

AVTECH ELECTROSYSTEMS LTD.

NANOSECOND WAVEFORM ELECTRONICS SINCE 1975

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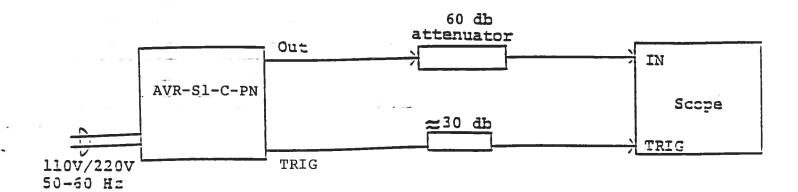
INSTRUCTIONS

MODEL AVR-S1-C-PN PULSE GENERATOR

S.N.:

WARRANTY

Avtech Electrosystems Ltd. warrants products of manufacture to be free from defects in material and workmanship under conditions of normal use. If, within one year after delivery to the original owner, and after prepaid return by the original owner, this Avtech product is found to be defective, Avtech shall at its option repair or replace said defective item. This warranty does not apply to units which have been dissembled, modified or subjected to conditions exceeding the applicable specifications or ratings. This warranty is the extent of the obligation or liability assumed by Avtech with respect to this product and no other warranty or guarantee is either expressed or implied.



Notes:

- 1) The bandwidth capability of components and instruments used to display the pulse generator output signal (attenuators, cables, connectors, etc.) should exceed 500 MHz.
- 2) The use of 60 dB attenuator at the scope vertical input channel will insure a peak input signal to the scope of less than one Volt (necessary only if sampling scope used). If a high impedance real time scope is used, the pulse generator should be terminated using a shunt 50 Ohm resistor.
- The TRIG output channel provides TTL level signals. To avoid overdriving the TRIG input channel of some scopes, a 30 dB attenuator should be placed at the input to the scope trigger channel. The TRIG output precedes the main output when the front panel ADVANCE-DELAY switch is in the ADVANCE position. The TRIG output lags the main output when the switch is in the DELAY position.
- 4) The desired output polarity is selected by means of the front panel POLARITY switch. <u>CAUTION</u>: To avoid damage to the output stage, the amplitude should be set to zero before changing the polarity.
- 5) To obtain a stable output display the PW and PRF controls on the front panel should be set mid range. The front panel TRIG toggle switch should be in the INT position. The DELAY controls and the scope triggering controls are then adjusted to obtain a stable output. The scope may then be used to set the desired PRF by rotating the PRF controls.
- 6) The output pulse widths for the positive and negative outputs are controlled by means of the front panel PW control and the two position range switch.
- 7) The output pulse amplitudes for the positive and negative outputs are controlled by means of the front panel AMP control.
- 8) To voltage control the output pulse width, set the rear panel switch in the EXT position and apply 0 to +10V between terminal A and ground $(R_{IM} \ge 10K)$. (option).
- 9) To voltage control the output amplitude, set the rear panel switch in the EXT position and apply 0 to +10V between terminal A and ground ($R_{IN} \ge 10K$). (option).

- 10) An external clock may be used to control the output PRF of the AVR unit by setting the front panel TRIG toggle switch in the EXT position and applying a 0.2 us (approx.) TTL level pulse to the TRIG BNC connector input.
- 11) AVR units with a serial number higher than 5600 are protected by an automatic overload protective circuit which controls the front panel overload light. unit is overloaded (by operating at an exceedingly high duty cycle or by operating into a short circuit), the protective circuit will turn the output of the instrument OFF and turn the indicator light ON. light will stay ON (i.e. output OFF) for about 5 seconds after which the instrument will attempt to turn ON (i.e. light OFF) for about 1 second. If the overload condition persists, the instrument will turn OFF again (i.e. light ON) for another 5 seconds. If the overload condition has been removed, the instrument will turn on and resume normal operation. Overload conditions may be removed by:
 - 1) Reducing PRF (i.e. switch to a lower range)
 - 2) Reducing pulse width (i.e. switch to a lower range)
 - 3) Removing output load short circuit (if any)
- 12) The unit can be converted from 110 to 220V 50-60 Hz operation by adjusting the voltage selector card in the rear panel fused voltage selector-cable connector assembly.
- 13) For additional assistance:

