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SINCE 1975

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INSTRUCTIONS

MODEL AVR-G5-C PULSE GENERATOR

S.N.:

WARRANTY

Avtech Electrosystems Ltd. warrants products of its manufacture to be free from defects in material and workmanship under conditions of normal use. If, within one year after delivery to the original owner, and after prepaid return by the original owner, this Avtech product is found to be defective, Avtech shall at its option repair or replace said defective item. This warranty does not apply to units which have been disassembled, modified or subjected to conditions exceeding the applicable specifications or ratings. This warranty is the extent of the obligation assumed by Avtech with respect to this product and no other warranty or guarantee is either expressed or implied.

TECHNICAL SUPPORT

Phone: 613-226-5772 or 1-800-265-6681

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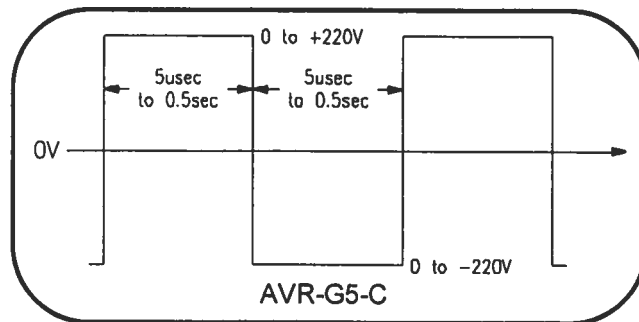
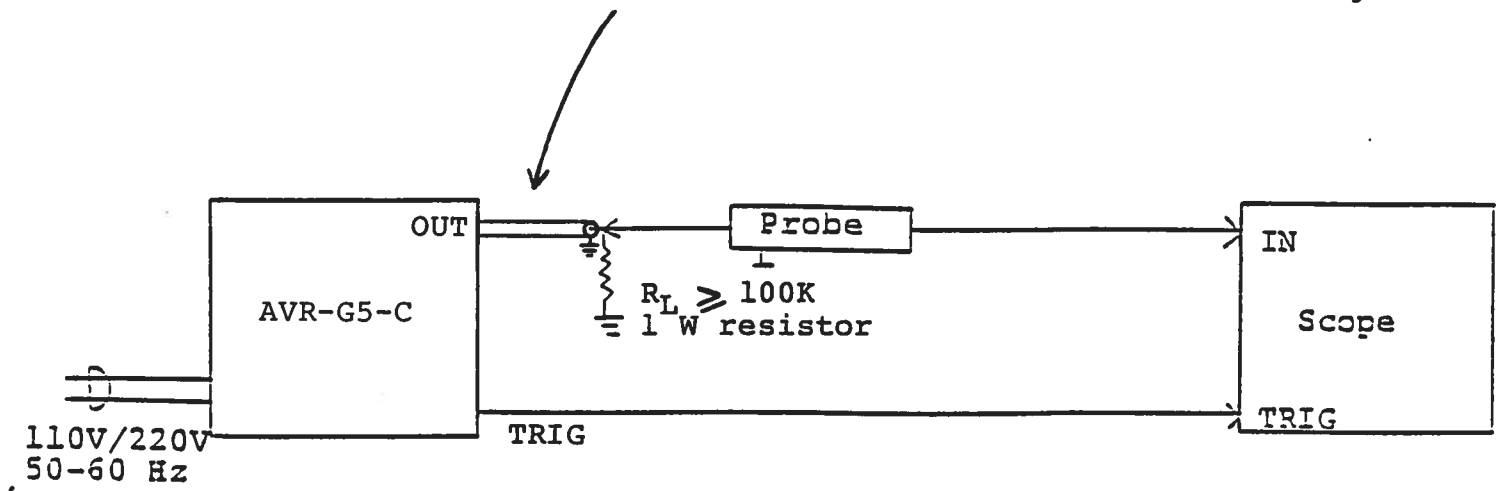
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FIG. 1: PULSE GENERATOR TEST ARRANGEMENT

