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## INSTRUCTIONS

MODEL AVR-4B-PW-C-AF3 PULSE GENERATOR
S.N.:

## WARRANTY

Avtech Electrosystems Ltd. warrants products of its manufacture to be free from defects in material and workmanship under conditions of normal use. If, within one year after delivery to the original owner, and after prepaid return by the original owner, this Avtech product is found to be defective, Avtech shall at its option repair or replace said defective item. This warranty does not apply to units which have been dissembled, modified or subjected to conditions exceeding the applicable specifications or ratings. This warranty is the extent of the obligation or liability assumed by Avtech with respect to this product and no other warranty or guarantee is either expressed or implied.

## A) SPECIFICATIONS

March 26, 1993.

Randy Schrader
SM-ALC/LHHCBZ
McClellan AFB Tel: 916-643-2936
Sacramento, CA 95652
Fax: 916-643-2140

Dear Randy:
With reference to our telephone conversation of March 25, I am pleased to offer a price and delivery quotation for a special purpose pulse generator meeting the following specifications:

Model designation:
Pulse repetition rate:

Pulse length:

Pulse rise time:
Pulse fall time:
Amplitude:

Maximum output power:
Duty cycle (max):
Monitor output:

AVR-4B-PW-C-P-AF3.
20 Hz to 20 kHz . 3 -position range switch and ten turn control.

15 us to 6.0 ms . 3-position range switch and ten turn control.
$\leqslant 50 \mathrm{~ns}$.
$\leqslant 50 \mathrm{~ns}$.
0 to +250 Volts to 600 Ohms. Controlled by a ten turn control.

10 watts.
10\%.
Provides coincident TTL level replica of main output.

Operating temperature:

## Connectors:

Chassis size:

Weight:
Prime power:
Fuses:
Other:

Price:

Delivery:

MODE A: TTL input determines pulse repetition rate. Pulse length determined by front panel controls.

MODE B: TTL input determines pulse repetition rate and pulse length.

MANUAL: Includes manual push button for single pulse operation.
+60 to $100^{0} \mathrm{~F}$.
BNC.
3.9" x 17" x 14.8" with 19" rack mount kit.

10 lbs.
$120 / 240 \mathrm{~V}, 50-60 \mathrm{~Hz}$.
0.5 Amp line fuse.

See Model AVR-4B-PW-C-P, Cat. No. 8.

Quantity of 1: \$4,443.00 US each,
FOB destination (i.e. delivered on your doorstep).

Quantity of 5: $\$ 3,998.00$ US each,
FOB destination (i.e. delivered on your doorstep).

30-45 days ARO.

Please note that this model is basically the same as the -AF2 unit, but without the TRAIN function, but modified to allow pulse width control either by the front panel controls or by the trigger pulse width when triggered externally.

Thank you for your continuing interest in our products. Please call me again if you require any additional information or modifications to the above quotation.


WC: pr


## VISUAL CHECK

After unpacking the instrument, examine to ensure that it has not been damaged in shipment. Visually inspect all connectors, knobs and the handles. Confirm that a power cord and instruction manual are with the instrument. (If the instrument has been damaged in shipment, file a claim immediately with the company that transported the instrument).

## PLUGGING IN THE INSTRUMENT

Examine the rear of the instrument. There will be a male power receptacle, a fuse holder and the edge of the power selector card will be visible. Confirm that the power selector is in the correct orientation - it should be marked either 120 or 240 , indicating whether it expects 120 V AC or 240V AC. If it is not set for the proper voltage, remove the fuse then grasp the card with a pair of pliers and remove it. Rotate horizontally through 180 degrees. Reinstall the card and the correct fuse. In the 120V setting, a $1 / 2 \mathrm{~A}$ slow blow fuse is required. In the 240 V setting, a $1 / 4 \mathrm{~A}$ slow blow fuse is required.

## OPERATIONAL CHECK

This check is to confirm that the instrument is fully functional. Set the controls to the following values:

FRONT PANEL
TRIGGER INT/EXT Switch: INT position
PULSE RATE RANGE Switch: 2.0 kHz
PULSE RATE FINE: MAX CW
PULSE LENGTH RANGE Switch: 60 us
PULSE LENGTH FINE: MAX CW
AMPLITUDE Control: Set at 2.0
Connect a cable from the MONITOR OUT connector to the TRIG input of an oscilloscope (RIN > 1K). Connect a $10 w$ (or higher) 600 Ohm load to the OUT connector and place the scope probe across this load.