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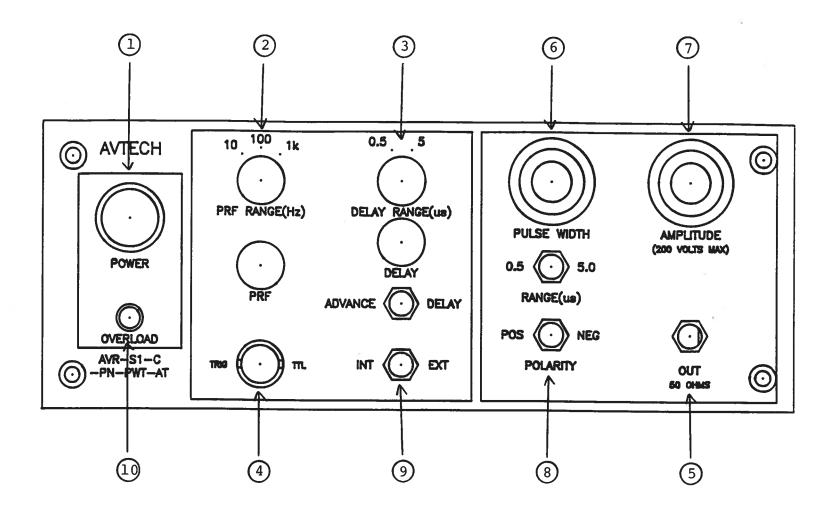


Fig. 2

FRONT PANEL CONTROLS

- (1) <u>ON-OFF Switch</u>. Applies basic prime power to all stages.
- (2) PRF Control. Varies PRF from 1 Hz to 1 kHz as follows:

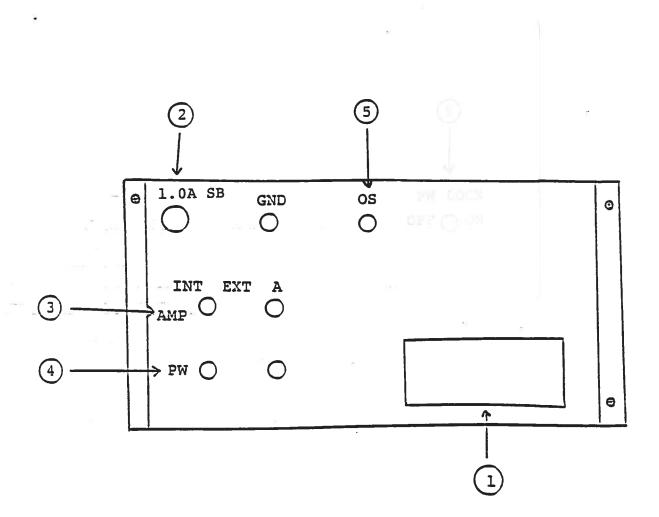
Range 1 1 Hz 10 Hz Range 2 10 Hz to 100 Hz Range 3 100 Hz to 1 kHz

- (3) <u>DELAY Control</u>. Controls the relative delay between the reference output pulse provided at the TRIG output (4) and the main output (5). This delay is variable over the range of 0 to about 0.5 us (Range 1) or 0 to 5.0 us (Range 2). The TRIG output precedes the main output when the ADVANCE-DELAY switch is in the ADVANCE position and lags when the switch is in the DELAY position.
- (4) TRIG Output. This output is used to trigger the scope time base. The output is a TTL level 100 ns (approx.) pulse capable of driving a fifty Ohm load.
- (5) <u>OUT Connector</u>. SMA connector provides output to a fifty Ohm load.
- (6) <u>PW Control</u>. A one turn control and two position range switch which varies the output pulse width as follows:

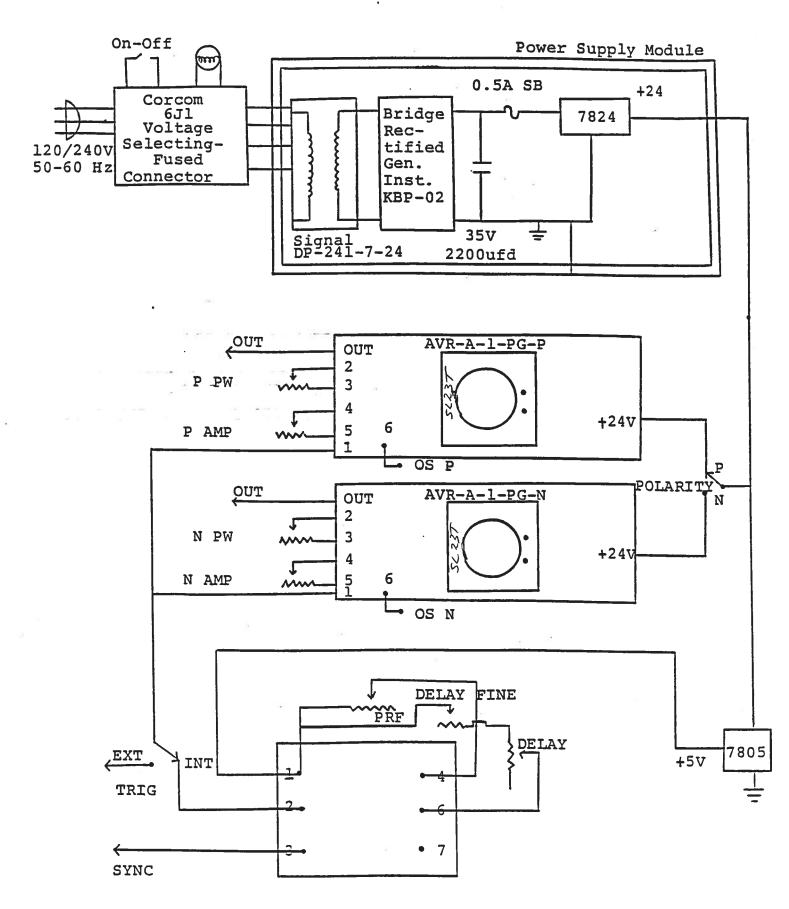
50 ns to 500 ns 500 ns to 5.0 us

- (7) <u>AMP Control</u>. A one turn control which varies the output pulse amplitude from 0 to 200 V to a fifty Ohm load.
- (8) <u>POLARITY Control</u>. Controls polarity of output pulse.
- (9) EXT-INT Control. With this toggle switch in the INT position, the PRF of the AVR unit is controlled via an internal clock which in turn is controlled by the PRF controls. With the toggle switch in the EXT position, the AVR unit requires a 0.2 us TTL level pulse applied at the TRIG input in order to trigger the output stages. In addition, in this mode, the scope time base must be triggered by the external trigger source.

- (10)AVR units with a serial number higher than 5600 are protected by an automatic overload protective circuit which controls the front panel overload light. If the unit is overloaded (by operating at an exceedingly high duty cycle or by operating into a short circuit), the protective circuit will turn the output of the instrument OFF and turn the indicator light ON. The light will stay ON (i.e. output OFF) for about 5 seconds after which the instrument will attempt to turn ON (i.e. light OFF) for about 1 second. If the overload condition persists, the instrument will turn OFF again (i.e. light ON) for another 5 seconds. the overload condition has been removed, the instrument will turn on and resume normal operation. Overload conditions may be removed by:
 - 1) Reducing PRF (i.e. switch to a lower range)
 - 2) Reducing pulse width (i.e. switch to a lower range)
 - 3) Removing output load short circuit (if any)



- (1) FUSED CONNECTOR, VOLTAGE SELECTOR. The detachable power cord is connected at this point. In addition, the removable cord is adjusted to select the desired input operating voltage. The unit also contains the main power fuse (0.5 A SB).
- (2) 1.0A SB. Fuse which protects the output stage if the output duty cycle rating is exceeded.
- (3) \underline{EA} . To voltage control the output amplitude, set the switch in the EXT position and apply 0 to +10 Volts between terminal A and ground ($R_{IN} \ge 10$ K). (option).
- (4) EW. To voltage control the output pulse width, set the switch in the EXT position and apply 0 to +10 Volts between terminal A and ground ($R_{IN} \ge 10K$). (option).
- (5) OS. To DC offset the output, apply the required DC potential to this solder terminal (V_{max} ±50 Volts, I_{max} ±200 mA).



AVR-1-CL

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION AND REPAIR PROCEDURE

The AVR-S1-C-PN consists of the following basic modules:

- AVR-S1-PG pulse generator modules (-P and -N)
- 2) AVR-CL clock module
- 3) +24V power supply board

The modules are interconnected as shown in Fig. 4. clock module controls the output PRF and the relative delay between the main output and the SYNC outputs. The PG pulse generator modules generate the output pulse. In the event of an instrument malfunction, it is most likely that the rear panel 1.0A SB fuse or some of the output switching elements (SL23T) may have failed due to an output short circuit condition or to a high duty cycle condition. switching elements may be accessed by removing the cover plate on the bottom side of the instrument. NOTE: turn off the prime power. The elements may be removed from their sockets by means of a needle nosed pliers. The SL23T is a selected VMOS power transistor in a TO 220 packages and may be checked on a curve tracer. If defective, replacement units should be ordered directly from Avtech. When replacing the SL23T switching elements, take care to insure that the short lead (of the three leads) is adjacent to the black dot on the chassis. If the switching elements are not defective, then the four Phillips screws on the back panel should be removed. The top cover may then be slid off and operation of the clock and power supply modules should be checked. The clock module is functioning properly if:

- a) 0.1 us TTL level outputs are observed at pins 2 and 3.
- b) The PRF of the outputs can be varied over the range of 10 Hz to 1 kHz using the PRF controls.
- c) The relative delay between the pin 2 and 3 outputs can be varied by at least 500 ns by the DELAY controls.

The sealed clock module must be returned to Avtech for repair or replacement if the above conditions are not observed. The power supply board generates +24V DC to power the other modules. If the voltage is less than +24V, turn off the prime power and unsolder the lead from the 7824 regulator chip on the power supply board. Solder a 100 Ohm 5 Watt resistor to the 7824 output to ground and turn on the prime power. A voltage of +24 Volts should be read. If the voltage is less then the power supply board is defective and should be repaired or replaced.

aug. 24/95

Edition B

-EW

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