NOTE: The 50 Ohm cable on the output must not exceed 1 meter in length



GENERAL OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

- 1) The equipment should be connected in the general fashion shown above. Since the AVR unit provides an output pulse rise time as low as 10 ns a fast oscilloscope (at least 50 MHz and preferably 200 MHz) should be used to display the waveform.
- 2) The TRIG output channel provides TTL level signals.
- 3) The unit provides a square wave output (50% duty cycle) of the form shown in Fig. 1. **CAUTION:** This unit is designed to drive a high impedance load (e.g. $R_L \geq 100K$) and may fail if operated into a low-impedance load (e.g. 50 Ohms). **CAUTION:** The fifty Ohm coaxial cable used to connect to the load must be as short as possible (≤ 1 meter).
- 4) The output PRF (or PW) is controlled by the 5 position range switch and one turn PRF control from 1 Hz to 100 kHz.
- 5) The output amplitude is controlled by the ten turn amp control (0 to 440 Volts peak to peak to 100K or larger).
- 6) The PRF is controlled by the internal clock when the INT-EXT switch is in the INT position. With the switch in the INT position and the DELAY switch in the SYNC position, a TTL level coincident replica of the main output pulse is provided at the TRIG output. This TTL signal may be used for scope triggering purposes. When the DELAY switch is in the DELAY position, the TRIG output provides a 0.2 us wide TTL level pulse which is delayed with respect to the rising edge of the output square wave. The amount of delay is variable from approximately 1 us to 1 ms and is controlled by the 3 position DELAY RANGE switch and the one turn delay control.
- 7) The unit may be triggered externally by setting the INT-EXT switch in the EXT position and applying a TTL level 50% duty cycle square wave to the TRIG input. The output will then have the same PRF as the TTL input but delayed by approximately 100 ns. **CAUTION:** The unit will fail if operated at a PRF exceeding 100 kHz. Such failures are not covered by the warranty.

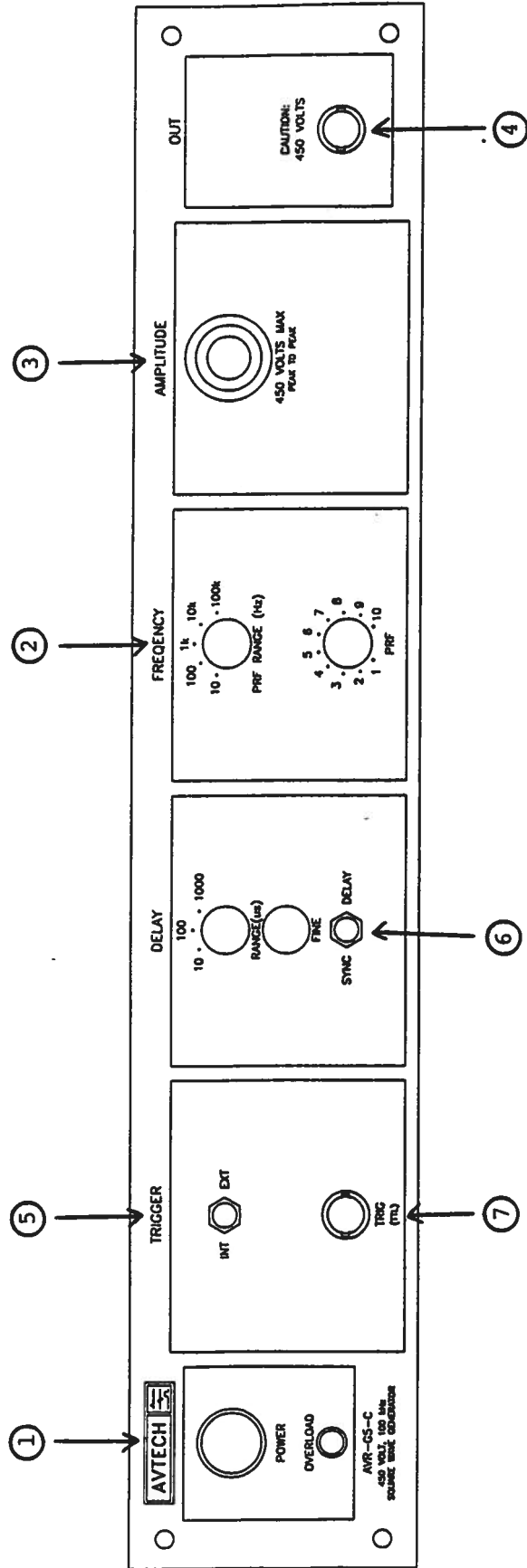
- 8) The output switching elements may fail if the unit is inadvertently operated into a short circuit or low impedance or if the unit is operated at a PRF exceeding 100 kHz. The switching elements are easily replaced in the field following the procedure outlined in the REPAIR Section.
- 9) This unit is protected by an automatic overload protective circuit which controls the front panel overload light. If the unit is overloaded (by operating at an exceedingly high duty cycle or by operating into a low impedance load, the protective circuit will turn the output of the instrument OFF and turn the indicator light ON. The light will stay ON (i.e. output OFF) for about 5 seconds after which the instrument will attempt to turn ON (i.e. light OFF) for about 1 second. If the overload condition persists, the instrument will turn OFF again (i.e. light ON) for another 5 seconds. If the overload condition has been removed, the instrument will turn on and resume normal operation. Overload conditions may be removed by:
- 1) Reducing PRF (i.e. switch to a lower range)
 - 2) Removing output low impedance load (if any)
 - 3) Reduce the length of 50 Ohm cable on the output

Note that the overload light may come on when the prime power is applied. The light will extinguish after several seconds (provided the unit is not overloaded).

