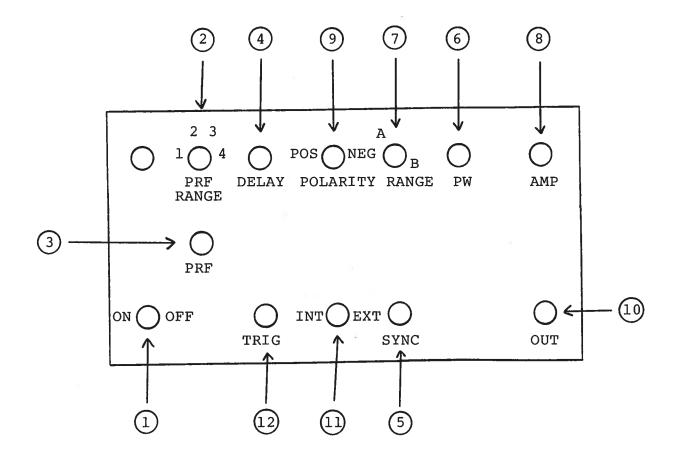


Notes:

- The bandwidth capability of components and instruments used to display the pulse generator output signal (attenuators, cables, connectors, etc.) should exceed ten gigahertz.
- The use of 40 db attenuator at the sampling scope vertical input channel will insure a peak input signal to the sampling scope of less than one volt.
- The AVPP-C contains two independent pulse generators which cover the output PW range of 0.7 to 8.0 ns (A) and 8.0 ns to 100 ns (B). A and B share a common internal clock and PW and AMP controls.
- 4) The sync output channel provides TTL level signals. To avoid overdriving the TRIG input channel of some sampling scopes, a 30 db attenuator should be placed at the input to the sampling scope trigger channel.
- 5) To obtain a stable output display the PRF control on the front panel should be set mid-range while the PRF range switch may be in either range. The front panel TRIG toggle switch should be in the INT position. The front panel DELAY controls and the scope triggering controls are then adjusted to obtain a stable output. The scope may then be used to set the desired PRF by rotating the PRF control and by means of the PRF range switch.
- 6) The output pulse width is controlled by means of the front panel ten turn PW control. The control should initially be set maximum clockwise and the pulse width adjusted using an oscilloscope.
- 7) The output pulse amplitude is controlled by means of the front panel ten turn AMP control. The pulse width may change by several nanoseconds as the output amplitude is reduced from maximum to minimum. Therefore it is convenient to first set the desired amplitude and then set the desired pulse width. Rotation of the PW pot causes the position of the falling edge of the pulse to change.
- 8) Some properties of the output pulse may change as a function of the amplitude pot setting. For some demanding applications, it may be desirable to use a combination of external attenuators and the amplitude pot to achieve the desired output amplitude.
- 7) The output polarity is controlled by the front panel two position polarity switch.

- 10) To DC offset the output pulse connect a DC power supply set to required DC offset value to the back panel terminals marked O.S. The maximum allowable DC offset voltage is ±50 Volts and the maximum current is ±250 mA.
- 11) An external clock may be used to control the output PRF of the AVPP unit by setting the front panel TRIG toggle switch in the EXT position and applying a 0.2 usec (approx) TTL level pulse to the TRIG BNC connector input. For operation in this mode, the scope time base must also be triggered by the external clock rather than from the SYNC output.
- 12) The monitor output (-M) provides a 20 db attenuated coincident replica of the main output. (option).
- 13) To voltage control the output pulse width, set the rear panel switch in the EXT position and apply 0 to +10V to connector A ($R_{IN} \gg 10$ K). (EW option).
- 14) To voltage control the output amplitude, set the rear panel switch in the EXT position and apply 0 to +10V to connector B ($R_{IN} \gg 10$ K). (EA option).
- 15) The AVPP-C unit can be converted from 110 to 220V 50-60 Hz operation by adjusting the voltage selector card in the rear panel fused voltage selector-cable connector assembly.
- 16) For additional assistance:

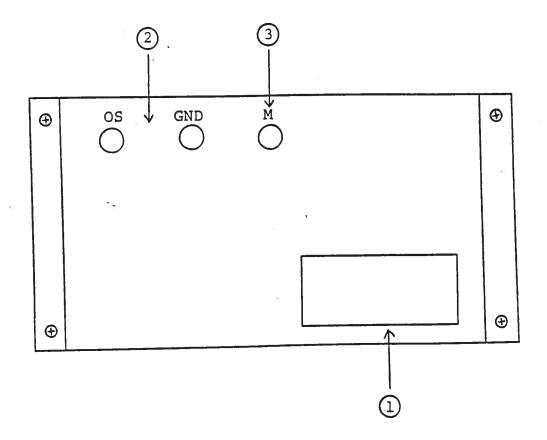
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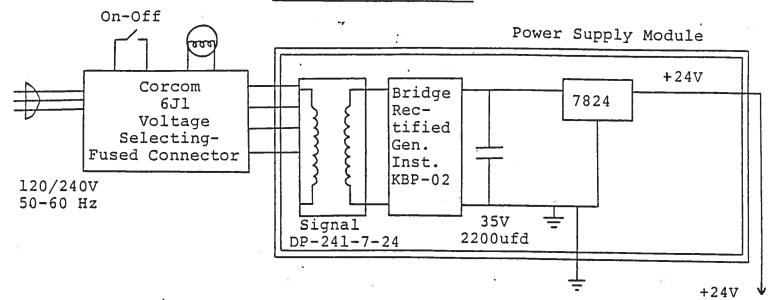
- (1) ON-OFF Switch. Applies basic prime power to all stages.
- (2) PRF Control. The PRF RANGE and PRF controls determine
- (3) output PRF as follows:

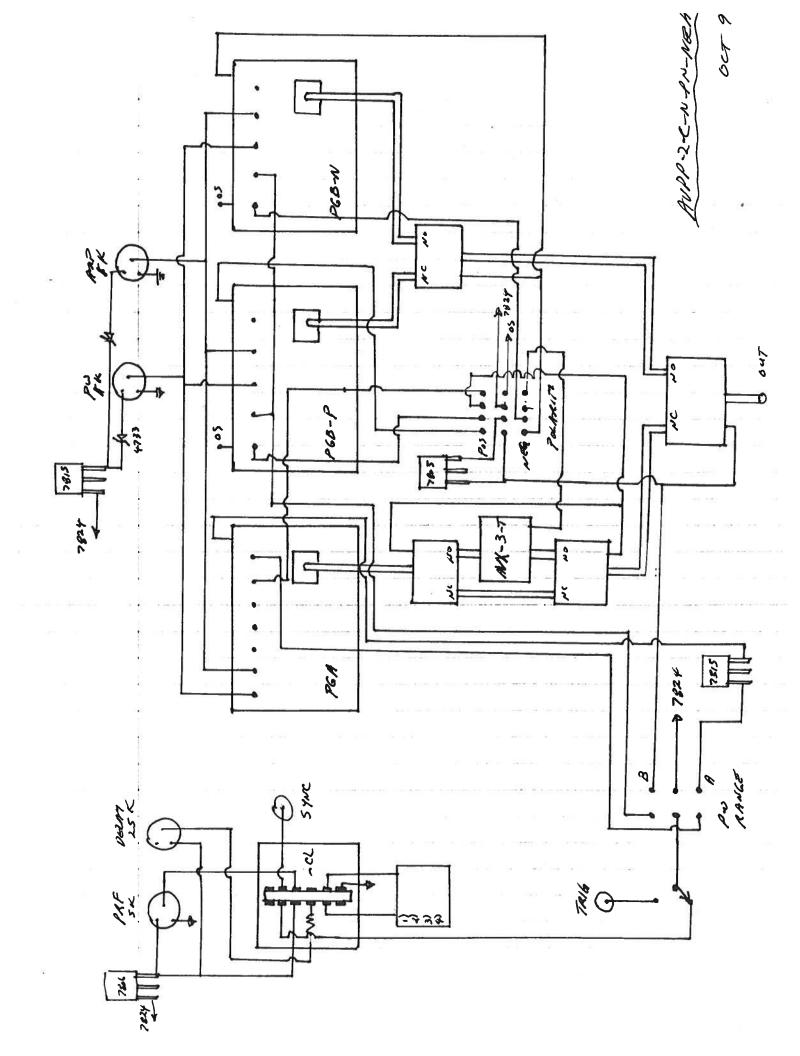
		PRF	MIN	PRF	MAX
Range	1	10	Hz	100	Hz
Range	2	100	Hz	1	kHz
Range	3	1	kHz	10	kHz
Range	4	10	kHz	100	kHz