Set the oscilloscope to trigger externally (on the rising edge of a TTL pulse) with the vertical setting at 20 Volts/div and the horizontal setting at 20 us/div. Then follow the instructions below and compare what is seen on the oscilloscope to what is described. Only approximate values are needed to confirm operation.

| STEP | CONTROL | OPERATION | RESULTS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1) | POWER | Push in (ON) | +50 V pulses at the main output, with a period of 0.5 ms , pulse width of 60 us, < 50 ns rise \& fall times. |
| 2) | AMPLITUDE CONTROL | Rotate clockwise to 10 and then back to 2.0 | Output amplitude increases to 250 Volts and then decreases to 50 V . |
| 3) | TRIGGER <br> INT/EXT <br> SWITCH | Set to EXT | No output. |
| $4)$ | A-B SWITCH | Set to A | No output. |
| 5) | TRIG BNC | Apply 2 kHz 60 us TTL pulse train | 2 kHz 50 Volt output pulse. Pulse length controlled by pulse length control. |
| 6) | A-B SWITCH | Set to B | 2 kHz 60 ns 50 Volt output pulses. Pulse length controlled by input pulse length. |
| 7) | TRIGGER INT/ <br> EXT SWITCH | Set to manual | No output. |
| $8)$ | A-B SWITCH | Set to A | No output. |
| 9) | SINGLE PULSE BUTTON | Push | Single 50 Volt pulse <br> produced, pulse width  <br> controlled by front  <br> panel pulse length  <br> controls.   |

The successful completion of the above 9 steps should provide the operator with a basic familiarity of the operating characteristics of the instrument. If additional assistance is required, see Section $C$ and if still necessary, then:

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## C) FRONT PANEL CONTROLS

(1) POWER Switch. The POWER push button switch applies AC prime power to the primaries of the transformer, turning the instrument on. The push button lamp (\#382 type) is connected to the +15V DC supply.
(2) PULSE RATE. 3-position range switch and ten turn fine potentiometer controls internal Pulse Rate as follows:

| 20 | Hz | 200 | Hz |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 200 | Hz | 2 | kHz |
| 2 | kHz | 20 | kHz |

TRIGGER INT-EXT switch (6) must be in INT position for (2) to be active.
(3) PULSE LENGTH. 3-position range switch and a ten turn fine potentiometer controls internal pulse length as follows:

| 15 | us to 60 | us |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 60 | us to 600 | us |
| 600 | us to 6 | ms |

Mode $A-B$ switch (7) must be in the $A$ position for (3) to be active.
(4A) AMPLITUDE/OUTPUT. Ten turn control (4A) varies output
(4B) amplitude at BNC connector (4B) from 0 to +250 Volts to a load resistance of 600 Ohms or higher. CAUTION: Mode1 AVR-4B-PW-C-AF3 will provide up to 10 Watts average power to a 600 Ohm load. If operating at or near maximum duty cycle (10\%) with maximum output amplitude, ensure that the load is capable of dissipating the 10 Watts. An average output power of 10 Watts results when the duty cycle is $10 \%$ and the output amplitude is 250 Volts to a load resistance of 600 Ohms. If an attempt is made to operate with an average output power significantly in excess of 10 Watts, the automatic overload function (5) will function and protect the output stage against failure.
(5) OVERLOAD. An automatic overload protective circuit controls the front panel overload light. If the unit is overloaded (by operating at an exceedingly high duty cycle or by operating into a short circuit), the protective circuit will turn the output of the instrument OFF and turn the indicator light ON. The light will stay ON (i.e. output OFF) for about 5 seconds after which the instrument will attempt to turn ON (i.e. light OFF) for about 1 second. If the overload condition persists, the instrument will turn OFF again
(i.e. light ON) for another 5 seconds. If the overload condition has been removed, the instrument will turn on and resume normal operation. Overload conditions may be removed by:

1) Reducing pulse rate (i.e. switch to a lower range)
2) Reducing pulse length (i.e. switch to a lower range)
3) Reducing the output amplitude
4) Removing output load short circuit (if any)
(6) TRIGGER INT/EXT. With this three-position switch in the INT position, the pulse rate and length are controlled by (2) and (3). With this switch in the EXT position and the $A-B$ switch (7) in the $A$ position, (2) is inactive and the output pulse rate at (4A) is controlled by a TTL level pulse applied to the TRIG BNC connector at (8). The output pulse length at (4B) is controlled by (3). If the $A-B$ switch (7) is in the B position, both (2) and (3) are inactive and the pulse rate and pulse length at (4B) are determined by a TTL level pulse applied to the TRIG BNC connector at (8). When the INT/EXT switch is in the MANUAL position, (2), (3) and (8) are inactive and an output pulse at (4B) is produced by manual pushing of the SINGLE pulse button (9). In this manual mode, the $A-B$ switch (7) must be in the $A$ position.
(7) A-B MODE SWITCH. When the TRIGGER INT/EXT switch (6) is in the INT or manual position, the A-B switch must be in the A position. When the INT/EXT switch (6) is in the EXT position, the PULSE LENGTH switch (3) is functional if the $A-B$ switch is in the $A$ position. If the $A-B$ switch is in the B position, the PULSE LENGTH switch is inactive and the pulse length at (4B) is controlled by the pulse length applied at (8).
(8) TRIG BNC. Functional only when the TRIGGER INT/EXT switch (6) is in the EXT position. Apply TTL level pulse (RIN $\geqslant 1 K$ ) at ( 8 ) to control output pulse rate and pulse length at (4B) when MODE A-B switch (7) is in the $B$ position. When MODE A-B switch (7) is in the $A$ position, TTL pulse determines pulse rate only.
(9) SINGLE PULSE. Functional only when the TRIGGER INT/EXT switch (6) is in the MANUAL position and the MODE A-B switch (7) is in the A position. Produces an output pulse at (4B) for each push of the button.
(10) MONITOR. A TTL level Volt pulse train which is a coincident replica of the output at (4B) is available at this BNC connector. The monitor output amplitude is fixed at +5 Volts for a load termination of $R \mathrm{l}>1 \mathrm{~K}$ Ohms and this output will withstand a short circuit condition. This output may be used to trigger the time base of an oscilloscope.