- 10) The unit can be converted from 110 to 220V 50-60 Hz operation by adjusting the voltage selector card in the rear panel fused voltage selector cable connector assembly.
- 11) For additional assistance:

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FIG. 2: FRONT PANEL CONTROLS



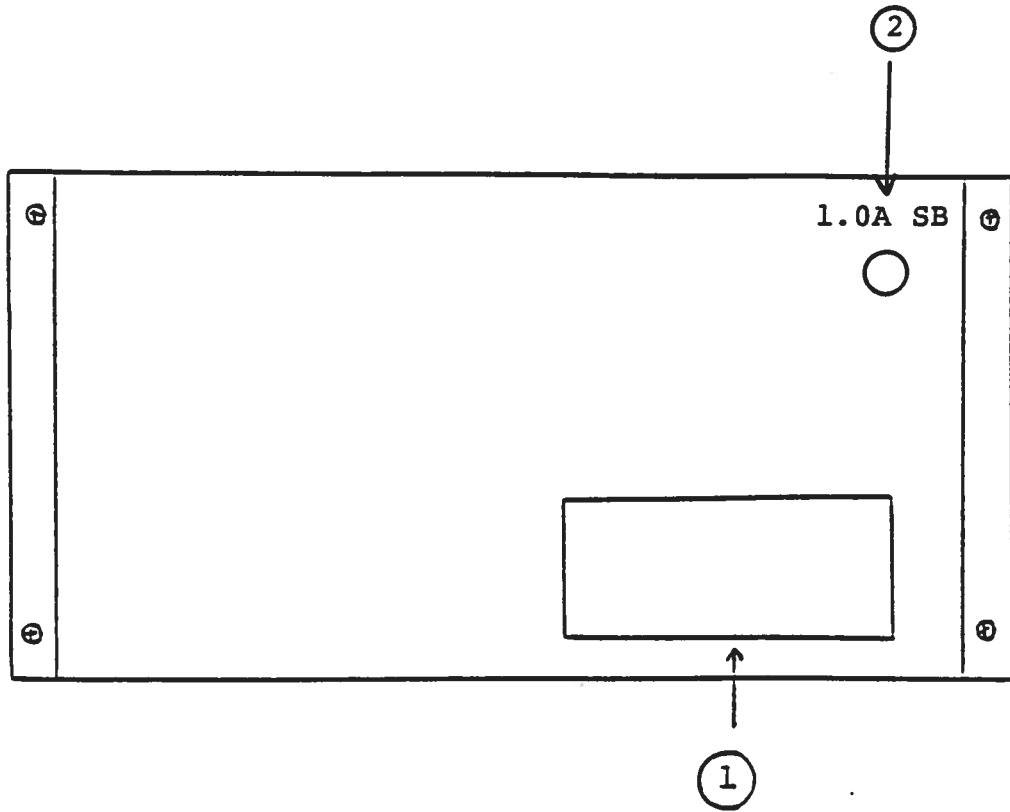
FRONT PANEL CONTROLS

- (1) ON-OFF Switch. Applies basic prime power to all stages.
- (2) PRF Control. Varies PRF from 1 Hz to 100 kHz.
- (3) AMP Control. A ten turn control which varies the output pulse amplitude from 0 to 440 Volts peak to peak to 100K or higher.
- (4) OUT. A BNC connector provides the output to a high impedance load (100K or higher).
- (5) INT-EXT. The PRF is controlled by the internal clock when the INT-EXT switch is in the INT position. With the switch in the INT position and the DELAY switch (6) in the SYNC position, a TTL level coincident replica of the main output pulse is provided at the TRIG output (7). This TTL signal may be used for scope triggering purposes. When the DELAY switch (6) is in the DELAY position, the TRIG output (7) provides a 0.2 us wide TTL level pulse which is delayed with respect to the rising edge of the output square wave. The amount of delay is variable from approximately 1 us to 1 ms and is controlled by the 3 position DELAY RANGE switch and the one turn delay control as follows:

Range	MIN	MAX
1	1 us	10 us
2	10 us	100 us
3	100 us	1 ms

- (6) DELAY. See (5) above.
- (7) TRIG. The unit may be triggered externally by setting the INT-EXT switch (5) in the EXT position and applying a TTL level 50% duty cycle square wave to the TRIG input. The output will then have the same PRF as the TTL input but delayed by approximately 100 ns. When the INT-EXT switch (5) is in the INT position, a coincident TTL level replica of the main output is provided at the TRIG output (see 5 above).

