



- Amplitude / rise time combinations of 100V / 1 ns up to 750 V / 8 ns
- Pulse widths to 10 or 100 us
- PRF to 5 or 10 kHz
- Switchable polarity optional
- IEEE-488.2 GPIB / RS-232 control
- Ethernet control

The AVRF series offers high-voltage outputs (to 750 Volts) with fast rise times (1 - 8 ns) and wide pulse width ranges (up to 10 or 100 us).

The AVRF-1-B model provides amplitudes of up to 100V, with rise and fall times of 1 ns. The pulse width may be adjusted from 0.1 to 100 us, with a maximum duty cycle of 1%. The maximum pulse repetition frequency (PRF) is 10 kHz.

Model AVRF-2-B is similar, except that the maximum amplitude is 200V, with 3 ns rise and fall times, and the maximum duty cycle is 0.5%.

Model AVRF-4A-B generates up to 400 Volts, with 5 ns rise and fall times. The pulse width is variable from 0.15 to 10 us. The maximum duty cycle is 0.5%.

Model AVRF-7B-B generates up to 750 Volts, with 8 ns rise and fall times. The pulse width is variable from 90 ns to 10 us. The maximum duty cycle is 0.1%.

All models may be ordered in positive, negative, or dual-polarity configurations. The polarity of dual-polarity models may be controlled from the front-panel or by computer command.

All models with the “-B” suffix include a complete computer control interface (for additional details, see <http://www.avtechpulse.com/gpib>). This provides GPIB and RS-232 computer-control, as well as front panel keypad and adjust knob control of the output pulse parameters. A large back-lit LCD displays the

output amplitude, polarity, frequency, pulse width or duty cycle as appropriate, and delay. To allow easy integration into automated test systems, the programming command set is based on the SCPI standard, and LabView drivers are available for download at <http://www.avtechpulse.com/labview>.

A standard rear-panel Ethernet connector allows the instrument to be remotely controlled using the VXI-11.3, ssh, telnet, and web protocols. In particular, the VXI-11.3 features allows software like LabView to control an instrument using standard VISA communications drivers and network cabling, instead of using older-style GPIB cabling and GPIB controller cards. For additional details, please see <http://www.avtechpulse.com/options/vxi>.

All models are protected from overload conditions (such as excessively high duty cycle or short circuited loads) by an automatic control feature that limits the output power for as long as the overload condition exists. A push button is provided for one-shot operation. A delay control and a sync output are provided for scope triggering purposes.

When triggered externally by a TTL-level pulse, the output pulse width may be controlled by the front-panel settings, or it may be set to track the input pulse width.

All models require 100-240 Volts, 50-60 Hz.



AVRF-1-B



SPECIFICATIONS

AVRF SERIES

Model ¹ :	AVRF-1-B	AVRF-2-B	AVRF-4A-B	AVRF-7B-B
Amplitude ² : (50 Ohm load required)	< 10 to 100 V	< 20 to 200 V	< 40 to 400 V	< 100 to 750 V
Rise and fall times: (20%-80%)	≤ 1 ns	≤ 3 ns	≤ 5 ns	≤ 8 ns
Pulse width (FWHM):	0.1 to 100 us		150 ns to 10 us	90 ns to 10 us
PRF:	0 to 10 kHz			0 to 5 kHz
Duty cycle (max):	1.0%	0.5%		0.1%
Average power out (max):	4 Watts	4 Watts	16 Watts	11 Watts
Polarity:	Positive (-P option), negative (-N option), or both (-PN option)			
Propagation delay:	≤ 150 ns (Ext trig in to pulse out)			
Jitter:	± 100 ps ± 0.03% of sync delay (Ext trig in to pulse out)			
Trigger modes:	Internal trigger, external trigger (TTL level pulse, > 10 ns, 1 kΩ input impedance), front-panel "Single Pulse" pushbutton, or single pulse trigger via computer command.			
Variable delay:	0 to 1.0 seconds (Sync to main out), for all trigger modes (including external trigger).			
Sync output:	> +3 Volts, > 50 ns, will drive 50 Ohm loads			
Gate input:	Synchronous or asynchronous, active high or low, switchable. Suppresses triggering when active.			
Monitor output:	Optional ⁴ . Provides a 10:1 (20 dB) attenuated coincident replica of the main output on a rear-panel connector. Requires a 50 Ohm load, if used.			
Connectors:	Out: BNC ³ Trig, Sync, Gate: BNC			
GPIB and RS-232 control ¹ :	Standard on -B units.			
Ethernet port, for remote control using VXI-11.3, ssh, telnet, & web:	Included. Recommended as a modern alternative to GPIB / RS-232. See http://www.avtechpulse.com/options/vxi for details.			
Settings resolution:	The resolution of the timing parameters (pulse width, delay, period) varies, but is always better than 0.15% of (set value + 20 ns). The amplitude resolution is < 0.1% of the maximum amplitude.			
Settings accuracy, after 10 minute warm-up:	Amplitude: Typically ± (3% of setting) ± (2% of maximum). Delay, Period: Typically ± (3% of setting) ± (5 ns) Pulse width: Typically ± (3% of setting) ± (2 ns), at maximum amplitude. As the amplitude is reduced, the pulse width may shift ± 10 ns. For high-accuracy applications requiring traceable calibration, verify the output with a calibrated oscilloscope ⁵ .			
Power requirements:	100 - 240 Volts, 50 - 60 Hz			
Dimensions: (H x W x D)	100 mm x 430 mm x 475 mm (3.9" x 17" x 18.8")			
Rack-mount kit:	Optional. Add -R5 to the model number.			
Temperature range:	+5°C to +40°C			

- 1) -B suffix indicates IEEE-488.2 GPIB and RS-232 control of amplitude, pulse width, PRF and delay. (See <http://www.avtechpulse.com/gpib>).
- 2) For operation at amplitudes of less than 20% of full-scale, best results will be obtained by setting the amplitude near full-scale and using external attenuators on the output.
- 3) Add the suffix -NC, -HN, -MHV, or -SHV to the model number to replace the standard BNC output connector with N, HN, MHV, or SHV connectors, respectively.
- 4) Add the suffix -M to the model number to specify the monitor output.

- 5) These instruments are provided with a basic calibration checksheet, showing a selection of measured output parameters. These measurements are performed with equipment that is calibrated on a regular basis by a third-party ISO/IEC 17025:2005 accredited calibration laboratory. However, Avtech itself does not claim any accreditation. For applications requiring traceable performance, use a calibrated measurement system rather than relying on the accuracy of the pulse generator settings.

See our application notes at
<http://www.avtechpulse.com/appnote>!

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at <http://www.avtechpulse.com/pick>
to find the best pulser for your application!