## D) REAR PANEL CONTROLS

(1) AC POWER INPUT. A three-pronged recessed male connector is provided on the back panel for AC power connection to the instrument. Also contained in this assembly is a 1/2A slow blow fuse and a removable card that can be removed and repositioned to switch between 120V AC in and 240 V AC in.
(2) 2.0A SB . This fuse protects the output stage if the output duty cycle rating is exceeded (a back-up function for the automatic overload feature).

E) TOP COVER REMOVAL AND RACK MOUNTING

1) The interior of the instrument may be accessed by removing the four Phillips screws on the top panel. With the four screws removed, the top cover may be slid back (and off).
2) The -R5 rack mount kit may be installed after first removing the one Phillips screw on the side panel adjacent to the front handle.

## F) BLOCK DIAGRAM DESCRIPTION AND REPAIR PROCEDURE

Model AVR-4B-PW-C-AF3 consists of the following eight basic modules (see Fig. 3):

1) -AF3-PG output pulse module
2) -AF3-PS 0 to +260 Volt $D C$ power supply module
3) -AF3-CL2 clock module
4) -AF3-PW2 pulse width module
5) -AF3-DB single pulse module
6) -AF3-MON monitor module
7) -AF3-OL overload module
8) +24 V DC power supply board

FIGURE 3 AVR-4B-PW-C-AF3 BLOCK DIAGRAM


F1) -AF3-PG OUTPUT PULSE MODULE
This module generates the 0 to +250 Volt output pulse and is supplied with a +3 Volt pulse train at PIN (1), a 0 to +260 Volt DC supply on the drain of the top IRFAG50 and +24 V DC to a rear panel solder terminal. The 0 to +260 Volts controls the output pulse amplitude and the +3 Volt pulse at (1) determines the output pulse timing (coincident replicas). In the case of instrument malfunction, first check the rear panel fuses and then check that the 0 to +260 Volt DC amplitude is functioning. If the DC amplitude is not functioning, then the -AF3-PS module is probably defective. If the DC level is functioning then check the waveforms at (1) and at the gates of the two IRFAG50. If the waveform at (1) is not correct, then it is most likely that the -AF3-PW2 module is defective (assuming that the front panel controls are set properly). If the waveform at (1) is correct and the waveforms on the gates are not correct, then turn off the power and detach the two red leads to the gates. Recheck the waveforms. If the waveforms are now pulses having amplitudes of about 13 Volts, then the IRFAG50's are defective and should be replaced (order AVTECH PART NO. -AF3-IRFAG50). If 13 Volt waveforms are not detected then the -AF3-PG module should be returnd to AVTECH for repair.

## F2) -AF3-PS-DC POWER SUPPLY MODULE

This module accepts a 0 to +10 Volt $D C$ control voltage at (1), a +24V DC supply on a rear panel solder terminal and provides a 0 to +260 Volt DC level at (2) which feeds the drain of the top IRFAG50 in the -AF3-PG module and therefore controls the output pulse amplitude. This sealed module must be replaced if the specified output level is not provided.

F3) -AF3-CL2 CLOCK MODULE
This sealed module controls the pulse rate when the TRIGGER INT-EXT switch is in the INT position.

F4) -AF3-PW2 PULSE WIDTH MODULE
This sealed module controls the output pulse length when the TRIGGER A-B switch is in the A position.

## F5) -AF3-DB SINGLE PULSE MODULE

Provides a single output pulse when the INT-EXT switch is in the MANUAL position and the SINGLE PULSE button is pushed.

This sealed module provides a coincident TTL replica of the main output and may be used to trigger the time base of an oscilloscope ( $R_{L} \geqslant 1 K$ ).

F7) -AF3-OL OVERLOAD MODULE
This sealed module controls the +24 V DC prime power supplied to the entire instrument and in the event of an overloading of the output, interrupts the +24 V supply to produce the operating symptoms described in the FRONT PANEL CONTROL SECTION.

F8) +24 V DC POWER SUPPLY
See Fig. 4.
G) ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE

For additional assistance:
Te1: (613) 226-5772
Fax: (613) 226-2802








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