FIG. 3: BACK PANEL CONTROLS



BACK PANEL CONTROLS

- (1) **FUSED CONNECTOR, VOLTAGE SELECTOR.** The detachable power cord is connected at this point. In addition, the removable cord is adjusted to select the desired input operating voltage. The unit also contains the main power fuse (0.5A).
- (2) **1.0A SB.** This fuse limits the DC prime power supplied to the output stage and will blow in the case of severe overloading.

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION AND REPAIR PROCEDURE

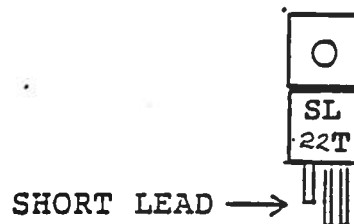
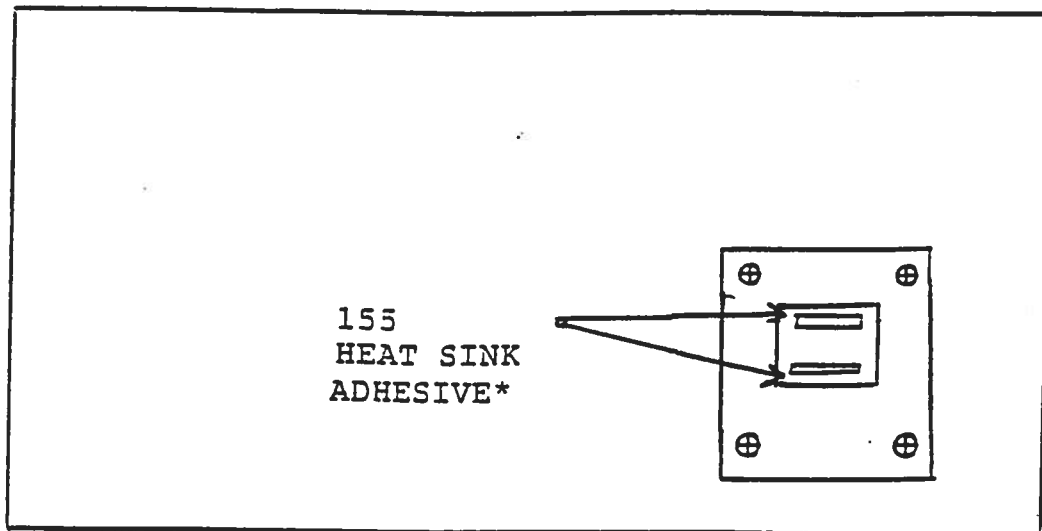
The AVR-G5-C consists of the following basic modules:

- 1) AVR-G5-PG pulse generator module
- 2) AVR-G-CL clock module
- 3) +24V power supply board
- 4) AVR-3-PS power supply module
- 5) AVR-OL overload module

In the event of an instrument malfunction, it is most likely that the 1.0 A slow blow fuse or the main power fuse on the rear panel has blown. Replace if necessary. If the unit still does not function, it is most likely that some of the output switching elements (SL22T) may have failed due to an output short circuit condition or to a high duty cycle condition. The switching elements may be accessed by removing the cover plate on the bottom side of the instrument. The cover plate is removed by removing the two 2-56 Phillips screws. **NOTE:** First turn off the prime power. **CAUTION:** Briefly ground the SL22T tabs to discharge the 200 Volts power supply potential. The elements may be removed from their sockets by means of a needle nosed pliers after removing the four 2-56 Phillips screws which attach the small copper heat sink to the body of the instrument. The SL22T is a selected VMOS power transistor in a TO 220 package and may be checked on a curve tracer. If defective, replacement units should be ordered directly from Avtech. When replacing the SL22T switching elements, take care to insure that the short lead (of the three leads) is adjacent to the back of the chassis. (See following Fig.). The SL22T elements are electrically isolated from the small copper heat sink but are bonded to the heat sink using WAKEFIELD TYPE 155 HEAT SINK ADHESIVE.

SL22T HEAT SINKING

BACK



PERFORMANCE CHECK SHEET

Sept 24/98

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