- (4) <u>DELAY Control</u>. Controls the relative delay between the reference output pulse provided at the SYNC output (5) and the main output (10). This delay is variable over the range of 0 to at least 500 ns.
- (5) SYNC Output. This output precedes the main output (10) and is used to trigger the sampling scope time base. The output is a TTL level 100 ns (approx) pulse capable of driving a fifty Ohm load.
- (6) <u>PW Control</u>. A ten turn control which varies the output pulse width.
- (7) PW RANGE. Two position switch selects PW range (A: 0.7 to 8.0 ns. B: 8.0 to 100 ns).
- (8) AMP Control. A ten turn control which varies the output pulse amplitude.
- (9) POLARITY. Two position switch selects output polarity.
- (10) OUT. SMA connector provides output to 50 Ohm load.
- (11) EXT-INT Control. With this toggle switch in the INT position, the PRF of the AVPP unit is controlled via an internal clock which in turn is controlled by the PRF controls. With the toggle switch in the EXT position, the AVMP unit requires a 0.2 usec TTL level pulse applied at the TRIG input in order to trigger the output stages. In addition, in this mode, the scope time base must be triggered by the external trigger source.
- (12) <u>TRIG Input</u>. The external trigger signal is applied at this input when the EXT-INT toggle switch is in the EXT position.



- (1) FUSED CONNECTOR, VOLTAGE SELECTOR. The detachable power cord is connected at this point. In addition, the removable cord is adjusted to select the desired input operating voltage. The unit also contains the main power fuse (0.25 A SB).
- (2) <u>DC OFFSET Input</u>. To DC offset the output pulse, connect a DC power supply set to the desired offset value to these terminals. The maximum allowable DC offset voltage is ±50 Volts (±250 mA).
- (3) MONITOR OUT M. Provides an attenuated (x10) coincident replica of the main positive output pulse to fifty ohms. (option).







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August 13, 1992.

George Devlin
NEC Research Inst.
4 Independence Way
Princeton, NJ 08540

Tel: 609-951-2639 Fax: 609-951-2483

Dear George:

Following our telephone conversation of August 13 and my quotation of August 6, I am pleased to provide a revised price and delivery quotation for a special purpose pulse generator meeting the following specifications:

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AVPP-2-C-N-PN-NECA

Output amplitude: (to 50 Ohms)	Range A	Range B 0 to \(\frac{1}{2}\)0 Volts	
Polarity controlled by a front panel two-position switch	0 to 730 Volts		
Output pulse width:	0.7 to 8.0 ns	8.0 ns to 100 ns	
Rise time:	≤ 300 ps	≤ 300 ps	
Fall time:	≤ 500 ps	≤ 400 ps	
Chassis size:	4" x 16" x 12" (Av	tech style G)	
Other:	See standard Model 20 and 21, Cat. No		
Price:	\$5,988.00 US each,	FOB destination	
Delivery:	45 days ARO		

Thank you for your interest in our products. Please call me again if you require any additional information or modifications to the above quotation.

Yours truly,

Walter J. Chudobiak Chief Engineer

WJC:pr

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION AND REPAIR PROCEDURE

The AVPP-C consists of three pulse generator modules (PGA, PGB-P and PGB-N), a clock module (AVPP-CL) and a power supply board which supplies +24 volts (600 mA max) to the pulse generator module. In the event that the unit malfunctions, remove the instrument cover by removing the four Phillips screws on the back panel of the unit. The top cover may then be slid off. Measure the voltage at the +24 V pin of the FG If this voltage is substantially less than +24 volts, unsolder the line connecting the power supply and PG modules and connect 100 ohm 10 W load to the PS output. The voltage across this load should be about +24 V DC. If this voltage is substantially less than 24 volts the PS module is defective and should be repaired or replaced. If the voltage across the resistor is near 24 volts, then the PG module should be replaced or repaired. The sealed PG module must be returned to Avtech for repair (or replacement). The clock module provides a 0.1 usec TTL level trigger pulse at Pin 2 to trigger the PG module and a 0.1 usec TTL level sync pulse at Pin 3 to trigger the sampling scope display device. The output at Pin 3 precedes the output at Pin 2 by almost 0 to 100 nsec depending on the DELAY control setting. The clock module is powered by +5.8 V supplied by the PG module (from Pin 2 to Pin 1). With the INT-EXT switch in the EXT position, the clock module is disconnected from the PG module. The clock module is functioning properly if:

- a) 0.1 usec TTL level outputs are observed at Pins 2 and 3.
- b) The PRF of the outputs can be varied over the range of 10 Hz to 0.1 MHz using the PRF and PRF RANGE controls.
- c) The relative delay between the Pin 2 and 3 outputs can be varied by at least 500 nsec by the DELAY control.

The sealed clock module must be returned to Avtech for repair or replacement if the above conditions are not observed.

Schroff 10.22.92

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